NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI. No. 23223. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent: abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION
No. 1639

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Tuesday, October 10, 1939, being a Customs Holiday, the Custom House will be closed and the shipment and delivery of cargo suspended on that date.

L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, October 2, 1939.
11640

NOTICE

This is to announce that our Wharf and Godowns at Yangtszepoo have been transferred to the Toa Kaiun Kaisya and all business in connection therewith will be carried on by the Toa Kaiun Kaisya as from October 1, 1939.

We take this opportunity of tendering our cordial thanks for your kind support to our Line.

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA.

Shanghai, October 1, 1939.
11642

NOTICE

We, the undersigned, beg to announce that we have secured the ownership of the O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf as from October 1, 1939.

Business will be carried on by us as heretofore.

We shall be much obliged if you will kindly produce to the Wharf Office the L/A issued byy the Osaka Syosen Kaisya for our checking.

TOA KAIUN KAISYA.

Shanghai, October 1, 1939.
11643

NOTICE

PHILIPS CHINA COMPANY
133 Szechuen Road

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that as from October 1, 1939, the above offices will be transferred to Messrs. Thomson & Co., Chartered Accountants, who will be in charge of our financial interests as from that date.
-4769

NEW YORK FREIGHT BUREAU
AND
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT BUREAU
of NORTH CHINA

JOINT TARIFF No. 18
TRANS-PACIFIC TARIFF No. 8

NOTICE TO RAW SILK SHIPPERS

SHIPPERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that, effective December 1, 1939, contract rates of freight will be increased as follows:—

To Atlantic Coast Ports
U.S. $6 per 100 lbs.
To Pacific Coast Ports
U.S. $3 per 100 lbs.
(for local or overland delivery)

Shanghai, October 1, 1939.
11602

FIFTH AVE. SHOP
Home Service

Appointment Hours:
8 a.m.-10 a.m., 12 noon-2 p.m.
Service Hours:
11 a.m.-12 noon, 2 p.m.-7 p.m.
TELEPHONE 35739
-4033

FOR SALE

High-class dressmaking establishment, best locality, includes stocks, furniture, fittings. Reasonable price. Address Box 2817, NCDN.
-4976

EUROPEAN JEWELLERS CO., LTD.

Buying and selling of jewels, diamonds, platinum, gold. We buy at highest prices.

Ancient pictures and oriental carpets at best prices.

346 Szechuen Road, Liza Building 1st floor, Room 107. Tel. 14582
-4878

THE SHANGHAI PAHANG RUBBER ESTATE, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-sixth Annual General Meeting of Members will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, October 3, 1939, at 11.45 a.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended June 30, 1939, to elect a Director, to elect Auditors and to transact other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 29 to October 3, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, September 18, 1939.
11386

To-day's Events

OCTOBER

3 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
3 A.W.C., 'Open House' for all American women, 4
3 King of Bulgaria abdicated (1918)
3 Lytton Report published (1932)

Coming Events

OCTOBER

4 Scouters' meeting, Headquarters, 5.30
4 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
5 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
5 S.W.A. Meeting, C.S.F., 4.
7 K.D.S. Tag Day
7 Lester Chinese Hospital, Bazaar and Fun Fair, Cathedral Girls' School, 2.30
7 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
7 A.D.C. Club Evening. Lyc. 9.15, p.m.
7 Betar Autumn Dance, A.W.C.
10 A.W.C., Miss Shipper on 'Charm', 4.45
11 S'hai. Tenants Association General Meeting, Union Church Hall, 5.30
12 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
12 'Eva' by Franz Lehar, Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 9
12 Limbless Fund, R. Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30
14 'Eva' by F. Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 9
15 'Eva' by F. Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 9
16 Engineering Society meeting, 5.45
17 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court' Lyc. 9.15
17 A.W.C., Mrs. Sherriff reviews 'San Kuo,' 4.45
18 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court' Lyc. 9.15 in aid of B.W.A. War Work Fd.
19 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court' Lyc. 9.15
20 Foreign Y Bridge-Mahjongg in aid of Polish War Relief Work, 2-7
20 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court' Lyc. 9.15
21 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court' Lyc. 9.15
24 A.W.C., Bridge and mahjongg, 3

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

CALCULATING MACHINES

Monroe calculators and Victor adding machine for sale in moderate price.
100 Peking Road, Telephone 19980
-4977

FOR SALE

Complete, up-to-date DENTAL OFFICE, LABORATORY and three-roomed furnished apartment. First-class clientele. International Settlement. Owner leaving. Box 2807, NCDN.
-4953

VANCOUVER
BRITISH COLUMBIA

The playground of the Pacific. For city homes, suburban homes with acreage, homes along the coast of the Gulf of Georgia, and revenue producing properties in the city and suburbs, enquire from
TURNER MEAKIN & CO. LTD.,
446 Seymour Street, Vancouver, B.C.
Established 1912

SWISS WATCHMAKER
(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)
All work personally done.
E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road
4th floor. Telephone 12160
-4967

BLUE RIBBON
Grade "A" (T.T.)
MILK
145 Tunsin Road, Tels. 20407, 21980
11644

VACANT LAND

WANTED 2 to 3 mow vacant ground for storage space. Must be in International Settlement. Long or short lease. Address Box 2720, NCDN.
11574

HARVEY'S WHISKY
At all Compradores and
Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.
(Inc. under the Hongkong Ordinances)
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218
11593

Dr. NORBERT CASSEL, M.D.
Specialist for
DERMATOLOGY AND UROLOGY
119 Jinkee Road, corner Szechuen Rd.
3rd floor, Room 66
Consulting hours: 10-12 noon, 4-6 p.m.
-4559

PHOTOGRAPHS

Interport Lawn Bowls Dinner
Tennis Finals
Soccer : Seaforths vs. Lido
K.D.S. Fun Fair
B.W.A. War Work Meeting
Chestnut Season Returns
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

The "North-China Daily News" will be glad to send its photographer to public and private parties and events without obligation. Requests should be addressed to Photograph Department, "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1.50 each
5 x 7 enlargements	$2.50 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$3.00 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$4.00 each

Obtainable from Watson's

A MULE MAKES NO PROGRESS

whilst he is kicking. Neither does a man. In the event of suffering from illness or injury the man with an ACCIDENT & DISEASE POLICY does not want to kick himself.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

NORGE
for refrigeration

1939 MODELS
NOW ON DISPLAY
ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865
11585

For MILK
Richest in CREAM
Grade "A" (T.T.)
apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road. Tel. 20470
11584

METALWARE MANUFACTURING

ELECTRO-PLATING
SPRAY-VARNISHING
METAL-COLOURING
GALVANIZING ETC.
Quality Guaranteed
DUNCAN METAL WORKS COMPANY
113 Great Western Road
Telephone 21265, 23665
11258

Order Your Fall Suits At
AUGAN'S
Men's Tailor Specialist
Prices not raised
Because of sufficient reserve stock
300 KIANGSE ROAD
(near Nanking Road)
-4762

CASH, BULLION, VALUABLES.

Safely transported in specially constructed armoured cars in charge of armed foreign guards. Maximum Security at minimum Cost. Contracts accepted.

CLARKES AGENCY.
88 Nanking Road. Telephone 10092
11626

Positions Wanted

How better can one inform the world that one's services are available ? A clear statement of one's abilities often results in securing a position. A specially low rate is made for advertisements of this nature on our Classified page.

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992.

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

CALDBECK'S
"GOLD LABEL" BRANDY
A Fine French Brandy of Exceptional Quality
Obtainable from all Compradore Stores
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

OLDSMOBILE
For Your Home Leave

We can have an Oldsmobile waiting for you wherever you land—whether in Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Canada or America.

Full details of our overseas delivery service will be furnished upon request.

TRIANGLE MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
99 Route Cardinal Mercier, Shanghai, Telephone 70159
11611

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
BULLETINS
are issued daily
(Sundays excepted)
between 11.30 a.m. and noon
GRATIS
For further particulars regarding distribution please telephone 11055, extension 14.

BRITISH WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION WAR WORK FUND
The Gala Performance of
"LAUGHTER IN COURT"
(By the courtesy of the A.D.C.)
under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr,
will be presented at the
LYCEUM THEATRE
on October 18, 1939, at 9.15 p.m.
PRICES : $4, $3, $2
Booking at Moutrie's opens on October 7

EUROPEAN WAR
LARGE MAP FOR REFERENCE
Size 22½ in. by 22½ in.

This is a large, clear map showing the frontiers, principal cities, towns and ports of Europe and Great Britain. It is published by the North China Daily News for those interested in following the present conflict in Europe.

PRICE $3
MOUNTED ON CARDBOARD
Obtainable from the Offices of the
NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 The Bund
and most booksellers

A Good Variety

The Printing Department of the "North-China Daily News" produces the following variety of commercial printing :

Articles of Association
Share Warrants
Dividend Warrants
Share Certificates
Cheques
Account Books
Reports and Accounts
Minutes of Annual Meetings
Three Colour Reproductions
Book Binding
Catalogues
Stationery
Loose Leaf Ledgers
Freight Tariffs
Trade Circulars
Private Codes, etc.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China, Telephone 11055, Extension 5

FORD V-8
EXCELS IN THE THINGS THAT COUNT

ECONOMY Performance figures recorded by Motor Age show that an 85-horsepower Ford V-8 delivered the best gasoline mileage in its class during this year's Gilmore-Yosemite Economy Run.

Some things are basic in a motor car. Some are not. Ford gives you the big things—the important things—in greater abundance.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

PERSIAN lamb medium-sized coat for cash sale at sacrifice. Paid 100 guineas. What offers? Box 2316, NCDN.
-4974

JEWISH refugee mother seeks home for her 8 years old boy, in English, American or French family. Please address Box 2803, NCDN.
-4961

EMPLOYMENT wanted. Chauffeur, highly recommended, eight years with same employer, clean record, telephone 10216 during office hours.
11654

TO LET, unfurnished modern 8-roomed house, Columbia Road. Immediate occupation. No refugees. Box 2823, NCDN.
-4989

WANTED—Two or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished Apartment in French Concession. Tyler, Yee Tsoong Tobacco Distributors, 175 Soohcow Road.
-5007

MRS. Bella Resek, singing teacher commences her singing lessons on October 1, at her new residence, 377 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 4, Telephone 71012.
-4801

EFFICIENT emigrant gardener, good references, hardworking, able to lay out new gardens, wants work. Box 2774, NCDN.
11614

YOUNG foreign lady, emigrant, very fond of children, seeks any position in family. Address Box 2775, NCDN.
11615

WANTED Briton to broadcast, preferably with knowledge of European languages. Address Box 2767, NCDN.

AVAILABLE November 1, attractive house with garden, near American School. Rent $400. House completely furnished except linen and cutlery to be taken over at US$1,200. Address Box 2768, NCDN.
11608

LARGE house and garden of over 30 rooms and 10 bathrooms available in the French Concession from October 1 next. Apply the Shanghai Land Investment Company Ltd.
11588

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

GRADE "A"
PASTEURISED MILK
Keep your family healthy with milk, but be sure to get it from
Columbia Dairy Farm
120 Hungjao Road. Telephone 70335

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER
(EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital :	Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves :	Frs. 3,000,000

Head Office : BRUSSELS
Branches :
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)
CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y139,650,000
Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 23 THE BUND
Branches

Alexandria	Kobe	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	London	Samarang
Batavia	Los Angeles	San-Francisco
Berlin	Manila	Seattle
Bombay	Moji	Shanghai
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Canton	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagoya	Sydney
Hamburg	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	Tokyo
Hongkong	Paris	(Maruouchi)
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtao
Hsinking	Rangoon	Yingkow
Karachi		

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000
Successors to
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager*

For The Rest Of Your Life
Sleep On A
"DEEP-REST" MATTRESS
THE INNER-SPRING MATTRESS THAT IS BUILT—NOT STUFFED!
Stocked in sizes from 3 feet—Price from $62.50
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
Sole Distributors

The China Hong List
1940 EDITION

Important Notice to Outport Firms

FIRMS in the Outports and Interior Cities whose names are listed in the current issue of the China Hong List are asked please to return their corrections for the 1940 edition as early as possible.

Firms whose names do not appear in the current issue are invited to send in their particulars without delay.

Information for the new edition should reach the Publishers not later than October 20.

THE PUBLISHERS
CHINA HONG LIST
P. O. Box 707, Shanghai

Keep Your Dental Plate Clean the Easy Way.....

DENTIBUS is a perfectly harmless but most effective antiseptic powder for cleansing and purifying dental plates in the simplest possible manner.

All that it is necessary is to put half a teaspoonful of Dentibus in half a tumbler of hot water with the denture and leave it there for 15—20 minutes, then rinse the plate in cold water.

A bottle of Dentibus lasts a long time and costs only $4 at

WATSON'S PHARMACIES

TRADE CIRCULARS

The Circulation Department of the *North-China Daily News* offers unique facilities for addressing and mailing trade circulars, etc., to lists of prospective buyers in Shanghai and the Outports.

The full list totals 8,000 names and addresses in Shanghai and 1,000 in the Outports; it covers most of the foreign and Chinese English-reading population and is guaranteed to be accurate and up to date.

Sections of the list may be used to cover :

1 Selected streets or districts
2 Foreign or Chinese residents
3 Selected professions
4 Shanghai or Outport distribution.

Any number of circulars or pamphlets will be accepted for distribution, the cost depending on the postage rate and whether envelopes are supplied or not.

For further particulars and details communicate with the
Circulation Department,
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

TO-DAY'S NEWS

North-China Daily News
English Radio Broadcast over
Station XMHD, Shanghai
three times daily
12.45 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 9 p.m.
(Sundays : 12.45 and 9 p.m. only)

The "North-China Daily News" is now supplementing its service of daily news broadcasts by the addition of two broadcasts in Chinese. These will be given over Station XMHD at 1.30 p.m., and 9.15 p.m. daily.

九月二十九日

即	時	六	M	廣	加	語	每	敬
字	希	半	(十)	H	播	每	廣	日	啟
林	注	及	時	D	(電	日	播	仍	者
西	意	九	間	週	台	華	新	按	敝
報	爲	時	下	波	呼	語	聞	時	館
謹	荷	一	午	七	號	新	外	以	現
啟		刻	一	百	X	聞	另	英	除

760 kilocycles 395 metres

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

The Rent Racket:
And those Surcharges

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With reference to the letter in your correspondence columns this morning signed L.J.S. and to the notice on the first page—top left hand corner—it would be interesting to know just how much the Revenue Department of the French Municipal Council have derived in taxes from all the "increases" which tenants of the firm in question have had inflicted on them in the recent five months? I should imagine the manager of the firm in question is going around with an "is my face red" expression since the appearance of that notice!

I have seen a couple of circular letters sent out by the firm in question and in relation to the subject of heating charges, would like to ask if it is not the understanding of tenants in general when they lease an apartment that the charge for heating included in the monthly rental is to cover the five winter months, and that it is averaged out monthly to suit the landlord? There are tenants of the firm in question who had a surcharge of $30 instituted on their monthly bills last winter "for the winter months"—but this surcharge was *not* deducted when the winter finished. The charge this winter is to be $50 per month (at least for the first three months of the cold weather) and it would be interesting to know if this amount is to be deducted or not?

The sixth paragraph of L.J.S's. letter suggests that the increased costs should be borne equally by tenants and landlords—vain hope! The general idea of landlords—both of apartment houses and boarding houses alike—seems to be "we must not lose any money. We must obtain the same amount as we did before prices went haywire"—and to that end seem bent on milching the public until "the stream runs dry." How long is it going to take these worthy beings to realize that *most* of us earn our salaries in Chinese dollars—that a chosen few only earn gold dollar and sterling salaries? Whilst admitting that most of us are in receipt of an "high cost of living allowance" nevertheless I venture to suggest that that allowance is not sufficient in some cases to cover the increased costs we are going to be faced with now that winter has arrived, as witness the latest surcharge—80 per cent. for the Gas Company. If the Japanese and the Chinese don't "freeze" us out of here—the landlords will!

Here's to the Tenant's Association! May it live long and rule wisely!

FAIRNESS.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

Religious Broadcast:
A Protestant Challenge

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With reference to the controversy over the catholicity or otherwise of the Church of Rome, will you kindly grant me sufficient space to make known the contents of a pamphlet I have before me. This pamphlet is issued by the Protestant Truth Society of London, and bears the following headline: "Worth Trying For! Reward of £10,000!" It then goes on to state that the Society will offer a reward of a thousand pounds sterling to any Roman Catholic who shall produce one text of Holy Scripture in proof of each of the following ten propositions.

1. That we ought to pray to the Virgin Mary.
2. That the wine at the Lord's Table ought only to be taken by the priests.
3. That St. Peter had no wife.
4. That priests ought not to marry.
5. That we ought to pray to the dead, or for the dead.
6. That there are more Mediators between God and men than one.
7. That St. Peter was Bishop of Rome.
8. That the Virgin Mary can save us.
9. That the Church of Rome is the oldest Church.
10. That the Pope of Rome is the Vicar of Christ, or the successor of St. Peter.

All answers, which must be drawn from Holy Scripture, to be sent to The Protestant Truth Society (Inc.), (J. A. Kensit, Secretary), 3 & 4, St. Paul's Churchyard, London, E.C.4.

There need be no fear that this is a mere publicity stunt, or that the money will not be forthcoming if the desired texts are produced. The president of the Society is the Hon. Lancelot W. Joynson-Hicks, and among the numerous vice-presidents are such honourable names as Sir Thomas Inskip, Admiral Sir G. F. King-Hall, Sir Archibald Campbell of Succoth, Sir Edgar Plummer; Brig.-Gen. G. K. Taylor, A. Lindsay Glegg, and a number of others who would not lend their names to any unethical enterprise.

In closing I might bring to the attention of those interested that St. Paul commended the nobility of the Bereans in that they searched the Scriptures daily, to ascertain whether the theological principles he taught them were amenable to Scriptural proof or not. (Acts 17:11).

It would certainly be more convincing were your Roman Catholic readers to obtain Biblical proof of their contentions (and incidentally place themselves in line for a half million dollar reward), instead of writing to you and getting exactly nowhere.

BIBLIA.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.

"Approach to Italy":
A Reader Disagrees

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In the leadereite "Approach to Italy" which has appeared in the "N.C.D.N." of this morning, I read the following paragraph:

> . . . it is unlikely that Germany will seek to press her (Italy) to come into the war on her side, for by doing so much of the value of the Siegfried line would vanish. Obviously with a hostile Italy, an opening would be given the Allies to invade Italy, and force her, and Germany, to fight it out on the plains of northern Lombardy, and that is something which the Germans do not at present care to envisage. . . .

While I wish rigorously to abstain from giving any opinion on the conclusions which are expressed in the said article, I distinctly resent their being reached on the basis of such poor and fallacious arguments like the one just quoted.

I have noticed that in the last weeks the press in Shanghai has often made recourse to this argument in order to give an easy explanation to the "reserved" Italian attitude, which they seem otherwise unable to understand. Allow me therefore to point out here that the authors of such articles seem to forget a few clear points such as the following;

(1) The Alpine chain, the highest in Europe, can be termed "God's line" in comparison to which the Siegfried or Maginot lines are but substitutes of doubtful and as yet undemonstrated value;
(2) That the Italian Alpine frontier with France has been heavily fortified since the first years of Italian independence and those fortifications have been constanctly kept up to date and improved up to the very last years and months;
(3) That Italy can mobilize and has already partly mobilized eight million soldiers, many of whom are veterans of two or three recent grand-scale military campaigns;
(4) That Italian armaments, by common judgment of international military authorities, are extremely efficient and range among the most formidable in the world;
(5) That the moral of the Italian nation is unshakable as the perfect calm and discipline of the Italians in the last months of continual European crisis has clearly demonstrated.

The times of Hannibalic or Napoleonic "military promenades" into Italy belong irremediably to the past. In case of an aggression against Italy the "invading" armies, at the end of an exhausting ascent will now find at the summit of the long and narrow Alpine valleys the resistance of a whole armed nation of forty-five million inhabitants strongly unified under the command of one Leader. And at the other side there will probably be no Hannibal or Napoleon.

NOT-SO-EASY.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.

Tenants Assoc'n.:
Meeting to be Held Soon

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Let me assure your correspondent and others of the same way of thinking that the Shanghai Tenants Association is far from being inactive, but, on the contrary has been putting in a great deal of hard work the brunt of which has so far fallen on the shoulders of a few willing workers.

An Association of this nature requires a great deal of organizing but is now taking definite shape. Memorandum of Association, Rules and Bye-laws have been drawn up, an entrance fee of $10 and a yearly subscription of $10 decided on.

These dues to some may appear excessive, but it must be borne in mind, that with the enormous amount of work involved it is necessary to have our own office accommodation and a paid staff to attend to all matters of business. In addition to this it is necessary to arrange for legal advice and defence.

It is estimated that at least $1000 per month will be necessary to cover expenses and we are therefore aiming at a membership of 1000 of which we already have 300.

The Association will be run by a committee of nine, power to co-opt and will be international in character.

So far one case has been fought successfully in the Chinese Court, another case is pending and defence is being arranged for a case shortly being brought before a foreign Court.

The first General Meeting of the Association will be held in the Union Church Hall, Yuen Ming Yuen Road at 5.30 p.m. on Wednesday, October 11th to which all interested tenants are invited.

Admission cards will be mailed in the course of the next few days to all members. Others desiring to attend are requested to apply in writing for cards to Mr. W. M. Macoustra, Apartment 45, 1173 Bubbling Well Road.

J. S. CHISHOLM.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

Those Surcharges:
Are They Too High?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have just received my Power Company's account for the past month and feel a trifle bitter.

I wonder if the self-elected City Fathers are doing the right thing by the Ratepayers, the majority of whom have no voice or vote, only through the medium of your very excellent newspaper.

It is noted that the three Utility Companies have advanced their rates as follows:—

	Per cent.
Shanghai Power Company	120.1
Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.	80
Shanghai Waterworks Co.	50

These amounts have been sanctioned by the Shanghai Municipal Council. The British and American members with one exception are paid in sterling or American dollars and the H.C.L. does not affect them.

It is an extraordinary thing to the writer that these increases should have been sanctioned without an examination on the Council's part by a chartered accountant or a chartered engineer. Two of the weaknesses appears to be,

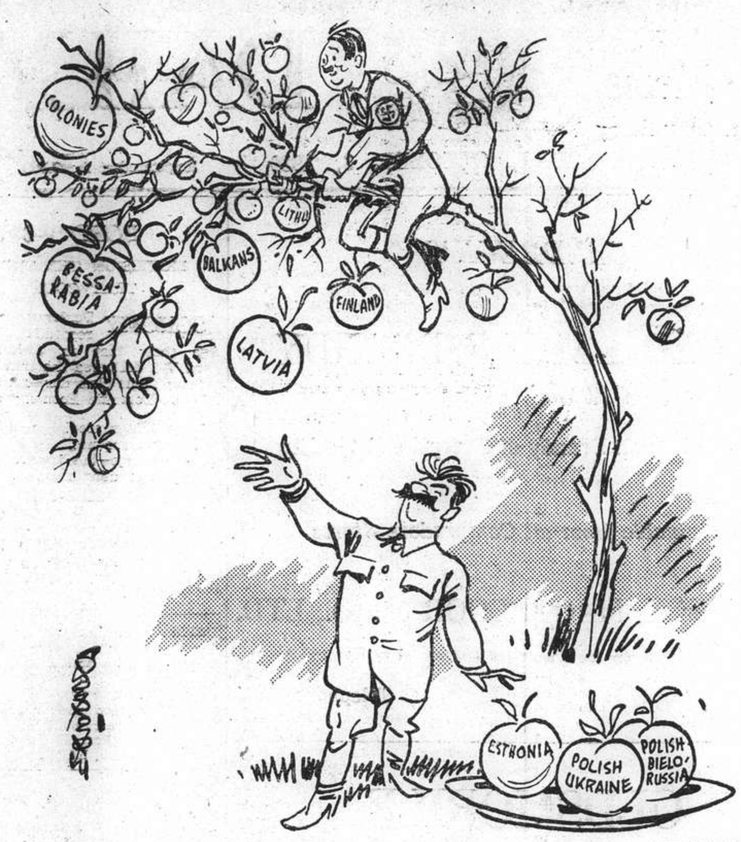
Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.,—What coal they use I do not know but it is of interest to know that K.M.A. coal is sold at $37 per ton and Calcutta coal is still landed under $100 per ton, yet the Shanghai Gas Company get their return for gas and sell their bye-products, also the resulting Coke at $78 per ton—some concealed profits what?

The Shanghai Waterworks Co.,—which you will agree does not take a great deal of running take their supply from the River, Has the laid down price of river water gone up 50 per cent. Suggest they import some from Tientsin.

In general I am of the opinion if the Shanghai Municipal Council co-opted one independent chartered accountant and one independent chartered engineer these enormous surcharges would be very considerably reduced.

ENGINEER.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.



BY SAPAJOU

Nice, Ripe Fruit!

Books Wanted:
For Refugee Library

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I wrote to you but a few days ago in connection with a request for the donation of books for an Emigrants' Library.

The response has, so far, not been as enthusiastic as I hoped that it would be but I do very gratefully acknowledge a first gift of 16 books which the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation has very kindly sent over out of their library.

I have, myself, also given something out of mine and I feel that in every household there are books which one can well dispense with without lowering the value of one's collection of reading matter. It should, thus, not be difficult to collect, in a short space of time, about 1000 books with which a very good beginning could be made.

May I ask the Shanghai Public to please rally to the support of this good cause. I am quite prepared to send to any given address in order to have donations of books fetched.

I did intend to mention, in this letter, also the Milk Fund but, although our means are rapidly running out and we shall have to suspend our activities very shortly, I will not, at this time, be inopportune seeing that the Public is called upon by so many charitable institutions for help.

However, when thinking of what to do with a spare dollar, I hope that the good hearted Shanghailander and his family will not entirely overlook the Milk Fund, which has done an immense amount of good amongst needy and sickly children and has helped many an invalid to the road of recuperation.

PAUL KOMOR.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

Price of Coal:
Mere Bagatelle Now

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The crows of Jubilee Court have migrated. Winter is nigh.

A month ago we were worried about the local price of coal, but this is now a mere bagatelle when weighed against the hardships of the men in the trenches fighting a three-cornered battle: the Crusaders, the forces of a demi-god, and the legions of anti-Christ. If those of us who can afford the price of coal could be Spartan enough to endure a coalless Shanghai winter—not a very terrible feat—and donate the equivalent to the soldiers' fund we would be merely sacrificing a little of our comfort for the benefit of those who are fighting for our cause, the cause of all free peoples.

P. B. PUBLICO.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

French Trams:
Noise Complaint Supported

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Regarding the disgraceful noise caused in the French Concession by the tram-cars, everyone agrees. It is a scandal. The Police do nothing, the F.M.C. does nothing. We all have to suffer and are allowed only to pay heavy taxes. Avenue Dubail, corner of Rue Lafayette, where I live, is now a pandemonium, since the railless cars have been allowed to join in the competition of who will make the most and useless noise. Can anything be done to force the selfish management of the French Tram Co. to curb such infernal abuse?

R. H. JAMESON

Shanghai, Oct. 1.

From Buenos Aires:
A Pen Friend Wanted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I would like a pen friend in China and would be very grateful if you will publish my letter in your paper. I promise to answer all.

I am British, 18 years old, very keen on sports, and would like to exchange stamps.

PEGGIE JAMES.

Buenos Aires, Aug. 8.
Caseros 490,
Buenos Aires,
Argentine.

High Prices:
And Rate of Exchange

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—During the month of August when the exchange rate of the Chinese dollar dropped steadily until a low record of 3⅜ d. had been reached, we heard a continuous wail from the importers of such commodities as butter, coal, gasolene and imported materials generally, while prices were jumped up with indecent haste every time that the exchange market made the slightest slip.

This is an open letter to these opportunists, in which I wish to clearly ask on behalf of the Shanghai public, the following question.

Having made the public pay for every fall in exchange, what are your intentions now that exchange rates for sterling have appreciated approximately 33 1/3 per cent., and for U.S. dollars from 13 to 15 per cent. Do you intend to prove that your excuses were correct when you said that the increases in price were due to exchange losses and to reverse the process and reduce prices now that exchange rates have appreciated, or, do you intend to cook up excuses to enable you to maintain the present iniquitous price levels?

Would the butter importers start the ball rolling with an early promise of reform and then when this comes to hand I shall then call upon the coal and gasolene wallahs for a little speech.

DIOGENES.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

N. China Mohammedans Hold Anti-British Meeting

Peiping, Oct. 2.

Over 2,000 Mohammedans recently held an anti-British and anti-Comintern mass meeting in Tsinan, attended by Mr. Tang Yang-tu, Governor of Shantung, Mr. Nishida, adviser to the Shantung administration and other representatives.

A manifesto was issued, calling for the co-operation of all races in East Asia to preserve permanent peace. It says that Mohammedans are determined to oppose Britain and Communism and declares that this movement will not cease until peace is restored in East Asia.—Reuter.

Japanese Goodwill Plane In Rio de Janeiro

Rio De Janeiro, Oct. 1

Continuing its circuit flight in South America, the globe-girdling Japanese goodwill aeroplane "Nippon" reached here at 9.32 o'clock this morning from Santos.—Domei.

"Spotlight"

Photographs of British and French women working for the fighting forces, rice crowds, Japanese fishing boats and fishermen, Parsees greeting the New Year, Buddhists in their Iraq, stills of "The Four Feathers," temples, Palestine, Transjordania, and other topical and artistic pictures, with appropriate articles, make this month's "Spotlight" well up to standard.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF OCTOBER 3, 1869

Notwithstanding the news brought a week ago, people have not felt quite certain that the Duke of Edinburgh would come to Shanghai. There have been rumours of subsequent intelligence, received no one knew how, but conveying a change of intention. We are glad to be able to say that the counter-statement was simply a "bunder" and that we may look positively for the Prince's arrival between the 20th and 25th instant. The reason he was going to pass Shanghai by, was that he had been told so little enthusiasm was shown at the meeting held to consider the manner of his reception, that it was unlikely he would be warmly welcomed. The community are indebted to Mr. Medhurst for removing this impression, and for explaining to him that the proceedings on August 16 were quite a type of the ordinary Shanghai meeting—to which every one comes to listen, few to talk, and which always winds up with the appointment of a Committee. The Duke was to have been at Chefoo about October 30, to go from thence to Taiku and Peking; and, as we said before, will probably reach Shanghai about three weeks hence. There is, therefore, still ample time to arrange for his reception which, we doubt not, will enable the Prince to carry away as favourable an impression of the good feeling of Shanghai as of the other places he has visited during his tour.

Peiping Watching Coal Prices for Winter

Peiping, Oct. 2.

The authorities concerned are giving full consideration to the coal supply of Peiping in view of the approach of winter, Chinese reports state.

Their investigations reveal that Peiping requires 700,000 tons of coal every winter and Tientsin 800,000 tons. Tentative plans have been made to provide for the transportation of all surplus coal stocks at Mentoukou, Toli and Choukoutien and any deficit will be supplied by shipments from coal producing districts in Shansi and other places.—Reuter.

A BABY eight months old, Olive le Gallez, who had swallowed a safety-pin, was recently taken by her mother in an aeroplane from Guernsey to London, where she was admitted to the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street. The safety-pin was removed with the aid of a bronchoscope.

S.V.C. Orders.

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated September 29, 1939, are published for information:—

Appointments:—Captain W.M. Graham is appointed (Local) Major with effect from October 1, 1939. Major E.V. Burke-Murphy, M.C., relinquishes his appointment as Adviser to the Russian ("C") Battalion of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps on October 1, 1939. Major W.M. Graham is appointed Adviser "C" Battalion and Camp Commandant of the Internment Camp, Singapore Road with effect from October 1, 1939. Major H. S. Bartley is appointed Staff Officer with effect from September 11, 1939. Armoured Car Company—C.S.M. H.F. Pringle to be 2nd Lieutenant—September 21, 1939.

Resignations:—Medical—Major A.D. Wall resigns his commission—September 15, 1939.

Promotions and Appointments:—Sergeant W.R. Featherstonhaugh, Armoured Car Company is promoted Warrant Officer Cl. II and appointed Company Sergeant Major with effect from September 21, 1939.

Officers—Return From Leave:—Corps Cavalry H.Q.—Captain W.R. McBain, A.F.C., M.C. return from leave September 26, 1939.

Quartermaster's Stores—Hours of Issue:—Commencing October 1, 1939 the Quartermaster's Stores will be open daily from 8.30 a.m. to 6 p.m., Saturday from 8.30 a.m. to 12 noon.

Clothing—Dress:—Service Dress Clothing (Winter) will be taken into wear with effect from October 16, 1939. All ranks not in possession of service dress clothing should report to the Quartermaster's Stores, Corps Headquarters for measurement and fitting forthwith.

Weapon Training — Classification (Rifle):—The undermentioned have qualified on "30 yards Range":—No. 3 (Vol) Company: Pte. M. Volkoff, Pte. A. Oksakovsky, Pte. J.L. Koshmann. Pte. A. Popoff, Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse: Tpr. G.W. Shestakoff 20-9-39; Tpr. W.B. Morgan 25-9-39; Tpr. A.L. Morgan 26-9-39. Corps Troops:—Field Company: Pte. E.J. Kidby 22-9-39. Armoured Car Company: Pte. R.E. Aitken-Quack 18-9-39; Pte. L.M.M. Parlett 21-9-39. Transport Company: Pte. A.V. Bleiden 20-9-39. "A" Battalion: Pte. A. Adler 28-9-38. "A" Company: Pte. W. Lowe 22-9-39; Pte. W. Whaley 22-9-39; Pte. R.D. Ralfe 23-9-39; Pte. A.M. Dixon 23-9-39; Pte. E.C. Read 25-9-39; Pte. C. Woolhouse 25-9-39; Pte. R.G. Hopwood 28-9-39. Scottish Company: Pte. C.L. Martin 28-9-39. Jewish Company: Pte. E. Schueftan 23-9-27; Pte. D. Katznelson 26-9-39; Pte. I.S. Miller 26-9-39; Pte. H. Cassel 26-9-39 Light Automatic (A.D.) Company: Pte. Dr. F. A. Kuttner 12-9-39. "B" Battalion:—Philippine Company: Pte. J. B. Mendoza 25-9-39. (b) Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse: Tpr. G. de Goeda September 22, 1939, Leaving Shanghai. Tpr. A. Siemssen. September 25, 1939 Business Reasons. Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Company: Pte. R.E. Moon, September 22, 1939; Business Reasons. "C" M.G. Company: Pte. W. Bartels, September 22, 1939; Business Reasons. Chinese Company: L/Cpl. S.G. Woo (120), September 23, 1939; Business Reasons. Transport Company: Pte. M.N.V. Zalevsky, September 26, 1939; Business Reasons. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company: Pte. C.M. Davis, September 29, 1939; Left Shanghai. Pte. J.F. Lovell, September 29, 1939; Business Reasons. "B" Company: L/Cpl. C. Mackenzie, September 28, 1939; Left Shanghai. Scottish Company: Pte R. Baxter ("A" Cl. Res.), September 28, 1939; Business Reasons. "B" Battalion:—Portuguese Company: Pte. Gustavo de Silva (640), September 28, 1939; Left Shanghai. American M.G. Coy Pte. A.A. Eglau, September 23, 1939; Business Reasons. Pte. J. Hovtorn, September 19, 1939; Business Reasons. L/Cpl. E.L. McAllister, September 19, 1939; Business Reasons. Leave:—Jewish Company—Lieutenant R.B. Bitker, from 21-9-39 to 1-11-39.

DOLOREX

An excellent remedy against all kinds of pains, such as HEADACHE, TOOTH-ACHE, NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATIC PAINS, MIGRAINE A.S.O.

Absolutely reliable and without any unpleasant consequences.

Price for 12 tablets
$1.80

Obtainable at all pharmacies and direct from the factory:

CHEPHA WORKS
131 Embankment Building,
400 North Soochow Road, Shanghai.
Telephone 43134.

The Chepha Works, under the direction of Dr. chem. Egon Radinger and Mag. pharm. Stefan Kris, are producing various patent medicines of the best quality, so that so import of expensive foreign medicaments is unnecessary now.

On request literature and price-list will be placed at your disposal.

-4946

WANTED TO PURCHASE AND FOR SALE

We purchase all kinds of Blackwood highclass furniture, carpets, pianos, typewriters, radios, household effects, damaged metals, and godown stock at a fair price. **We also sell the abovementioned goods at the lowest prices.** (Only a little profit is added on the cost of what we purchased.) Apply to the Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334.

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 *Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances*

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION *Branch Office:* TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View

To-day Tuesday, October 3, 1939, at 9.30 a.m.

Coir mats, Books, Coal stoves, old furniture, Arm Chairs, Porcelain ware, clocks, hand bags, typewriters, screens, blankets, Camphor and wooden trunks, pictures, gramophone' records, watches, Gent's and lady's suits, overcoats, hat, shoes, show cases, Sundries.

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

Auctioneers, Appraisers and Adjusters

Will sell by Public Auction, under instructions from the concerned

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

To-day, Tuesday, October 3, 1939, at 11 a.m.

20 Cases Artificial Silk Yarn

NOW ON VIEW

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

THE CHINA CRAFTS CO.

1246 Avenue Foch Telephone 33350

We offer best prices to purchase all kinds of merchandise, household and office furniture, fittings, pianos, radios, refrigerators, typewriters, curios, carpets, fans, etc., etc.

Telephone us for appointment and our expert will make an appraisal and offer.

FEEL UPSET?

Late irregular hours and over-indulgence call for Alka-Seltzer

Why endure a headache, acid indigestion, "morning after" misery, or sour stomach? These common ailments are often associated with an excess acid condition and can be relieved quickly, safely, efficiently with Alka-Seltzer. Notice the fundamental functions and double-acting benefits.

First, Alka-Seltzer quickly soothes pains and aches by its analgesic agent (sodium acetyl salicylate). At the same time, the alkalising agents also act quickly to counteract the excess acid condition so frequently associated with these common ills. Thus, it does two things at once to make you feel better and look better.

Millions of Alka-Seltzer users say there is nothing like it because they know what it does for them. It is not a laxative, but a new and modern remedy based on proved medical principles. Get Alka-Seltzer today—keep it on hand always, at home and at work. Use Alka-Seltzer when you suffer with sour stomach, headaches, muscular pains and head colds. Manufactured by

MILES LABORATORIES, INC.
Elkhart, Indiana, U.S.A.

DOUBLE ACTING RELIEF

Drop one or two tablets in a glass of water. Watch it fizz and dissolve into a sparkling effervescent solution. Note its clean, tangy taste. Drink it and get quick relief from common ailments associated with an excess acid condition. Sold by all chemists.

Good Office Stationery

draws business and brings repeat orders to the business man. Good printing calls for the highest grade of colour and half-tone work. Our printing department will furnish suggestions, lay-outs, dummies, etc., without charge and will be glad to solve your printing problems.

The North-China Daily News

Printing Department

17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055, Extension 5

A GAS FIRE

GUARANTEES COMFORT ON CHILLY EVENINGS

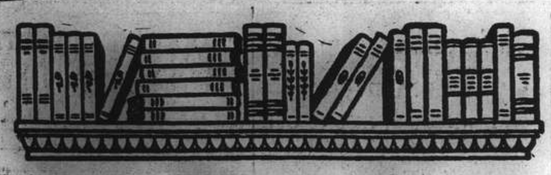
ORDER YOUR GAS FIRE NOW

SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Head Office:—656 Yu Ya Ching Road . . . Telephone 93333
Showrooms:—709 Bubbling Well Road . . . Telephone 38093
891 North Szechuen Road . . . Telephone 45435
1304 Avenue Joffre . . . Telephone 76164

GAS



THE BOOK PAGE

War and the Peasant

FLOWER AND SOLDIERS—By Ashihei Hino. Translated by Lewis Bush. Kenkyusha, Tokyo.

This pleasing little volume, splendidly written by a non-commissioned officer of the Imperial Japanese Army, is not, as the title might indicate, a story of actual warfare, but rather a résumé of a series of experiences enjoyed by the author during a lull in the fighting in China in the present hostilities when his unit was engaged in occupation duties in Hangchow after the lakeside city had been captured by the Japanese forces.

Smashed Homes

In simple, but none the less stirring language, Ashihei Hino, who is rapidly gaining for himself a measure of fame as the result of his books on peaceful aspects of the China Incident, tells a simple story of the reactions of both Japanese soldiers and Chinese civilians to the horrors of war. He finds the Chinese peasantry delightfully naive in their outlook, and presents for his countrymen a lucid picture of Chinese life in troublous times. Never bigoted, the author reveals a wealth of understanding and sympathy for those unfortunates who have seen their homes and all that they hold dear smashed by the instrument of war, and if he occasionally lets his thoughts wander to his homeland to muse on his family and dear ones and to wonder whether it will be his good fortune to see them once again, who can blame him?

Strange New Year

His chapters on the Japanese troops' first New Year away from home are revealing in the extreme and show with no attempt at exaggeration the manner in which this festive season, so dear to Japanese hearts, is spent in a foreign land where all the pleasantness and gaiety associated with the holiday is entirely lacking. His description of how the section to which he was attached spent these days is warmly intimate and discloses an understanding of the simple but none the less important things of life that is not often put into print.

"A Hateful Thing"

His descriptions, too, of the countryside in the vicinity of Hangchow, the Chinese folk with whom he came in contact, and the love of the Japanese soldier for his country and his fellow-comrades, are penned with restraint but in a style that compels the reader to admit that Mr. Ashihei Hino, during his military service in China, has seen and come to understand that war in itself is a hateful thing that can never successfully foster love and friendship between two peoples who, fundamentally, have so much in common.—F.A.P.

Shanghai Dialect

LECONS SUR LE DIALECTE DE CHANG-HAI Cours Moyen. By le Père Albert Bourgeois, S.J. Siccawei T'ou-sè-wè Press, Shanghai.

Sinologues and foreign residents of Shanghai who desire for any reason to learn the local dialect will hail with delight the appearance of "Lecons sur le Dialecte de Changhai," by the Rev. Fr. Albert Bourgeois, of Aurora University. This book, by the priest who in 1921 translated into French the excellent little work of Dr. Hawks Pott on the Shanghai dialect, is designed to fill the need for a completer and more modern text-book than that of Dr. Hawks Pott, which first appeared before the Great War of 1914.

Logical Principle

The 400 pages of this book are divided into 26 chapters, arranged according to the logical principle of grouping together the complete vocabulary, chief expressions and turns of phrase relative to one subject in the same chapter. For example, "Commerce," "Political Economy," "Relatives," and "Army," are the headings of four chapters. In addition to vocabulary and the phrases used, each chapter offers dialogues and short interesting stories as illustration of the matter treated. Grouped in the first column of the page are the Chinese Characters, while the romanized and French text follow in the second column. Appendices and a carefully detailed index make the volume complete.

Up-to-date Vocabulary

The author has borne in mind that the Shanghai dialect is not a written but a spoken language. Consequently he has worked in collaboration with many distinguished Chinese *lettrés*, native to Shanghai. The work itself gives evidence that he is well acquainted with the modern developments and the immense vocabulary which has in recent years engrafted itself on the language. The foreign student, then, may confidently expect that the material of the book is the spoken language of the people and not a mere translation of French into Chinese. At the same time he will be pleased to discover that the author, relying on his rich experience as a missionary, has drawn his stories and examples from the delightful and inexhaustible stories of Chinese manners and folk-lore.

World Affairs

Numbers 8, 9, 10 and 13 of the Oxford Pamphlets on World Affairs (Clarendon Press, Oxford. 3d) are respectively "'Living Space' and Population Problems" by R. R. Kuczynski, Reader in Demography at the London School of Economics: "Turkey, Greece and the Eastern Mediterranean" by G. F. Hudson, a Fellow of All Souls College, Oxford, and author of "The Far East in World Politics"; "The Danubian Basin." by C. A. Macartney, also a Fellow of All Souls, and the author of many works on Central Europe, including a standard account of Hungary in the post-war period; "The Refugee Question," by Sir John Hope Simpson, who will be remembered as Director-General of the Flood Relief Commission in China from 1931-1933.

Guard with jealous attention the public liberty. Suspect everyone who approaches that jewel. Unfortunately, nothing will preserve it but downright force. Whenever you give up that force you are inevitably ruined. —PATRICK HENRY.

Inquire Within

THIS ENGLISH LANGUAGE—By Sir E. Denison Ross, C.I.E., D. Lit., Ph. D. Longmans Green, London. 5/-.

It is difficult to say very much about this book. It is in the nature of a guide, primarily intended for foreign teachers and students. It consists of carefully selected anecdotes, allusions, quotations, etc., peculiar to the English stock-in-trade of idiomatic language in common use by the majority of Englishmen. There are literary quotations and references from the Bible, Prayer Book, hymns, and well-known works of imagination such as "Pilgrim's Progress," "Robinson Crusoe," "Gulliver's Travels," and "Alice in Wonderland," etc. Shakespeare is lightly touched upon, and only the most famous and well-known passages dealt with. There are nursery rhymes, songs, ballads, stock phrases, well-known advertisements, and the names of national dishes, in fact this is a most comprehensive volume which will find a welcome place on many a book-shelf as a work to which reference can be made when a particular phrase, quotation or idiom is in question, with the sure knowledge that it is more than probable that the correct answer to the disputed point will readily be found.—R.F.C.M.

Simplified Romance

THE PRISONER OF ZENDA—By Anthony Hope. Simplified by George F. Wear. Illustrated by John Nicolson. Longmans' Simplified English Series. General Editor: C. Kingsley Williams, M.A. Longmans Green. London. 1/6.

In the paper edition of "The Prisoner of Zenda," simplified for students of English and children, great attention is paid to detail and all the essential facts and plot development are left untouched. As a matter of fact, the simplicity leads itself to a clearer understanding. The vocabulary has been brought within the generally accepted mode of modern usage, and occasional words and phrases, unless clearly deducible from context or form, are explained with footnotes. Thus this most popular of Anthony Hope's stories should prove most enjoyable to a broad band of readers who otherwise would be handicapped by language difficulty.—F.L.T.

A Greek Play

AESCHYLUS: THE PERSIANS (PERSAE)—Translated into English rhyming verse with Preface and Notes by Gilbert Murray, D.C.L., LL.D., Litt.D., F.B.A. Allen & Unwin, London. 2/-.

This translation into English rhyming verse is a valuable addition to the long list of translations of Greek plays. It is not given to any but the most erudite of classical scholars to read Greek plays in the original with any real pleasure, or indeed at all, but those who are interested in the ancient Greeks and their dramatic art will find in this translation a more than ordinarily acceptable volume, and should obtain considerable pleasure and instruction from its perusal.—R.F.C.M.

New Fiction

The whole town had gone to a wedding. This was the day on which Nancy Starweather, orphaned owner of the S Bar 8 sheep ranch, had promised to take Dr. Cliffe Monroe for better or for worse. Even the lowliest peons, the poorest Mexican sheepherder had been invited.

Yet the bridegroom lingered. At last a messenger came to say that he was delayed by a patient that he couldn't leave, not even for a wedding—"He said Miss Starweather 'ud understand." But Miss Starweather didn't:

"You can go back and tell the doctor," she rapped out, "that I do understand—perfectly. There will be no wedding, not today, tomorrow nor ever." Grim-lipped she turned on her heels and vanished into the house's dark interior.

This, as the reader will learn on getting further into Mr. James L. Rubel's **"The Medico on the Trail"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition 3/6), "set the spark to a range war between the homesteaders on the one hand and the allied forces of cowmen and sheepherders on the other"—and it makes an exciting story.—D. P.

The title of **"The Haunted Corral"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition. 3/6) suggests something before unheard of in the Wild West, which is not generally supposed to be psychic. Mr. Ormand Clarkson tells us that Tip Hansel was warned, when he first joined the KD outfit, not to go near this corral. But was it likely that he would obey? His curiosity was far too great, and with a friend he investigated it—at least having the sense not to go alone. And what did he find? Only readers of **"The Haunted Corral"** can know.—D. P.

Books Received

Stalin, S. Graham (Hutchinson, London. 6d) **Light out of Darkness** C. C. Hatry (Rich & Cowan, London. 8/6) **The Life of Sir Edward Clarke** D. Walker-Smith and E. Clarke (Thornton Butterworth, London. 18/-)

Fiction

Hudson Rejoins the Herd C. Houghton (Collins, London. 7/6)

Though it may be supposed that a body of people may be bound by a voluntary resignation (which they have been so infatuated as to make) of all their interests to a single person, or to a few, it can never be conceived that the resignation is obligatory to their posterity; because it is manifestly contrary to the good of the whole that it should be so.—SAMUEL ADAMS.

* * *

A family, a tribe, or a nation, which has largely recruited itself by adopted members, cannot be the same as one which has never practised adoption at all, but all whose members come of the original stock. But the influence which the adopting community exercises upon its adopted members is far greater than any influence which they exercise upon it. It cannot change their blood; it cannot give them new forefathers; but it may do everything short of this; it may make them, in speech, in feeling, in thought, and in habit, genuine members of the community which has artificially made them its own.—EDWARD A. FREEMAN.

Faith and World Problems

Sermon Preached in Union Church by Rev. P. C. Matthews Sunday, September 24

TEXT:—*Now we see through a glass, darkly; but then, face to face: now I know in part: but then shall I know even as also I am known.*—I Corinthians XIII 12.

ALL around us we see war, fearful cruelty, terrible atrocities, unspeakable sadness—all the work of man, man who, we have always been told, is made in the image and likeness of God—God who is Love, God the Almighty. If God is love, if God is Almighty, how can such things be, and why must such things be?

First, what do we mean when we say God is Almighty? Almighty—omnipotent—able to do everything. But, if we think, we must agree that God is not able to do everything. He cannot make two and two equal five. He cannot square a circle, i.e. He cannot contradict reason any more than He can contradict goodness by doing evil. Some things surely are impossible even for God. God is Love. He cannot act in a way contrary to and unworthy of perfect love. Then we naturally ask, Why could not God stop war? If He cannot, how is He all-good, all-loving, almighty? In fact, we ask why God does not—if He can stop all that is wrong and cruel, especially when quite innocent and harmless people are involved. If God is almighty, why does He not prevent tragedy and alleviate suffering?

Man's Power of Choice

There is no direct and easy answer. The Christian faith does not provide the final solution of every problem raised by the human intellect: it does not profess to explain everything in heaven and in earth. Nor can it explain God, for He is Love, Spirit: no words or thoughts of ours can hope adequately to picture or fully to understand Him. He is of the infinite; we are of the finite. We say He is Almighty, since we fully believe all might, all power comes from Him. Some fraction of this He has given to man. Hence He has given us power—power to choose between good and evil, between His will or our own selfish inclinations. We know that we have this power: no statement that we make about God ought to be allowed to contradict this fact of experience.

If we are free to choose our own way, then God cannot compel us to choose His way. To this extent God has voluntarily limited His own power. But He is still almighty in the sense that all power comes from Him. Our freedom is His gift, even though we may misuse it. He knew the risk of giving us freedom of choice; therefore He knows the risk is worth while. But if He were suddenly to withdraw our freedom, He would deprive us of our greatest gift. Hence, He could not stop war or avert other human tragedies without robbing the world of its freedom and reducing us to the level of machines which have no power of choice. God would then be, instead of a Father, a mere nurse tied to the apron-strings of necessity.

But God is still Almighty—since all power comes from Him. He does not compel us, but He offers us the resources of His power. In the teaching and example of Jesus. He shows us that instead of cursing and killing, we should love and bless. But if men choose rather to hate and make war, then they must reap the consequences of their choice, This is a misuse of man's freedom, not a denial of God's power. We may try to excuse man's guilt by saying that God, being almighty, could and should restrain us if He wished. But a very little thought tells us that it is ungracious and unjust to blame God for not interfering with that very gift of His we prize so highly—freedom of choice. We must bear in mind that God has voluntarily limited His power in bestowing on humanity the gift of freedom. The word "almighty," then, does not simply mean that God is able to do everything. Rather, it means that all power belongs to Him and comes from Him.

The Choice Lies with Us

But, since He is Spirit, since He is Love, it follows that He leads us, not forces us; as a loving Father He tries to influence us, and in the person of Jesus He has set us an example. But we can be faithful and loving sons and daughters, or we can be wilful, careless, disobedient, The choice lies with us. So do the consequences. Having chosen our path, we cannot reasonably expect God to rescue us from the path we have deliberately chosen to follow in spite of Him.

His wishes and His example are always before us. If we, individually or collectively, ignore His wishes and His example, does He not feel terribly sad? I do feel that God is no less sorry than we are at the plight of the world today. But it is all brought about by man—not by God. And, of course, the tragedy is that the innocent so often suffer no less than the guilty: of course we always maintain we are the innocent! That the innocent should suffer at the hands of the guilty does seem unfair. Yet that was precisely the fate of Jesus Himself. He, the one faultless man, endured suffering and sorrow to the limits of human endurance. And yet, from all His sufferings, what joy and comfort have entered into the lives of countless men and women down the ages. What joy has come from His conquest over death; what courage His example has given to innumerable people who have met with cruelty and injustice.

Undoubtedly good came out of evil in the case of Christ: if good could come out of evil—out of a brutal and revolting death such as He suffered—surely we may be convinced that life is such that good can always come out of evil, and that the existence of evil in the world cannot be said to disprove the goodness and power of God. Evil may always be turned to good—may, not necessarily is, but we must never forget that our vision is a very limited one—limited by our own knowledge and limited to our own lives on earth." Now we see through a glass, darkly: but then, face to face." You know how many a difficulty vanishes once we get face to face with the other party in a dispute—once we have met. So, surely, once we are far nearer to God than we are now, many a thing which utterly defeats us now will become so plain—when we, having laid aside mortality, and having entered the spirit world, can get into closer touch with God, God who is spirit.

Just now men's hearts are failing them for fear: we dread to open our papers lest we read of yet another disaster. Our hearts bleed for Poland, as we think of the ghastly things happening there. Soon, all too soon, our papers will once again contain long columns of the Roll of Honour—with its vista of brave young men whose short earthly life is over, and of heart-broken parents for whom sunshine has gone out of life.

We cannot foresee any end to it all. Here in Shanghai we also have our local troubles: no one can say what may happen any day—uncertainty and tension, night and day, all around us. No peace, no certainty—how wearing, how tiring it all is, as an extra burden to ever-soaring prices and business anxieties. I expect there are times when we feel hopeless and helpless. On all sides might is right, and all that Christianity stands for seems to be of no account whatsoever.

At such times, if ever, you and I must stand firm. We cannot sway nations; but we can be masters of ourselves. Christ suffered most grievous wrong and dreadful pain: He could have avoided it all had He not set His face steadfastly to go to Jerusalem. But He knew what He ought to do—and He did it, come what might. He did not lose heart and crumple up, or get rattled. He never even adopted a defeatist attitude: quietly and bravely He stood firm, though injustice prevailed and He Himself would inevitably suffer. He could so easily have stayed in obscure country districts, training His disciples so that they could carry on after Him. But no; He felt His place was in Jerusalem, so to Jerusalem He went. And what a failure He seemed. Yet, as has also been proved by many humble lives, what seems such a useless failure often has most unexpected results.

The Right Use of Power

Would that I could bring you a message of present comfort and a promise of speedy relief from all your anxieties. I cannot. I have ventured merely to remind you that God is almighty—in the sense that all power belongs to and comes from Him. Unenviable are those who misuse the power they enjoy through the generosity of God. We believe that, one day, each one of us will have to give an account of the life we have led on earth: unenviable indeed will be the lot of those who have misued their God-given power and caused needless suffering to those who, no less than themselves, are God's children.

I have ventured to remind you that God Himself—in the form of Jesus—showed us how to face those who misuse that power with which God has entrusted them. And as with Jesus, so with us: the way in which we face up to injustice, at whatever cost to ourselves, has results—results on those around us, and of which we ourselves know nothing: results also, to ourselves, if we believe, as we surely do, that death is but the gate to a larger life, one in which much will become clear to us, however obscure it seems to us now.

Times of grievous uncertainty such as these bring out the best and worst in us. If we keep a clear head, stand fast to our ideals in every way, keep calm and hopeful, instead of being excitable and unduly optimistic or pessimistic; if we continue to try, whatever may befall us, to do our duty to God and our neighbour, then these times, which are indeed testing times for us, will not after all be fruitless or the ruin of our lives, for we shall be using a great chance to stand up for God and to help our fellow-men.

Value of Public Worship

But the strain is great, we need all the help we can get; and most certainly it does help to meet together if only for an hour or so Sunday by Sunday. There definitely is a spirit in public worship which gives us more faith, more courage. Now, if ever, we need faith and courage. Now, as perhaps never before, should all places of worship be crowded to the doors. Alas! they are not. "Is it nothing to you, all ye that pass by?" Do you remember how Jesus had a kindly word for the tearful women who saw Him going to His death? I think that is so splendid. He was never engrossed in His own sorrows. On the Cross, even, there was the penitent thief and there was His mother to think of.

We cannot pretend to fathom the ways of God: let us frankly say we do not understand. But merely because we do not understand is no valid reason for doubting Him. A child does not lose faith in his father merely because he does not understand all his father does. Failure to understand is no reason whatever for failing to trust. I personally have not the slightest knowledge about such elementary things as wireless, telephones, electricity, but I have learnt to trust in their efficiency. There is much about God we do not understand, but you and I have learnt enough about Him to have faith in Him. He told us not to be "over anxious," not to worry over much—so let us not worry over things we cannot understand, and "what can't be cured must be endured." And the way in which we endure is of small importance to ourselves and to our neighbours. You remember

"It's easy enough to be pleasant,
When life goes along like a song,
But the man worth while,
Is the man who can smile,
When everything goes dead wrong."

Need for Calmness

"Smile"—not "laugh." Laughter is irritating when one's nerves are frayed. In such times as these, what help you and I get from those who, with unwavering faith in God, still scorn at all that is mean, unjust and cowardly, still refuse to lose heart, still carry on cheerfully and bravely with their daily duties. We feel the better for their company and for their example.

Do others feel the better for our company and example? I do feel that our own personal attitude and behaviour in such times as these is of special importance: some are overexcited, some unduly depressed. There is need for calmness, quiet courage, unselfishness—and above all, firm confidence in the love of the Lord Jesus. Do you remember those lines of Cowper—

Judge not the Lord by feeble sense,
But trust Him for his grace;
Behind a frowning providence
He hides a smiling face.
Blind unbelief is sure to err,
And scan His work in vain;
God is His own interpreter,
And He will make it plain.

DR. John Burg, the Hungarian lawyer who wrote "Angol Foerangok", an admirable explanation of the working of the British Constitution and of hereditary and official ranks, actual and courtesy titles and Party divisions in Great Britain which must appear bewildering to a foreigner, has issued an English edition, translated by himself, called "High Ranks and Titles in British Democracy", which was published in Budapest.

Facial Alterations Without Make-Up

Interesting Exhibition Of Inventions Staged

The first competition for inventors held in Hungary closed recently. Many inventions were submitted to the judges, and more than 160 gold and silver medals and diplomas have been awarded.

An invention which is stated to be interesting English buyers is a new mode of needlework by M. Dévenyi, an art industrial worker, which saves half the time and much material. A Debrecen chemist has succeeded in making briquettes which give as much heat as coal from the skins of grapes. Three inventions for preventing railway accidents will shortly be installed on the Hungarian railways.

A curious idea, which will interest actors, comes from a dentist. By M. Glück's method a face can be entirely altered without the aid of make-up by adjustments between the teeth. This new form of theatrical disguise has been successfully tried on the stage.

Girl Captures Burglar After Long Chase

Girls get their men nowadays and Miss Miyoko Kasai, 22 Tkeda, Japan, certainly did so when she caught a six-foot burglar after she had chased him for nearly three blocks, a fortnight ago.

Ichiro Yamabe, 35, having one previous offense, was nabbed by Miss Kasai while he was carrying two strong boxes from the home of Keizo Hibiya, director of the Far Eastern Steel Co., at Gojo-dori Ishibashi-soen Ikeda.

The marauder was handed over to the police by the girl with the aid of a neighbour after he had been chased three blocks.

She grabbed him, but while she was calling for the police he got away.

She chased him for about three blocks and found him lying in a rice field, gasping for breath. The burglar told the police later that he was overwhelmed by the spirit of the girl.

Authentic reports of talks given in America, India and Europe by
J. KRISHNAMURTI
the great religious teacher who denounces all churches and rites.
Sold at
FRENCH BOOK SHOP
357 Szechuen Road Telephone 16651
11640

7 0 0 5 0
TAYLOR TAXIS

THE SPORTS PAGE

Big League Baseball Over

Yankees and Cincinnati to Begin World Series Play Tomorrow; Red Sox, Cardinals in 2nd Places

New York, Oct. 2.

THE curtain rang down last night on the 1939 baseball season and the Cincinnati Reds are now preparing for an attempt to prevent the New York Yankees from winning their fourth straight world championship.

The Yanks finished the year with a first-place margin of 17 games over the second-place Boston Red Sox compared to the 9½-game margin they enjoyed at the end of the 1939 season—and this despite the retirement of Lou Gehrig, the veteran captain and first baseman, and the leg injury which kept Joe DiMaggio out of the lineup for five weeks early in the season.

These two alleged calamities occured as the Yanks spend their first western tour and there was talk of "disintegration" of the record breaking team. But the next day the Yanks scored 22 runs in a single game against Detroit and the outcome of the pennant race was seldom seriously in doubt thereafter.

Surprise team of the American League was the Chicago White Sox. Jimmy Dykes' team was picked in the pre-season dope to finish deep in the second division but the club clung to third place until last week when it was nosed out by the Indians.

The National League race contained more surprises, although the Reds had generally been selected to win the pennant. The New York Giants and Pittsburgh Pirates failed to live up to expectations and finished in fifth and sixth places respectively. The St. Louis Cardinals out did themselves to take second place and the Brooklyn Dodgers Edged into third place in the last week of play to finish higher than they have been in several years. The Chicago Cubs, 1938 champions, finished fourth, half a game behind the Dodgers. Pitching troubles bothered the Cubs all season. Clay Bryant, who won 19 games in 1938, developed a sore arm early this year and was able to pitch only a few innings since late in May. Bill Lee, last year's leading hurler, lost much of his effectiveness and Dizzy Dean's arm showed no improvement over last year.

The World's Series begins tomorrow in New York and the third, fourth and fifth games are fixed for Cincinnati.

Last Day's Play

New York, Oct. 1.

The 1939 baseball season ended today with the Brooklyn Dodgers and Cleveland Indians retaining third place in the National and American League standings respectively. The Dodgers held their half-game margin by defeating the Philadelphia Phillies 3-2. Harry Lavagetto's triple, an error, Jim Ripple's single, and Dolph Camilli's walk, scored two runs in the seventh inning, winning the game.

The scheduled Dodgers-Phillies nightcap was rained out, so the Dodgers held third place, half a game ahead of the Chicago Cubs, who defeated the St. Louis Cardinals 2-1. Rookie Nicholson's single in the ninth inning scored Carl Reynolds with the winning run. Johnny Mize hit a homer in the eighth inning for St. Louis only run.

Harry Gumbert's four-hit pitching gave the New York Giants a 5-0 win over the Bees in Boston. Gumbert drove in three runs with his double and single.

The champion Cincinnati Reds won the first of two games with Pittsburgh, 9-1. Ival Goodman and Wally Berger each got a double, driving in two runs each.

Kenneth Heinzelman, a rookie pitcher, held the Reds to four hits in the nightcap and earned a 3-0 victory for the Pirates. He struck out eight batters and walked two. Rookie Van Robay's double and single account for three Pittsburgh runs.

Struggle for Third Place

In the American League, the Cleveland Indians won the first of two games with Detroit, 8-3. Bob Feller pitched all the way for the Indians, while five pitchers worked for the Tigers. Two singles, and Dizzy trout's wild throw, put the Indians in the lead in the first inning. Ken Keltner clinched the victory by hitting a homer with the bases empty.

Ben McCoy, a rookie infielder, clouted a fifth-inning double, scoring Buck Newsom with the run that won the second game for the tigers, 1-0. Darkness limited the game to five innings.

The St. Louis Browns wound up the worst season in American League history by turning nine hits into a 4-3 win over the Chicago White Sox. Joe Grace, 22-year-old outfielder, hit a homer in the ninth inning to tie the score, and a single in the 10th to drive in the winning run.

The other American league games were rained out.

National League Scores

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	8	1
Chicago	2	6	0

Batteries: Lanier, Barrett, Owen and Franks; Passeau, Olson, Mancuso and Gerbark.

New York	5	7	0
Boston	0	4	0

Batteries: Gumbert and Danning; Barniche, Moran, Weir and Masi.

Philadelphia	2	4	1
Brooklyn	3	8	1

Batteries: Hiebe and Warain; Casey, Doyle and Todd.

Cincinnati *	9	17	0
Pittsburgh	1	9	0

Batteries: Walter, Thompson and Hershberger; Clemensen, Ramberg and Schulter.

Cincinnati †	0	4	0
Pittsburgh	8	12	0

Batteries: Moore, Riddle, Vandermeer, and West; Heintzelman and Susce.

The Philadelphia-Brooklyn, New York-Boston nightcaps were cancelled because of rain.

*—Indicate opener.
†—Indicates nightcap.

American League Scores

Cleveland	8	7	1
Detroit	3	6	3

Batteries: Feller and Hemsley; Trout, Thoman, Pippen, Giebell, McKain and Cork.

Cleveland	0	3	0
Detroit	1	3	0

Batteries: Naymich and Pytlak; Newsom and Tebbetts.

Called in the fifth because of darkness.

Chicago	3	14	2
St. Louis	4	9	2

Batteries: Eaves, Tresh and Shlueter; Bildilli and Harshany.

All other games were rained out.

Final Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Cincinnati	97	57	.630
St. Louis	92	61	.601
Brooklyn	84	69	.549
Chicago	84	70	.545
New York	77	74	.510
Pittsburgh	68	85	.444
Boston	63	86	.423
Philadelphia	44	107	.231

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York	106	45	.702
Boston	89	62	.539
Cleveland	87	67	.565
Chicago	86	69	.555
Detroit	80	74	.519
Washington	65	88	.425
Philadelphia	56	96	.368
St. Louis	43	111	.279

—United Press.

Idle Golf Chat by Professionals

Clubs Must Be Designed For the 82-handicap Men, Says Walter Hagen

Cleveland, O. Oct. 2.

What do the professional golfers talk about between the birdies and eagles while striding down a sun-washed fairway? Why, they talk about golf.

Golf gab came in for an oldfashioned chin lathering when, in the National Open Champion, Byron Nelson, and Walter Hagen, one of the greatest and most colourful golfers in history, got together for an exhibition match at Ridgewood Country Club here.

The Haig stepped up to the first tee for the opening drive of the match and rapped one smartly down the fairway 250 yards. He turned to Nelson.

"That's the best shot I've had all afternoon."

The two golfing greats ambled through 18 holes of play meanwhile dropping putts and handy hints alike for Mr. Average Golfer.

"My biggest weakness is in my pivot," said the open champion. "I haven't got one. But I'll get one some day."

"We clubmakers have got to start designing an iron for the 82-and-up-golfer," said Hagen.

Interlocking Grip

Nelson missed an easy approach shot and Hagen said to him, "Do not worry about a bad score in an exhibition. The crowd would rather see you in trouble than see you get a birdie. It makes the average player happier."

Nelson pondered awhile, but it was the P.G.A. tournament that was on his mind when he turned to Hagen. Henry Picard defeated Nelson one up in 37 holes in that tournament.

"When Henry Picard re-designed his game to use the interlocking grip, about 14 months ago, he had to begin from the first fundamentals and start all over," Nelson said. "Everything had to be changed—backswing, stance, pivot, and downstroke—but he was such a good student of the game he did it perfectly. He was the best iron player in the world two years ago. He is the best iron player in the world today. I know. He beat me.

"I lost 12 pounds winning the open," added Nelson. "Medal play takes more weight off you than match. You worry more at medal play. At match, you can relax. I didn't lose weight in the P.G.A. I was down to raw bone before I started."

Hagen explained his delay in arriving at the golf course.

"The doctor found my temperature at 102.5 last night and told me that I shouldn't play golf or travel. I didn't think I could make it this morning. But I knew that if I didn't show up, people would say that something else was wrong. I figured to come down and if I couldn't play, I'd at least make an appearance and apologize. I felt so much better on the way I decided to play."

"My chief trouble," said Nelson as he lined up a putt, "is too much 'inside-out' in my swing. But when I feel that clubhead doing that I know I'm right."

"Life is just hitting the ball," Hagen interrupted philosophically. "But you got to learn how to hit it."

"A woman has better rhythm than a man and has a natural advantage in golf," Nelson mused. "She can develop a nicer short game and she swings the club instead of slugging."

Hagen looked out across the rolling hills of the golf course.

Said an unidentified man lurking in the crowd:

"I'd like to give those guys a lesson."—United Press.

Shanghai Golf Club

The following are the results of the September monthly Bogey:—

"A" CLASS

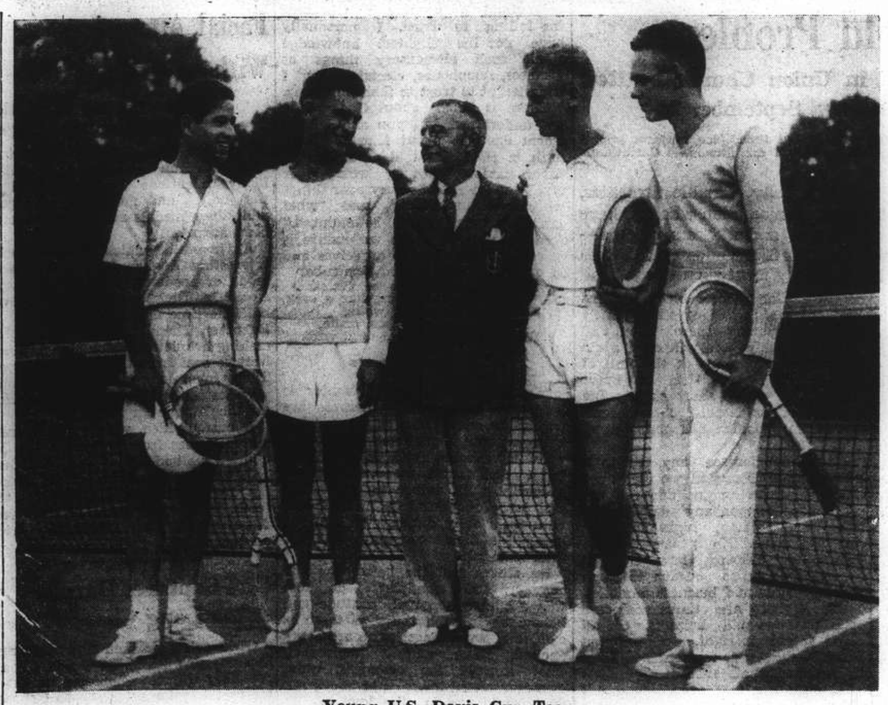
W. H. B. Rigg	Six up
J. A. Grubb	All square
A. J. Clark	One down

"B" CLASS

C. F. Brooks	Two down
R. A. Jones	Three down
F. C. B. Black	Five down

LADIES SECTION

Mrs. A. Germ	Seven down



Young U.S. Davis Cup Team

Younger and less experienced than other U.S. Davis Cup teams in recent years, this group lost the trophy to Australia by a close 3-2 margin. Left to right: Robert Riggs, Frankie Parker, Capt. Pate, Joe Hunt and Jack Kramer.

Philippine Co., S.V.C., Rifle Shooting

Handicapped Men Win First, Second, Third

Forty-six members of the Philippine Co., S.V.C., turned out on the long range on Sunday when the September Rifle Shoot was held.

On account of the good scores registered by members with allowances, they won all three prizes while the scratch men were unable to place. Ptes. Ronquillo and Lacson each made a total score of 91.75 to tie for first place, Ronquillo winning in the count out. Lieut. Luchangco and Pte. Mercado shared high gun honours with 79 points net each, with the latter winning in the count out and placing third with his allowance. Pte. V. Sangaland was fourth.

The Records

Detailed scores were as follows:

	Net	Allowance	Total
Pte. P. C. Mercado	79	9.5	88.5 (c)
Lieut. G. E. Luchangco	79	0	79
Lieut. A. Y. Celis	78	0	78
Capt. H. C. Evangelista	78	0	78
Pte. B. Legaspi	76	0	76
Cpl. G. Orden	76	0	76
Pte. C. Amper	73	0	73
Spt. H. Joseph	72	0	72
Pte. C. Souza	72	0	72
Pte. V. Sangaland	69	19	88
Pte. P. de Vera	69	4.75	73.75
Pte. R. Tagle	69	9.5	78.5
Pte. A. Ronquillo	68	23.75	91.75(a)
Pte. E. Lacson	68	23.75	91.75(b)
Pte. J. Canlas	68	0	68
Pl. Sgt. F. Samper	67	0	67
Pte. E. Cruz	67	9.5	76.5
Pte. W. Alexandro	65	9.5	74.5
C.Q.M.S. L. Villaflor	64	0	64
Pte. J. Jacobi	63	19	82
Cpl. L. Digmanese	61	14.25	75.25
Pte. A. R. Bahon	60	19	79
Pte. L. B. Jangoz	59	19	78
Pte. M. Sarreal	59	4.75	63.75
Pte. T. Bacllay	58	4.75	62.75
Sgt. P. Espino	57	9.5	66.5
Cpl. A. Sostoa	57	0	57
Pl. Sgt. S. Lawanilaw	57	0	57
Pte. G. de la Pena	55	14.25	69.25
Pte. Z. M. Doong	53	23.75	76.75
Pte. T. Antonio	53	14.25	67.25
Cpl. P. Calibo	51	23.75	74.75
Pte. R. B. Dizon	51	23.75	74.75
Pte. S. B. Mendoza	48	14.25	62.25
Pte. E. Macain	46	23.75	69.75
Pte. A. Andrade	44	19	59
Pte. R. Quiamzon	42	23.75	65.75
Pte. E. Ramos	42	9.5	51.5
Pte. J. J. Doong	41	19	60
Pte. A. S. Gabriel	34	14.25	48.25
Pte. T. W. Lacson	33	23.75	55.75
Pte. J. Mendoza	32	23.75	55.75
Pte. L. Bagaman	13	23.75	36.75
Pte. D. S. Garcia	13	23.75	36.75

H.P.S. 95.

(a) First—leg on Cup and spoon future allowance 10 per cent.
(b) Second—spoon 10 per cent.
(c) Third—spoon Nil.

Puncec Wins in U.S.

Los Angeles, Oct. 1.

Franjo Puncec of Yugoslavia, has brought to a halt the string of upset victories scored by Julius Heldman in the Pacific Southwest Tennis Tournament, by eliminating the U.C.L.A. graduate student yesterday, 2-6, 6-3, 6-0, 7-5, in their semi-final match. Heldman displayed the form that gave him victories over Adrian Quist and Welby Van Horn in only one set, the first.—United Press.

Safety First at 368 Miles Per Hour

Mr. John Cobb Smashes Two Records

After setting up a new world land speed record of 368.85 miles an hour, Mr. John Cobb, the British racing motorist, said he slowed down slightly on the second of his two runs.

"I knew that I had established a new record and wanted to make sure of getting back," he said. "I believe in safety first, even at six miles a minute."

Cobb's record was made on Bonneville Salt Flats, Utah, where the previous day he reached a speed of 369.23 miles an hour. This did not count as he failed to make another run in the opposite direction within an hour.

He covered the first measured mille run at 370.75 miles an hour.

When he brought his car, a Railton Red Lion, to a standstill at the end of the runway, Cobb said it was never "flat out."

Mechanics quickly changed the tyres for the return trip, while Cobb smiled encouragement.

Then he roared away again, averaging 366.95 over the mile.

His speed also smashed the kilometre record with 369.74 miles an hour.

Cobb thus recaptured the record which he held for only a day last year.

He was the first man to achieve 350 miles an hour on land, but within twenty-four hours Captain G. E. T. Eyston beat him and set up a world's record of 357.50 miles an hour, which stood until yesterday.

Shanghai Commercial Softball League

Positions in the Shanghai Commercial Softball League changed as a result of the games played on Sunday at the Columbia Country Club when the Bankers and Brokers trounced the American Empress team by a lop-sided score, 17-0, and the Texaco squad gained a walkover from the Insurance side.

The closest game on Sunday was the encounter between the Chamber of Commerce and the Post Mercury which resulted in a victory for the newspaper team by the odd run in thirteen. The first inning saw a barrage of runs. Six tallies were registered by the ultimate winners while the other side gained five.

Bakerite, in the fourth and last tussle, lost to the B.A.T., the score being 15-2. Bakerite is at the bottom of the league.

Week-End Racing by Yacht Club

Only Two Boats Finish Course on Sunday

The cruisers and "A" Class yachts went to Woosung for the week-end on Saturday. The cruisers made a race of it although there were only four competitors and went round the Lismore and back to the pipe line finishing after dark about 7 o'clock. Undine was first in followed by Kert and Jennifer. Haven being unable to make the line at the start until long after the rest had got well away, decided to stop at the pipe line without going round the Buoy.

Start 3 p.m.

Finishing Times:—Undine 6.40 p.m.; Kert 7.00; Jennifer 7.15.

"A" Class sailed to Woosung independently where they were joined by some more cruisers.

On Sunday the cruisers were sent off at 8.50 a.m. to sail for the third leg of the Gae Cup and the "A" Class started 10 minutes later for an ordinary race, both classes sailing the same course round Lismore, Quarantine and Block House to starboard and back to the Powder Pier to finish.

A little wind sprang up just before the start and all yachts assisted by the tide made good time until well out into the Yangtze, with the exception of Kert which true to her name, did a little mud larking just before getting out of the Whangpoo and was stuck fast until the incoming tide took her off two hours later.

It was a disappointing race for most as only the two racing machines, Ingomar and Valerie managed to make the Block House Buoy.

Reinforcement Cup Play in Sections

Handicaps of Nine or Over And Eight and Under

By "The Chaser"

Polo is still being played on the Hungjao polo ground and this week-end the first round of the Reinforcement Cup will be played on the knock-out plan. The Cup will be played for by two sections. In section "A" only teams with handicap of nine or over are eligible while in the "B" division the teams handicaps are eight or under. All matches will be played on handicap over four chukkers.

Eight Teams Entered

The following are the teams.

SECTION "A"

Mixed Grill:—Col. Hornby, Elles, Riggio and Krikoriantz.
Whatnots:—Lacks, Fritz, Major Neville and N. F. Ailman.
Hungjao "A":—C. B. Moller, R. B. Moller, E. B. Moller and Culbertson.
Seaforths:—Maj. Macfarlane, Maj. M. Walker, Col. W. Murray and Capt. Gray.

SECTION "B"

Sealions:—Lutey, Scheyven, Williams and Jack.
Hobos:—Kauffman, Maj. Orr, Kops and L. B. Moller.
Tramps:—A. C. Yuan, Dr. Johnston, C. F. Taylor and Dr. Y. H. Cheux.
East Surreys:—Wallis, Cater, Newton and Capt. Magee.

The draw for the first round is as follows:—

SATURDAY

3 p.m. East Surreys *v.* Tramps.
4 p.m. Mixed Grill *v.* Whatnots.

SUNDAY

3 p.m. Sealions *v.* Hobos.
4 p.m. Seaforths *v.* Hungjao "A".

BAKERITE BISCUITS
Variety No. 11
FINE WATER

Uptown
Air-Conditioned! Tel. 38484
To-day at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
UP-TO-THE-SPLIT SECOND MYSTERY OF AMERICA'S No.1G-MAN!

NEXT CHANGE!
MERIAN C. COOPER'S
"The Last Days of Pompeii."

CATHAY opens FRIDAY!
JACK GOES TO TOWN
in the biggest Benny show of them all!

Six great stars... four hit songs... a bevy of girls...a million laughs!
JACK BENNY
DOROTHY LAMOUR
EDWARD ARNOLD
"MAN ABOUT TOWN"
A Paramount Picture with
Binnie Barnes
Phil Harris
Betty Grable
"Rochester"
Directed by Mark Sandrich

"THEY SAY . . ."
that there is no more enjoyable and charming night spot than the
ROXY NIGHT CLUB
1409 YU YUEN ROAD TELEPHONE 22822

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road
Telephone 17100
2.30, 5.30, 9
40c., 60c., 80c., $1.10
TO-DAY!
LITTLE PRINCESS
Shirley TEMPLE
Richard Green
Anita Louise
Wed. and Thursday
DUKE OF WEST POINT

GOLDEN GATE
PHONE 74456
745 AV. FOCH
(AIR CONDITIONED)
2.30, 5.30, 9
40c., 60c., 85c.
TO-DAY!
THREE MUSKETEERS
THE RITZ BROS.
Don Ameche
Wed. and Thursday
She Married An Artist

RIALTO
239 Kweichow Road
Telephone 94110
2.30, 5.30, 9
40c., 60c., 85c.
TO-DAY!
DARK VICTORY
Bette DAVIES
George BRENT
Wed. and Thursday
Bulldog Drummond's Peril

PARIS
550 Av. Joffre
Telephone 85205
2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
40c., 60c., 85c.
TO-DAY!
IF I WERE KING
Ronald COLMAN
Frances DEE
Basil RATHBONE
Wed. and Thursday
OFF THE RECORD

FORD TAXIS

TEL. 30189

HAI-ALAI

TO-DAY at 7.30 p.m.

Events 1-8;	Events 9-16;
1. PEDRO	1. ENRIQUE
2. IRONDO	2. GUERNICA
3. TACOLO	3. ALBERDI
4. URBIETA	4. ACHA
5. ARTIA	5. OSA
6. DONOSTI	6. ANDRINUA

SAVE MONEY

CHAMPION SPARK PLUGS
REDUCE THE COST OF MOTORING
Install new Champions and get strong hot sparks that ensure complete combustion of the fuel. Less carbon. More speed and power. And much more economy. Champions save you money!

Champion Spark Plug Co. Toledo, O., U.S.A.

GRAND
Commencing THURSDAY!
LIMITED ROADSHOW ENGAGEMENT

STARS! CONFLICT! ROMANCE! ADVENTURE!
TRULY, THE GREATEST PICTURE EVER MADE!
JUAREZ
(WAR-EZZ)
with BRIAN AHERNE
CLAUDE RAINS • JOHN GARFIELD
DONALD CRISP
JOSEPH CALLEIA • GALE SONDERGAARD
GILBERT ROLAND • HENRY O'NEILL
Directed by WILLIAM DIETERLE
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE

$1.10 $1.60 $2.10 $1.10 $1.60 $2.10 $2.65
Book Now To Be Sure!

NANKING opens TO-MORROW!
—Limited Road Show Engagement—
EVERY EMOTION THE SCREEN CAN EVER GIVE YOU..ALL IN ONE Magnificent PICTURE!

...the blood-pounding story of a coward, his three friends and the girl he loved.
...four white feathers that sent him into a thousand perils to seek redemption.
8,000 savage Dervishes filmed for the first time with every detail of their cruel warfare.
...the horrors of the fanatical Mahdi's hideous torture chambers never before revealed.
...Kipling's famous Funny Wuzzies, fiercest of African warriors, fighting on a battlefield ten miles wide.
...4,000 natives pulling flatboats up treacherous cataracts.
...1,800 camels in a frenzied stampede on the white man's stronghold
ALEXANDER KORDA presents
FOUR FEATHERS
...Lord Kitchener's roaring victory at Obdurman photographed in actual locations with flaming realism.
...Actual Locations in the remote interiors of the Egyptian Sudan where the camera could only penetrate by plane.
TECHNICOLOR
Directed by ZOLTAN KORDA
with RALPH RICHARDSON • C. AUBREY SMITH
JOHN CLEMENTS • JUNE DUPREZ
Adapted by R. C. SHERRIFF • From the novel by A. E. W. MASON
Associate Producer—IRVING ASHER • Released thru UNITED ARTISTS
Prices of Admission: $1.10, $1.60, $2.10. $1.10, $1.60, $2.10, $2.65.
(Reservations Can Only Be Accepted For Tickets To Be Taken Up at Latest The Day Before Available.)
Note: Owing to its unusual length, The Picture is Preceded by one short only!

Bowling Congress Meets

Successful Year Reported ; All Competition And Entry Records Broken ; Season's Plans

THE annual meeting of the Shanghai Bowling Congress was held yesterday evening, a successful year being reported by the President, Mr. N. E. Lurton, who stated that all records as regards the number of competitions held and entries received had been broken. Plans for the forthcoming season were discussed at the first meeting of the Executive Committee ard it was decided that the Ladies League should commence on Monday, Ooctober 23, and the Men's League on Tuesday, October, 24. The closing date for entries will be Saturday, October 14.

The election of Officers resulted as follows President, Mr. N. E. Lurton; Vice-President, Capt. C. R. Allen (Athletic Officer of Fourth U.S. Marines); Hon. Secretary-Treasurer; F. M. Gonslaves; Club representatives, Lt. C. H. Kuhn, Foreign Y.M.C.A., Shanghai Race Club, Swiss Club; Columbia Country Club, American Club, Fourth U.S. Marines; W. O. Krause; J. M. Cuthbert; A. R. Eisenhut; W. E. Hebel; C. T. McClellan.

The Chairman's Speech

In his speech the Chairman stated: Thanks are due to all those who have so kindly served on the Executive Committee and the various Sub-Committees for the season 1938-1939, for their support and co-operation in making the past season our most successful one.

All records as regards number of competitions held and entries received were broken. American bowling was never so popular in Shanghai. The Commercial League launched last season brought out may new bowlers, also new faces in the gallery following the teams around town. With some alterations in the rules, to even the strength of the teams, this league should prove even more successful this season.

Our thanks are due to the local press for giving us more publicity than in former years which probably accounted for the added interest in the game. I made mention last year about our purchasing new pins to be used in Championship events at least, rather than depend on the Clubs whose alleys are utilised, without cost to us, to bear this expense. This was acted upon, and I am glad to report that our action was much appreciated by the various Clubs. At the conclusion of the events the pins were disposed of at a discount.

Our affiliation with the American Bowling Congress has continued to create added interest to warrant its continuance. Negotiations have been completed for our affiliation with the National Duck Pin Bowling Congress whose headquarters are in Washington D.C. We will thus be affiliated with both parent bowling organizations in the United States.

Enough Funds

I must now record our thanks and appreciation to Mr. D. W. Ross for his keen interest and service in this Committee, and latterly as Vice-President. Mr. Ross has bowled with us every season since he first arrived in Shanghai and our records lists his name as having played in the Foreign Y.M.C.A. team as early as 1929, our second season. I am sure I voice the feelings of all bowlers in Shanghai when I say we wish him a long and happy retirement in the United States.

The Hon. Secretary-Treasurer will submit our financial report later, which I believe you will find satisfactory. It is fortunate that we converted our balance into U.S. Currency when we did. Should, our receipts this season not be sufficient to purchase new pins, we will thus have enough funds on hand for the purpose.

Plans for Season

Plans for coming season were discussed at first Meeting of the Executive Committee (1939-1940) and the following were submitted:—

League matches—League to commence:—Ladies—October 23. Men—October 24.
Closing date for entries—October 14.
Tentative entries.

	"A" Div.	"B" Div.	Ladies
U.S.M.C. (Enlisted Men)	1	2	
Officers		1	
Ladies			1
American Club	1	2	1
Columbia Country Club	2	2	2 (possibly 3)
Shanghai Race Club ..	1	2	1
Foreign Y	1	2	1

In addition to the above there is a possibility of the U.S.M.C. Enlisted men entering another team.

A new scheme will be additional teams of ladies who are unable to bowl in the early afternoon, 2.30 p.m. these will bowl at say 5.30. at the Shanghai Race Club, American Club and Foreign Y. M. C. A.

Men's League games commence as usual at 9 p.m.

Fees Increased

Championship events will be held immediately after the completion of the league series.

In view of the high cost of pins which are supplied by the Congress for Championship events, and trophies, entry fees have been increased by 50 per cent. and these will now be:—

Five-man teams—$30.

Championship events—4.50 per person excepting in the Mixed Doubles which will be $6.00 per couple.

The increased fees have been arranged only for the duck pin season and the matter will be reviewed once again for the ten pin season commencing early next year.

Matter of affiliation with the National Duck Pin Bowling Congress deferred for the present. Bowling alleys at the various clubs primarily constructed for ten pins, with 3½ inch drop gutters, whereas in duck pins these have only a 2 inch drop, so that Shanghai alleys do not conform with the N.D.P.B.C. regulations.

Northwestern May Win Big-10 Title

Wildcats Enjoy Glut of Talented Material Both In Line and Backfield

Evanston, Ill.

The tipoff on how tough Northwestern's veteran football squad will be this fall is the fact that Bill DeCorrevont, the school boy hero, is ranked no better than fifth among left halfback candidates.

DeCorrevont is no morning glory. He was a great high school ball carrier and he may be as good in college—if Coach Lynn Waldorf can find a spot to break him in.

But the Wildcats, early favourites to dethrone Minnesota as Big Ten champions, have three lettermen for the left half position and one other sophomore also has the call over the prep school sensation.

U.S. Championship Foreseen

For the first time in three years, Waldorf has both a fine line and exceptional backs. In other years he has had brilliant seasons with good lines and no backs or a weak forward wall and powerful ground-gainers. With perfect balance for 1939, Northwestern's ballyhoo drums already are beating out claims for the mythical national championship.

The Wildcats will need all their power. Opening with Oklahoma at Evanston October 7, they meet Ohio State, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota, Purdue and Iowa in the Big Ten and Notre Dame on the outside. Oklahoma defeated by Tennessee in the Orange Bowl last winter, has the Wildcats scouted thoroughly and Northwestern's national title dreams can be exploded at the start.

Only two important lettermen are missing. Bob Voigts, all-conference tackle and mentioned on many all-America selections, leaves his spot in the line and Berne Jefferson, Negro right half-back, is gone after three years of valuable service.

Powerful Backfield

In the backfield, veterans Nick Conteas, biggest man on the squad, and Dick Richards will be the quarterbacks, lettermen Ollie Hahnenstein, Paul Soper and Erwin Madsen, along with sophomores Don Kruger and DeCorrevont are available at left half and Jack McGurn, a senior, will be the fullback. McGurn's replacements will be picked from a select bunch of sophomores including Don Clawson of Kankakee, Ill., George Benson of Hammond, Ind., and Jim Furlong, Chicago.

Since Jefferson was the team's iron man at right half for three years, that position may cause Waldorf considerable trouble. Iggy Mesec and Reynold Soukup, lettermen, are only average backs. Sophomores Ike Kepford of Muskegon, Mich., and Floyd Chambers of Salt Lake City, Utah, stars of the intrasquad game last spring probably will be called on frequently. Both are hard-runners and superior to Jefferson on pass defence.

Big Line

The line should be one of the biggest and most efficient in the conference. Only one touchdown went through that same line last fall and the Wildcats played both Minnesota and Notre Dame, the battering rams of the Middle West.

Three veterans—Bob Daly, Ted Grefe and Jim Smith—man the ends, with Jay Laskay, converted fullback, filling in as fourth man. Veterans Nick Cutlich, Frank Young and Corne Aarts will be reinforced at tackle by sophomore Alf Bauman, a teammate of DeCorrevont at Chicago's Austin High School. Critics who watched Bauman last spring predicted he'd be all-America at least by 1940.

Four lettermen return at guard, John Goldak, Don Guritz, Hal Method and Joe Lokanc, stars since their sophomore years, take care of those spots.

Centre likely will be the strongest point in the line. John Haman, centre and line backer for two years, is one of the best in the conference. Defensively, he is the finest centre in the sector. A minor fault on downfield blocking cost him his chances for all-America mention last fall. As relief for Haman, Waldorf is grooming Paul Hiemenz, a letterman, and Joe Hay, senior reserve.

Northwestern's schedule:

Oct. 7—Oklahoma at Northwestern.
Oct. 14—Northwestern at Ohio State.
Oct. 21—Wisconsin at Northwestern.
Oct. 28—Illinois at Northwestern.
Nov. 4—Northwestern at Minnesota.
Nov. 11—Purdue at Northwestern.
Nov. 18—Northwestern at Notre Dame.
Nov. 25—Iowa at Northwestern.
—United Press.

Competitive Football Again Introduced

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

It was announced from London last night that competitive football would commence throughout the country again on Saturday, October 21. It was stated that 82 of the 88 clubs which had taken part in the various league games would participate.

The clubs will take part in a regional competition on a geographical basis irrespective of their positions or standings in the various leagues before the outbreak of war. Clubs not taking part were Aston Villa, Derby County, Exeter City, Ipswich Town, Sunderland and Gateshead.

Bromwich Beats Riggs

Los Angeles, Oct. 1.

John Bromwich, the ambidextrous Australian tennis star, today jolted Bobby Riggs, national champion, from the Pacific Southwest tennis tournament in a hard fought 6-4, 6-4, 0-6, 6-3 match.

The victory earned Bromwich the right to meet Franjo Puncec, of Yugoslavia, in the finals on Monday.

Dorothy Bundy defeated Mrs. Freda James Hammersley of England in the semi-final of the women's singles and will play Alive Marble, national women's champion, in the finals.—United Press.

Middleweight Ring Event Today

Apostoli Meeting Garcia; Winner to Battle Hostak For World Title

New York, Oct. 2.

Controversy as to what is the world middleweight champion will come a step nearer solution tonight when Freddie Apostoli, champion in the eyes of the New York Boxing Commission, meets Ceferino Garcia, Filipino battler, for the right to battle Al Hostak for the world championship.

Hostak is recognized as middleweight champion in all States Except New York and California. In both New York and California Apostoli is the titleholder. The National Boxing Association has named Hostak as the champion.

The N.B.A., which practically controls boxing in all States, recently announced that it would recognize as a world title bout a battle in which Hostak would oppose the winner of the Garcia-Apostoli clash.

Apostoli, however, claimed the title because of victories over both Kreiger and Steel.

Apostoli Favoured

Although Garcia has been showing improved form in recent months, specially after his grand victory over "Popeye" Woods, Apostoli is generally favoured to win tonight. Apostoli has speed and skill and he also packs a knockout blow.

Garcia is game, tough and a dangerous opponent at close quarters. His famed "bolo" punch, named after the Filipino reed-cutting knife, is a powerful weapon that has mowed many an unwarry foe down. But Apostoli is expected to prove too clever to be trapped by the hard-hitting Filipino.

Apostoli, although not expected to knock Garcia out, is picked to win fairly comfortably on points. Garcia's chances seem to be based on getting in a few health punches at close quarters. Garcia's blows are deadly and if he can break through Apostoli's guard to land several of them squarely the coming world middleweight title bout might be between Hostak and the Filipino.—United Press.

President of Yale Hits Isolationists

U.S. Would Be Threatened If Reich Held Upper Hand

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 2.

"The United States would be threatened with an indefinable peril if the strategic possessions of Great Britain and France on this side of the Atlantic fell into the Reich's hands," Mr Charles Seymour, President of Yale University, declared in a speech here last night in which he lashed out against isolationism.

Speaking on the occasion of the opening of the fall term of the University, Mr. Seymour stressed that a German victory in the present war would be a disaster for the United States.

Emphasizing that Germany destroyed international good faith, the speaker concluded: "The future of civilization depends upon the degree of courage, intelligence, and absence of egoism with which the United States face the world calamity."—Havas.

Fukuda Appointed Head Of Communications Co.

Mr. Tagayasu Fukuda, managing director of the Sino-Japanese Central China Telecommunications Company, was elected president of the firm at a general meeting of stock holders which took place at the Nippon Club beginning at 2 o'clock on Sunday afternoon.

Hitler Tells Goering to Stop R.A.F. Flights

London, Oct. 2.

Strict instructions have been given by Herr Hitler to Field Marshal Hermann Goering to prevent further British air raids over German territory owing to the effect on the morale of the population of the leaflets dropped by the British planes, the Copenhagen correspondent of the "Daily Express" reported this morning. Field Marshal Goering, the paper recalls, once boasted that no enemy planes would ever succeed in flying over German territory.—Havas.

Anti-Tuberculosis Association Meets

Large Programme Outlined; Community Support Urged For Christmas Sales

In addressing the annual meeting of the Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association, which was held at the American Women's Club yesterday, Dr. W. Palud, Commissioner of Public Health in the French Concession, pointed out that over 1,000 vaccinations against the dread disease have been made in Shanghai with a vaccine prepared according to the formula of the late Doctor Gaimette of the Pasteur Institute in Paris.

The speaker pointed out that while the time which lapsed has not as yet permitted one to pass judgment on the efficacy of the vaccine, particularly in view of the fact that it has become rather difficult to follow-up, among children who had been vaccinated, no case of tuberculosis was so far reported.

Dr. J H. Jordan, Commissioner of Public Health of the Shanghai Municipal Council, in addressing yesterday's meeting, spoke of the remarkable work done by the Association with the small means at its disposal. He pointed out that the Association had its origin in the refugee problem here and stressed the fact that its activities were not only charity but a necessity and that the public should support the Association's work to the fullest extent.

Appeal of Chairman

Dr. Sao-Ke Alfred Sze, chairman, told the meeting that according to enquiries made from hospital executives and doctors in private practice, the problem of tuberculosis is growing increasingly more serious and that even private firms are beginning to watch their staffs carefully, in some cases even obliging employees to be examined while those afflicted with the disease, are immediately discharged.

In retracing the short history of the Association, Dr. Sze pointed out that the first patient was taken in on January 18, 1938 and that from this lowly beginning the Tuberculosis Hospital and Clinic at present housed in loaned premises on Brenan Road, was born. Dr. Huizenga, according to Dr. Sze, can be hailed as the founder of the primary work of the Association more than others.

After referring to other hospitals engaged in anti-tuberculosis work, the speaker briefly dwelled on the intended programme of the Association which, among other items, will include propaganda through posters, lectures, broadcasts, demonstrations and authentic newspaper publications; the isolation of patients which is a vital factor in preventing the propagation of the disease; the increase of facilities at present available for patients; and the development of the communal spirit which would be bound to do a lot in the prevention of the spreading of the dread disease.

In concluding his much applauded talk, the speaker urged full support of the Christmas Seals Campaign.

Polish President Honours Warsaw

M. Paderewski Asked To Help New Cabinet; U.S, Recognition

Paris, Oct. 1.

M. Ignace Paderewski, the world-famous pianist and great Polish patriot, would be asked to help the new Polish Government, President Wladislaw Raczkiewicz announced today.

M. Paderewski, was Premier of Poland just after the First Great War, during which he engaged in public speaking on behalf of his country and gave many benefit recitals to aid war funds.

This morning, the Polish Embassy here announced in a communique, President Raczkiewicz received members of his new Government to administer them the oath of allegiance.

After he had paid homage to the stout military and civil resistance offered by Warsaw against the Germans, the President conferred on the town itself the military order Virtuti Militari, second oldest order in Polish history, dating back to 1792.—Havas.

U.S. Recognizes Government

Washington, Oct. 1.

Since the U.S. Government considered the new Polish Government formed in Paris to be the constitutional successor of the Warsaw Government, there was no reason for it to go anew through the procedure of granting it formal recognition, diplomatic quarters asserted today.

Answering rumours about the "uncertain" attitude of the United States toward the Raczkiewicz Government, these circles pointed out that Mr. A. J. Drexel Biddle Jr., the U. S. Ambassador accredited to Poland, would continue as envoy to the Polish Government in Paris. Moreover, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, was understood to be preparing a reply to the Polish Note sent him yesterday announcing the creation of the new Government. This was added proof of the United States' attitude, the diplomatic quarters declared.

There was a delicate question, however, in the envisaged creation of a new Czech Government in Paris, they continued. Dr. Eduard Benes' resignation as President of the Czechoslovak Republic was constitutional and Professor Emil Hacha legally was President when he signed away Czechoslovakia's independence. Nevertheless, the exceptional circumstances in which the Czechoslovak Republic was absorbed by the Reich permitted some deviations in views on the absolute constitutionalism of the present Prague Government.

For the present, however, no decision was taken as regards the attitude to be adopted by Washington toward any new Czech Government, the diplomatic circles concluded.—Havas.

Yugoslavia Issues Denial

Belgrade, Oct. 2.

Rumours that Dr. Ignace Moscicki, former President of Poland, crossed into Yugoslavia from Rumania today were denied here.

It was pointed out that M. Michael Moscicki, the former President's son, who is Polish Ambassador to Belgium, crossed Yugoslavia yesterday on his way to Craiova (Rumania) to meet his father.

Eighty Polish refugees crossed the frontier from Rumania yesterday on their way to France. Among the refugees were Mme. Smigly-Rydz, wife of the Polish Generalissimo, and several Polish high officials.—Havas.

Small Damage Done to S.N. Railway Line

Japanese Spokesman Refutes Chinese Reports

Maj. Nishihara, spokesman for the Japanese army in Shanghai, categorically denied Chinese press reports of several alleged incidents along the Shanghai-Nanking Railway last month, which this journal published, citing the sources of information.

Referring to a minor incident, the spokesman pointed out that on September 12, at about 9.30 p.m., a small explosion damaged two rails slightly near Chantze. No persons were injured.

In connection with the affair of September 28, Maj. Nishihara stated that about 8.30 p.m., an electric mine exploded in the vicinity of a railway bridge near Wanglin and Chishyen. A goods train was partially destroyed and the locomotive and four of five vans were derailed, several of the latter falling into a creek.

No persons were injured but the passengers had to cross the bridge on foot and continue their journey from the other side. Full service was restored the same night.

BAKERITE BISCUITS
Variety No. 11
FINE WATER

ASTOR
Now Playing at 2, 4.30, 7, 9.15
MISS CHEN YUN SHANG
(Star of HWA MU-LAN)
in her greatest hit
"QUEEN for One NIGHT"
Directed by S. K. Chang
Stalls 60 cts., Balcony 80 cts., $1.10

The Right People . . .
. . . at the Right Place
DD's Night Club
815 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 71609

Tooth news!

Allenburys Malted Rusks are perfect for all little people who are just growing their first teeth. Their crispness encourages Baby to chew, yet they soften before they can hurt his gums. They contain Bone-Forming Vitamin D.

Allenburys Foods are obtainable from all Leading Provision Stores and Pharmacies

★ SEND COUPON FOR OUR 175 pp. 'WISE BABYCRAFT' AND FREE SAMPLE

Allen & Hanburys Ltd. 110 Hankow Road, Shanghai
Mrs.
of
F 16

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
The Season's Biggest Surprise Hit!
GINGER ROGERS DAVID NIVEN in BACHELOR MOTHER with CHARLES COBURN FRANK ALBERTSON E. E. CLIVE
WHAT A PICTURE! The screen's big hit comedy! Ginger as a shoppin' foster-mother . . . David as the boss' son.
HOW YOU'LL LAUGH!
RKO RADIO Picture
Added: MARCH OF TIME and "WORLD OF TO-MORROW!

TEL 70781 DOUMER 9 RTE DOUMER
By popular request one day longer!
at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
The first presentation in Shanghai
CARL LAEMMLE PRESENTS Charles BICKFORD in Universal's Amazing Adventure Drama!
EAST OF JAVA
with ELIZABETH YOUNG FRANK ALBERTSON and LESLIE FENTON
Adapted from the COUVERNEUR MORRIS novel "Tiger Island."
THRILLS! DRAMA! ADVENTURE!
Positively last day To-day!
50 cts., and 80 cts. including Tax
Starting To-morrow!
"Smashing the Rackets"

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93122
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
Three fighting, loving, swaggering sons of the British Battalions... in the screen's greatest action drama!
Gunga Din
Starring CARY GRANT · VICTOR McLAGLEN and DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, Jr. with Sam Jaffe · Eduardo Ciannelli · Joan Fontaine
RKO RADIO'S mighty show of shows . . . inspired by Kipling's heroic lines!
70 cts., $1,10, $1.60
80 cts., $1.10, $1.60
85 cts., $1.30, $1.60, $2.10

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
If It's Murder She'll Solve It Right... If It's Homicide She'll Spell It...Wrong!
NANCY DREW Reporter with BONITA GRANVILLE
John Litel · Frank Thomas, Jr. · Mary Lee
Directed by WILLIAM CLEMENS · Original Screen Play by Kenneth Gamet · Based on the Nancy Drew Stories by Carolyn Keene · A First National Picture · Presented by WARNER BROS.
Also: MUSICAL—CARTOON IN COLOR
BOOKING AT THEATRE 8 a.m. TO 10 p.m.

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
TO-DAY ONLY! at 3, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
A Rare Treat in Songs and Laughs With The World's Highest Paid Star!
Gracie Fields at her best in a story gay as its title
GRACIE FIELDS in KEEP SMILING
with MARY MAGUIRE · ROGER LIVESEY PETER COKE · JACK DONOHUE & SKIPPY · Directed by MONTY BANKS
Screen play by WILLIAM CONSELMAN · Scenario by VAL VALENTINE · Dialogue by RODNEY ACKLAND
20th Century Productions ROBERT T. KANE MANAGING DIRECTOR
Also: MOVIETONE NEWS—CARTOON
Downtown Booking at SAM LAZARO BROS!

OPENS TO-MORROW!
—At Ordinary Prices—
Jeanette MacDONALD · Nelson EDDY
Hat-waving news! Your Sweethearts of Song in their first modern romance! M-G-M's first Technicolor picture..and its grandest entertainment! Victor Herbert's finest love-songs! Spectacle! Laughs! Thrills!
AND HOW THEY SING!
"Pretty As A Picture"
"On Parade"
"Mademoiselle"
"Wooden Shoes"
...other grand Victor Herbert melodies!
in VICTOR HERBERT'S Sweethearts
In TECHNICOLOR
with Frank MORGAN · Ray BOLGER Florence RICE · Mischa AUER Herman BING Reginald GARDINER

AFAYETTE CINEMA
323 R. Lafayette Tel. 81200
TO-DAY at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
GLORIOUS EPIC OF A BRAVE NEW STATE
"Heroes of the Alamo"
Admission 33 and 44 cts.

TO-MORROW!
REVIVAL—For One Day Only—of Quida's World Famous Romance!
UNDER TWO FLAGS
starring RONALD COLMAN · CLAUDETTE COLBERT
VICTOR McLAGLEN · ROSALIND RUSSELL
with GREGORY RATOFF · NIGEL BRUCE C. HENRY GORDON · HERBERT MUNDIN
AND A CAST OF 10,000
a DARRYL F. ZANUCK 20th Century Production
Presented by Joseph M. Schenck · Directed by Frank Lloyd

TO-MORROW and THURSDAY!
Colorful Drama of Life at France's Famous Military Academy!
TROIS de St CYR
AVEC ROLAND TOUTAIN JEAN MERCANTON - JEAN CHEVRIER
and a Notable French Cast
Made With The Assistance of The French Army
—Booking Now Open—

SCHARPF, GUENTER & CO.

(Only Swiss Forwarding House in Shanghai)

660-668 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONES 15560, 15568/69

Forwarding to all parts of the World, Customs Brokers, Warehousing, Transportation, Expert Packers (Curio-Furniture, etc.).

Imports and Exports.

Warehouses:
660 Szechuen Road
89 Foochow Road
739 Avenue Edward VII
47 and 55 North Kiangse Road
815, 823, 833 and 843 Pingliang Road

Insurance Agents:
"Switzerland" General Insurance Co., Ltd., Zurich, Switzerland
Fire and Marine Insurance
Eagle Star Insurance Co., Ltd., London.

HEATING BOILERS
and
MECHANICAL STOKERS

Have your heating systems and Mechanical Stokers overhauled and adjusted by

THE SHANGHAI WATERWORKS FITTINGS CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances, Hongkong)

Office: 484 Kiangse Road Telephone 15577
Workshop: 464 Yangchow Road Telephone 50921

THE SAFE ROUTE TO EUROPE VIA SIBERIA-SCANDINAVIA

For all particulars apply to:

UNION STEAMSHIP AGENCY

51 CANTON ROAD TELEPHONE 11706

Just Arrived!

Imported Dresses, Bags, Accessories, Fall Materials

SIBERIAN FUR STORE
Dress Department
1151 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 30729

T. MACDONALD & CO.
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS—1076 SINZA RD.
All Kinds of Monuments in Stock Telephone 30466

"HAZELINE" *(Trade Mark)* SNOW"

An aid to clear complexions

Non-greasy. Stimulates and refreshes the skin. Does not clog the pores.

The ideal basis for face powder. Softens and soothes skin roughened by wind and strong sun.

You should have a jar on your dressing-table.

Glass jars from all Chemists and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(PROPRIETORS: THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD., LONDON, ENG.)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI
ES 8113 COPYRIGHT

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
BUILDING MATERIALS

FIRE BRICKS
FIRECLAY
"HYTEMPITE" *Special Fire Cement*
FACE BRICKS
PAVING BLOCKS *for Roads, Courtyards, Stables, Godowns, etc.*
DRAIN PIPES *Glazed inside and out*

WINDOW GLASS
(Factory at Chinwangtao) *16 oz. to 70 oz., Best Quality*
COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
3rd Floor, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund, Entrance Foochow Road, Tel. 11070

PALACE HOTEL
SNACK RESTAURANT
A la Carte Service or Table d'Hote

To-day's Business Luncheon $2.00

CONSOMMÉ in Cup
or
SPLIT PEA SOUP

FRIED FILLET OF BREAM, TARTAR SAUCE
or
HAMBURG STEAK WITH FRIED EGG & ONIONS
or
ROAST SHOULDER OF VEAL WITH GNOKIS O'BRIEN POTATOES—CREAMED SPINACH

TAPIOCA PUDDING
or
ICE CREAM

DEMI-TASSE

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Telephone 34220 Artistic Memorials
International Funeral Directors
207 KIAOCHOW ROAD
Personal care of
Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Scott *Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Horton*

BY THE
SIBERIAN ROUTE
TO
EUROPE

COMPLETE RESERVATIONS AND ALL NECESSARY TICKETS.

ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE AS TO PASSPORTS AND VISAS AT THE TRANS-SIBERIAN DEPARTMENT OF

Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.
119 Nanking Road Telephone 15335 (Extension 3)

COMPLETE INSURANCE SERVICE

FIRE	London & Lancashire Insce. Co., Ltd.
	Royal Exchange Assurance
MARINE	Guardian Assurance Co., Ltd.
ACCIDENT	British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.
& SICKNESS	Orient Insurance Co., Ltd.
	Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.
MOTOR CAR	Law Union & Rock Insce. Co., Ltd.
THIRD PARTY	British & Foreign Marine Insce. Co., Ltd.
	Standard Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
AVIATION	British Aviation Insurance Co., Ltd.
LIFE	Confederation Life Association

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund Telephone 82020

THE WORLD RENOWNED NATURAL MINERAL WATER
VICHY CÉLESTINS
ESPECIALLY EFFECTIVE IN CASES OF
STOMACH & LIVER TROUBLE, GOUT, RHEUMATISM
Obtainable Everywhere

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 20 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$36
China, Korea and Japan	"	44
Hongkong and Macao	"	62
Postal Union Countries	"	160

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies 80 cents

Shanghai, China, Korea and Japan	per annum	$36
Hongkong and Macao	"	40
Postal Union Countries	"	60

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, Shanghai
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTHS

HARTMANN-BALAZS.—On October 1, 1939, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to NINA (née Chouisky), wife of S. Hartmann-Balazs, a son. 11646

BYRD.—On September 4, 1939, at Chefoo, North China, to SHEILA (née Urquhart) wife of C. F. Byrd, a daughter, Caroline. -4970

ENGAGEMENTS

CHUBB—CLIFTON.—The engagement is announced between Lieutenant DAVID WILLIAM EARLY CHUBB, Royal Navy, younger son of The Hon. Charles and Mrs. Chubb of Lethbridge, Wimbledon, and VERONICA, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Clifton, Shanghai. -4937

HAINES—REYNELL.—The engagement is announced between Lieutenant REGINALD GREGORY CHARMAN HAINES, Royal Navy, elder son of the late Dr. C. R. Haines, D.D., M.A., F.S.A. and Mrs. Haines, Meadowleigh, Petersfield, Hants, and EUGENIE MARION, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold. E. Reynell, Shanghai. 11652

MARRIAGE

WONG—CHUN.—On September 29, 1939, at Community Church, by the Rev. John Caughey, D.D., MILDRED K. CHUN, youngest daughter of Mr. Chun Wing Kee, of Shanghai, to THOMAS M. WONG, youngest son of Mr. Wong Sin Hing, of Macao. -5003

DEATHS

COOKE.—On September 30, 1939, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, DENYS, HASLEWOOD, passed peacefully away. Funeral will take place at Hungjao Road Cemetery at 2.30 p.m. today, October 3, 1939. By special request no flowers. Donations to British Charities. -5006

AGUILA.—On Sunday, October 1, 1939, at the Paulun Hospital, Shanghai, EMILIO SANCHES DEL AGUILA, in his 74th year, the dearly-beloved husband of Theodora (Durica) Allemao Sanches, and father of Vincente Ludivino Sanches del Aguila. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road Requiem Mass, Wednesday, October 4, 1939, at St. Peter's Church at 9.15 a.m., to be followed by interment at Pahsienjao Cemetery at 5 p.m. (Hongkong and Macao papers please copy.)

DRISIN.—Suddenly on October 1, 1939, at Dairen, ISAI EFREMOVICH DRISIN, aged 61 years, beloved father of Mrs. Sonia Haas, Bob-Lozar Drisin, brother of Mrs. Liza Rashin, father-in-law of Mr. Isidor Haas. -4948

QUIMBY.—Sunday morning October 1, 1939, EDITH ETHEL (Holder) QUIMBY, Toronto, Canada, aged 46, the beloved-wife of John Wesley and mother of John Sumner and Ethel Rebecca. -4930

MUSGROVE.—On October 2, 1939, at Omura, Japan, FREDERICK ALEXANDER, the dearly-beloved husband of Mrs. Y. Musgrove, age 61 years. (Tientsin papers please copy.)

MORELAND.—The funeral of MARTHA L. MORELAND, will take place in Hungjao Cemetery at 3.30 p.m. today, Tuesday, October 3, 1939. All friends and relatives are invited. -4969

IN MEMORIAM

BROWN.—In loving memory of our dear AMY, who fell asleep at Babacombe, Devon, on October 3, 1937.
"Not today but every day, in silence we remember." 11645

CARD

Mr. F. M. GUEDES wishes to thank his friends for the messages of sympathy and for the beautiful flowers sent during his recent bereavement.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

SUBMARINE WARFARE

Of the many heartening things contained in the speech which Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, broadcast on Sunday night, not the least encouraging was his reference to the manner in which the German U-boat menace was being dealt with. For the first three weeks of the war there was a rapid diminution in the number of vessels sunk each week, until on Sunday the First Lord was able to announce that a whole week had passed since a British vessel had been destroyed. There has, it is true, been some submarine activity in the North Sea where neutral shipping has been torpedoed by German submarines, but they do not appear at present to be receiving the protection of the convoy system, though within a short while it is believed this will be extended to them as a means of thwarting this particular activity of the German navy in its policy of unrestricted submarine warfare. It will be remembered that when, in 1917, Germany decided upon this form of warfare on January 9, to come into force on February 1, of that year the German Government announced a barred zone within which all shipping was liable to be sunk, extending roughly from Terschelling in Holland to Udsire in Norway thence to the Faroe Islands and passing down the meridian of longitude 20 degrees West, 350 miles from the west coast of Ireland went on to Finisterre. It also included the Mediterranean with the exception of a small area around Majorca and a narrow lane the length of the Mediterranean as far as Greece. Subsequent areas were added by Germany before the last war ended, but this was the main area in which the unrestricted submarine campaign was fought out. January, 1917, saw 145 Allied and neutral vessels disposed of. With the opening of unrestricted warfare, in February, 209 were destroyed, in March the figure had reached 246 vessels, while the peak was attained in April when no fewer than 354 ships were sunk, after which month the Allies gained control of the situation and in the last month of the war the figure had been reduced to no more than 50. Altogether by action of submarines, mines, and surface craft, Germany had succeeded in destroying over 5,500 vessels.

To bring this about she had made use of 372 submarines in the course of the war, of which 191 were either sunk or interned, 138 surrendered and the balance variously accounted for. The commencement of the campaign found Great Britain singularly unprepared with counter devices but history shows that, once the full dimensions of the peril were realized, dispositions were made, and improvements effected which brought this particular menace well under control. It was an enormous task, but the fact was that the Allies were able to prevent their tonnage being lowered to that irreducible margin which alone would have fulfilled their needs. That margin was accepted as 12,500,000 tons, with a further 600,000 under repair, whereas when the war ended Britain still had at her disposal no less than 14,049,000 tons. Viewed against these enormous figures the present submarine campaign is indeed puny. Germany went into the present war with officially 67 submarines. It is quite obvious that well before war broke out she had disposed of some of her submarines in a manner best calculated to deal British shipping a lightening blow a few hours after hostilities had commenced. Initial successes were disquieting enough, but it was not then fully realized that until the convoy system could be put into operation the risks which mercantile vessels ran on the high seas would be considerable. It speaks well for the organization of the Admiralty that within a comparatively short period of time adequate protection was being given to the Allies sea-borne commerce, casualties were reduced with astonishing rapidity until now a week has passed without the loss of a single Allied merchantman. Full details of the amount of damage inflicted upon enemy under-water craft are not available, but there is every reason to believe that in proportion to the number of such vessels with which Germany commenced the war considerable losses have been inflicted upon them.

That in all probability accounts for the message received last week that German submarines were operating further afield in an endeavour to damage Allied shipping before the convoy system comes into operation. That will undoubtedly necessitate the establishment of clandestine fuel dumps in various parts of the world to which these submarines can resort for supplies, and will make the work of the Allied navies in suppressing them all the more difficult. On the other hand the fact that they have been obliged to operate in waters far removed from those areas in which the trade routes converge upon Britain and France means that their targets are more scattered, and that the effort required to sink a ship is all the greater. In the restricted waters around the British Isles and the French coast there is little possibility of defeating the submarine by rerouting vessels, such as can be done in more distant parts of the world. Here the convoy system can operate to the best possible advantage. It may be that eventually along the principal trade routes the convoy system will have to be considerably extended, but the fact that the submarine has been chased out of its happy hunting ground for other areas where the bag is much nore difficult to find, is the best possible proof of the efficient manner in which the Allied navies have dealt with this menace. It would be unwise to suggest that these activities of the German navy have finally been stopped. Rather is it to be expected that every now and again it will demonstrate sporadic actions in various parts of the world, but it seems quite clear that in those areas where Allied shipping would be most vulnerable to submarine attack efficient safeguards have been established, and that in the not too distant future it will be possible to extend protection to that neutral shipping which Germany has commenced wantonly to attack.

Latvia Next

With Esthonia definitely dealt with the turn of Latvia has apparently arrived. That is the only conclusion to be drawn from the fact that M. M. Munters, Foreign Minister, has left Riga for Moscow following decisions by the Latvian Cabinet to clarify its relations with the Soviet. Under a reported menace of twenty divisions of Red troops, which, formerly stationed on the Esthonian frontier, have not been moved to the Latvian border, Russia is alleged to have demanded that a non-aggression pact should be reached between the two countries, and, what is more important, that she should have the right for her war vessels to call at Libau where a Soviet garrison would be stationed. With the right to station troops, and naval vessels at the Esthonian Islands Moscow secured a commanding position over the entrances to the Gulfs of Finland and Bothnia, and if she obtains similar rights in Libau she will also have secured an important point from which to dominate the Gulf of Danzig. In view of the difference of strength between the Russian and the German fleets this might not at the moment seem of any great importance, but with submarines stationed at these three points rather more control of the Baltic will have been secured than would otherwise appear to be the case. The general effect of these developments is to obtain a return to Russia, not so much of the territory which she has lost, as the strategical advantages of which she could not take advantage so long as her naval strength was confined to the Gulf of Finland. In effect Russia is bent upon obtaining naval bases in the Baltic which up to the present have been denied her, and to place herself in a position from which she would be more able to deal with Germany should the present very unstable arrangements ever come to an end. Russia is in a fair way to establish her contemplated hegemony over the Baltic States, and it may not now be long before she concentrates her attention on the Balkans.

U.S. In The Pacific

While the Neutrality Bill constitutes the major legislative problem in the United States at the present time, and the isolationist bloc is doing its utmost to defeat President Roosevelt's intention, an event of extreme importance is taking place related to American defence plans. That is the transference of the bulk of the American fleet to Hawaii on a series of manœuvres shrouded in secrecy. It has long been contended that the American naval defence line lay somewhere in the Pacific, and, although after the September crisis of 1938 when Europe was on the brink of war and a special Atlantic fleet comprised majnly of new cruisers was created for the Atlantic after the transference of the American fleet through the Panama Canal, there has been no deviation from the cardinal principles of this policy. It is now stated that as long as the British fleet comprises no menace to the safety of the United States—and naturally could not be considering that its major purposes are now directed against Germany in the North Sea and the Atlantic—the Pacific problem on which American naval experts have been labouring so long does not diminish in importance but increases in view of the uncertain and bewildering changes in strategical plans, especially affecting Soviet Russia, which now emerges as a naval power although not on the same scale as Japan. Little information has been published regarding the purport of the American naval manœuvres and the exercises to be held off Hawaii. Formerly, American naval movements have been a common topic of newspaper information and comment, but the latest arrangements reveal nothing beyond the concentration of a large number of warships in the Pacific at a time when the naval activities of other powers are centred elsewhere. It seems a foregone conclusion that in the event of the excision of the arms embargo clause from the Neutrality Act, which will prevent American vessels carrying munitions to belligerent powers, there will be a wholesale transference of American merchant ships to the Pacific Ocean. This, in itself, will provide an impetus to American mercantile marine development as other mercantile powers will be preoccupied using their vessels for national services. Therefore, to the United States, politically, strategically and economically, the Pacific Ocean assumes preponderating importance of which these latest developments are a sign.

IN PARENTHESIS

Hitchcraft

UNSTINTED congratulations to the parson in Moggsville, Kentucky, who has just married 42 couples in one day.

Plainly a wonderful instance of working off surplice energy.

* * *

Grin

THE orderly sergeant was making his tour of the dining-rooms.

"Any complaints?" he boomed.

"This Irish stew's funny," grumbled a brave Militiaman.

"Oh, is it?" barked the sergeant. "Well, why the dickens ain't you laughin'?"

* * *

Modes in Monickers

MOST favoured names bestowed on British youngsters today are Shirley and Doreen for girls and Derek and Brian for boys.

The 200-year-old pet tortoise, Hamish, smiles enigmatitically. "These fashions come and go," he says. "My first born, who saw the light in Waterloo year, was called Arthur after the Iron Duke, until my wife and I found we had a daughter. The safe way in such cases is to pick names like Leslie, Sydney or Evelyn and wait for self-determination.

* * *

Be Kind To Your Neighbour

BE kind to your neighbour, he's human like you: look out for some kind little deed you can do. When he throws all his rubbish from over next door, just bung it right back with a little bit more.

And when his small boy clambers over plants, to get back the ball he threw over by chance, don't rate him or scold him — just pat his wee head with an old lump of brick or a large piece of lead.

Ah, yes, let us live in accord with our neighbour, and do all we can to help lighten his labour. And then when the wife wants a half-pound of marge, she can go round and cadge it without any charge.

* * *

This Is The Wife

HERE is a police message.

Will Annie Mossity, last seen at the first house of the Ardluck Empire, communicate with her husband and family, who are anxious to get in touch with her as soon as possible.

Mrs. Mossity is five feet nothing, thick-skinned, with oval complexion, fishy eyes, shapeless build, aquiline ears and stringy hair in a dreadful mess. She was wearing a black costume going green, odd shoes and stockings, and goodness knows what underneath. Speaks very loudly.

Stop Press.—Whoa, she's turned up. Slicko, the Great Illusionist, made her vanish from inside a big suitcase, but he's found her all trussed up inside a set of Chinese boxes. Bad luck.

* * *

Civil Servants

I LIKE to see servants of the Crown showing a proper respect for the dignity of their office, writes a Yorkshire "Post" correspondent.

I encountered this respect the other day in a very small post office which is, in addition, a newsagent's shop. At one end of the counter important business in connection with His Majesty's mails and the Inland Revenue is transacted behind a wire grille; at the other end one buys newspapers and tobacco or borrows romantic novels from the lending library.

My business in the shop was concerned with both departments. I wanted six stamps and an evening paper. The postmistress issued the stamps and then there was a pause. "And an evening paper," I said at length.

The postmistress stared haughtily. "This is the Post Office," she said severely. "Papers may be obtained in the shop."

I moved two yards to the left. The postmistress moved two yards to the right. The mantle of postmistress-ship slipped from her and she became the urbane shopkeeper. "Now," she said genially as if noticing me for the first time. "What can I get you?"

* * *

How Our Grandpas Lived

KNOCKING back a couple of snorters of tonic wine with 104-year-old Mr. Horatio Creak, I listened enthralled to his vivid recollections of the days of our great-grandfathers, writes a British columnist.

"Ay, young folk today have no idea of the way we old 'uns used to live," he mumbled, shaking his head. "There was no talkies in them days. We had Mary Pickford, but we couldn't hear her. And you couldn't telephone farther than Constantinople."

I gasped. "Go on," I prompted.

"These here pound notes, too. They called 'em Bradburys once. We had threepenny-bits of silver, so we did. And travelling! Why, I remember they used to crank up motorcars, but that was before them traffic-lights or Belisha beacons. An as for flying, why, it used to take two hours to get to Paris.

"We got our fun, though. There was put-and-take. And instead of this mad Lambeth Walk and Boomps-a-Daisy—going back to the savages, I call it—we had a dance that was graceful-like to watch. The Charleston they called it, or some such name."

Unfortunately the old man's mind wanders a bit and he imagines things. I left when he began rambling about the B.B.C. at Savoy Hill, halfpenny newspapers and some queer exhibition at Wembley.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

Yesterday	Min.	61.0	Max.	82.0
Same date, 1938	Min.	70.0	Max.	85.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	60.4	Max.	82.9
Same date, 1938	Min.	70.5	Max.	85.3

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 1st:—High and steady pressure over China: rather low and rising over Japan. Typhoon to the west-south-west of the Bonin, moving north-north-eastward. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast and fine to cloudy weather.

State on the morning of the 2nd:—Fine and cool weather. South-south-easterly breezes. High and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine to cloudy weather with south-westerly winds around Shantung. Cloudy and variable with unsteady winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

TO THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE:

In memory of Mr. Denys H. Cooke:—

W. J. Gande	$10.00

TO THE I. C. RELIEF FUND

Mrs. P.	$5.00
I. C. Arbitration fees	1.00

TO THE PORTUGUESE LADIES BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

In memory of Mrs. Thereza Guedes:—

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sauer	$10.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. C. Lopes	2.00
Mr. and Mrs. F. Ribeiro	3.00
Miss Evelina Lopes	2.00
Mrs. Laura Gutierrez	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. McCarthy	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. L. A. M. Ozorio	5.00

Mr. Churchill Reaffirms Britain's Resolve

"As Defenders of Civilization, We Are Going On to End"; Poland Will Rise Again; Russians Have Stopped Hitler in East; U-Boats Beaten

London, Oct. 2.

REAFFIRMATION of Great Britain's determination "to persevere, whatever may happen, until a decisive victory is gained," was made by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, in a broadcast talk last night summing up the results of the first month of the war. "We have been told," he said, "that we are effete Democracies. Our reluctance to fight was mocked as cowardice, but now we have begun and, with the help of God and with the conviction that we are defenders of civilization and freedom, we are going on to the end."

Mr. Churchill declared that although during the first month of the war the expected severe fighting had not occurred, three important things had happened:

1. Poland had been overrun by two Great Powers but her spirit remained unconquered, and the heroic defence of Warsaw showed that Poland was indestructible and would rise again.

2. Russia had asserted her power, and Soviet armies stood upon an eastern line for the safety of Russia against Nazi aggression. Russia had warned Herr Hitler off east and south-eastern Europe.

3. The U-boat attack had not proved successful A week had passed since a British ship was sunk, and during the month the British had captured 150,000 tons more German merchandise than U-boats had sunk.

Dealing at the outset with Poland, Mr. Churchill said that the country had again been overrun by the two great Powers which had held her in bondage for 150 years, but were unable to conquer the spirit of the Polish nation.

The heroic defence of Warsaw, he asserted, showed that the soul of Poland was indestructible, and she would rise again like a rock, which may for a spell be submerged by a tidal wave but which remained a rock.

Russia's Policy of Self-Interest

Referring to the assertion of power by Russia, the First Lord said Russia had pursued a policy of self-interest. Great Britain could have wished that the Russian armies should be standing on their present line as friends and allies of Poland instead of as invaders, but that Russian armies should stand on this line was clearly necessary for the safety of Russia against the Nazi menace. At any rate, the line was there, and an Eastern Front had been created which Nazis dared not assail.

When Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, was summoned to Moscow last week, it was to learn and accept the fact that Nazi designs upon the Baltic States and Ukraine must stop.

Proceeding, Mr. Churchill said:

"I cannot forecast any action by Russia—it is a riddle wrapped in mystery inside an enigma, but perhaps there is a key: that key is Russian national interest. It cannot be in accordance with the interest or safety of Russia that Germany should plant itself on the shores of the Black Sea, or overrun the Balkan States and subjugate the Slavonic peoples in south-eastern Europe. That would be contrary to the historic life interests of Russia, but here these interests of Russia fall into the same channel as the interests of Britain and France. None of these three Powers can afford to see Rumania, Yugoslavia Bulgaria and, above all, Turkey put under the German heel.

Allied Community of Interests

"Through the fog of confusion and uncertainty we may discern plainly the community of interests which exists between England, France and Russia to prevent the Nazis from carrying the flames of war into the Balkans and Turkey.

"Thus, at some risk of being proved wrong by events, I will proclaim tonight my conviction that the second great fact of the first month of the war is that Hitler and all that Hitler stands for have been and are being warned off east and south-eastern Europe."

Speaking of the third event, Mr. Churchill said the U-boat attack on the life of the British Isles had hitherto not proved successful.

"It is true," he said, "that when they sprang on us, and we were going on our ordinary business with 2,000 ships on the seas, they managed to do serious damage, but the Navy immediately attacked U-boats, and is hunting them night and day with zeal and not without relish.

U-Boat Hunt to Be Trebled

"It looks very much as if U-boats were feeling the weather. A week has passed since a British ship, alone or in convoy, has been sunk or even molested on the high seas by a U-boat, and during the month we captured, through the Contraband Control Service, 150,000 tons more German merchandise for our own benefit than we had lost by all U-boat sinkings put together.

"Every day we are attacking U-boats. Some of them have preferred to go and sink unprotected neutral ships of Norway and Sweden. I hope the day will come when the Admiralty is able to invite ships of all nations to join British convoys, and insure them upon voyages at a reasonable rate.

"We must expect that the U-boat attack on the seaborne commerce of the world will be renewed on a greater scale. We hope, however, that by the end of October we shall have three times the hunting craft working as we had at the beginning of the war. We hope that our means of putting down this pest will grow continually, and that U-boats may safely be left to the care and constant attention of the British Navy."

Referring to what was happening in Britain, Mr. Churchill sympathized with those who wished to

(Continued on page 12, col. 5)

British Ship Sunk In Atlantic

U-Boats Crowded Into Baltics; Scandinavian Shipping Victimized

London, Oct. 2.

It is officially announced that the British steamer Clement has been sunk in the Atlantic by an unidentified submarine.

Most of the German submarines whose original destination was the Atlantic Ocean were sent instead to the Straits of Skagerrak and the Baltic Sea because the Atlantic was deemed too dangerous for submarine operations, the naval editor of the "Daily Express" reported today. This explains the great activity by German submarines against neutral Scandinavian shipping.—Havas.

Swedish Steamer Captured

Stockholm, Oct. 2.

The Swedish steamer Algeria was captured today and taken to Kiel. Her entire cargo of pig-iron and wood-pulp was destined for Genoa.—Reuter.

Stockholm, Oct. 2.

Bound for Antwerp with a cargo of paper pulp, the Swedish freighter Aspen was captured by two German warships and taken to Kiel.

Another Swedish merchant vessel was hailed in Swedish territorial waters south of Smygehuk by a German plane and ordered by wireless to follow a course east-south-eastward. The plane disappeared, however, when two Swedish aircraft were sighted.—Havas.

Danish Freighter Sunk

Copenhagen, Oct. 2.

Torpedoed by a German submarine, in the North Sea, the Danish freighter Vendia sank with eleven dead sailors who were killed by the explosion of the torpedo. The remaining six members of the crew were picked up by the submarine and placed on board another Danish vessel which was hailed later.—Havas.

Latvian Freighter Captured

Stockholm, Oct. 2.

The Latvian freighter Smantea was captured by a German warship in the Baltic Sea, and is believed to have been taken to a German port.—Havas.

Denmark Will Protest

Copenhagen, Oct. 2.

The Danish Minister has been instructed to protest immediately against the sinking of the Danish freighter Vendia, torpedoed by a German submarine in the North Sea today. A survivor revealed that the ship was sunk only three seconds after the submarine had fired warning shots, and before the Vendia could possibly heave to. Of the 17 men aboard, only six are reported to have been picked up by the submarine.—Reuter.

Dutch Mine-Sweeper Hits Mine

Second Blast Takes Toll Of Eight; Ship Damaged

Amsterdam, Oct. 1.

The second Dutch mine-sweeper to strike a mine since the start of the European War, the Van Gerder was damaged off Terschelling Island this morning and had to be towed into port for repairs.

The blast claimed a toll of eight, two of whom were killed outright. Three others were injured, while the remaining three disappeared, apparently thrown overboard by the force of the explosion.

The first Dutch mine-sweeper to meet disaster was involved in a much more serious tragedy, for 29 men of her crew were killed and the ship was sunk.—Havas.

Rumanian Government Reviews Situation

Resigning Polish Cabinet Members May Be Detained

Berlin, Oct. 2.

The Rumanian Council of Ministers met at Sinaia yesterday to discuss the situation created by the resignation from the Presidency of Poland of Dr. Ignace Moscicki, whois at present in Rumania, the German official D.N.B. news agency announced today. A communique on the matter will be released in Bucharest later.

It is learned that the former President and the other members of the late Polish Government will continue to "reside" in Rumania. In Rumanian political quarters it is said that Dr. Moscicki's decision to resign in no way alters the situation of his former Ministers and of himself, who will still be considered political men and thus be interned in Rumania. The D.N.B. added that Rumania is maintaining a completely neutral attitude in the question.—Havas.

Mr. Chamberlain to Speak Today

London, Oct. 2.

"I would be glad if the House would await the statement I shall make tomorrow which I would prefer not to anticipate today," Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, stated in the House of Commons this afternoon in reply to Major C. R. Attlee, leader of the Labour Opposition, who asked if the Prime Minister had anything to say on the Soviet-German peace move.—Havas.

French Make Gains on Front Near Saarlouis

Gen. Gamelin to Let Pressmen See Strong Positions Captured

Paris, Oct. 2.

A communique issued today, referring to military operations, says the night was comparatively quiet. There were raids and ambushes on various parts of the front.

The French advance during the week-end south-west of Saarlautern (Saarlouis) was on a front extending 1½ miles, according to French sources.

An important sector was seized in the angle forming the junction between the Nied and Saar Rivers. The ground is a rugged plateau dominating several towns in the Saar valley, including Saarlautern, Pachten, Dillegen, Roden, and Wallerfangen.

The capture of the sector enables the French to enfilade the valley of the Prims, an important line of communications at a right angle to the front.

Sunday was a quiet day, according to the latest French war communique, which adds that there was artillery firing from both sides east of the Saar.—Reuter.

Time on Side of Allies

London, Oct. 2.

At the beginning of the second month of the War, forecasts on future possibilities are united in emphasizing that time is on the side of the Allies. The waiting game, it is stressed, is the Allies' best tactics, allowing the Germans to waste their strength on attacks on the Maginot Line, while the economic blockade takes effect.

In this connection, Colonel Hesse, of the German Economic Bureau, is quoted from a German official publication as warning that Russia's railways —which have smaller mileage than France or Germany in a territory thirteen times as great and which are totally inadequate even for home need —must seriously restrict Russia's economic help to Germany.

The report that General Marie Gustave Gamelin, Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Forces, is permitting newspaper correspondents to go to the Front, saying that "it is time to raise the curtain of silence, suggests that the Allied position may be considered fairly satisfactory.

German aeroplanes are appearing over the Western Front in increasing numbers and are more numerous than the Allied machines. Losses, however, are at least evenly distributed.

Frequently British aviators, when out-numbered, succeed in escaping by feigning to be shot down, righting themselves when out of range for pursuit.

Aviation observers discuss new problems presented by the heights attainable by modern machines, which can all easily climb 20,000 feet, and many of them 30,000 feet. It is not impossible that airmen may soon have to be provided with airpressure cabins, as well as oxygen.

The aerial fighting in Abyssinia, Spain and China afford no criterion for a conflict in which the Powers are adequately matched for both offence and defence.—Reuter.

Berlin, Oct. 2.

On the Western Front, says the German High Command communique, there was a lively activity by artillery and patrol units. One British reconnaissance plane, it says, was brought down.—Havas.

French Capture Prisoners

Paris, Oct. 2.

Small scale but highly useful raids and ambush attacks aimed at taking prisoners for questioning by intelligence officers were reported in official French advices from the front today. Scouting and aviation activity continued, but no combats on the scale of those reported on Saturday occurred.

The French, like the British, claimed to have amassed an extensive collection of photographs of the Siegfried Line emplacements and German concentration points in the rear. No aerial bombardments of the areas, however, has yet begun. Major concentrations, according to advices from the front received this morning, were seen from 60 to 100 miles behind the actual front. German troops were seen to be vailable for quick transportation to battle positions by means of trucks, but no signs of reinforcements at the front were yet noted.

Germans Merely Stalling

French front dispatches reported the Germans to be totally inactive except for efforts to parry the local French attacks. This factor was believed to be the result of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's orders to limit fighting to purely defensive operations while he concentrates on a diplomatic offensive.

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Air Raid Precautions at Buckingham Palace

Scots Guardsmen are shown piling sandbags around one of the conical air raid shelters outside Buckingham Palace.

Five British Warplanes Drive Off Fifteen Germans

Reconnaissance Duty Completed Though Three Ships Are Lost; Fifth Plane's Splendid Feat

London, Oct. 1.

A THRILLING account of how five British warplanes on reconnaissance duty over the Siegfried Line fought off fifteen German pursuits and fulfilled their orders by concluding the reconnaissance flight, was given today by the Ministry of Information in a special communique. Three of the British craft were shot down, a fourth was compelled to make a forced landing and the fifth barely made its base, but the main point was that orders had been fulfilled to the last letter. Two German craft were shot down in the "dogfight" staged at an altitude of over 20,000 feet.

The Information Ministry's communique read in full: "Five against fifteen, those were the odds in a great air battle over the Siegfied Line. The five were reconnaissance R.A.F. planes, the fifteen were German Messerschmidt fighters. The British airmen suffered losses, but their first experience of war again showed the old fighting quality. An order had been given to reconnoitre a particular position behind the German Line in the most strongly-defended part of the Saar. Anti-aircraft batteries put up a fierce barrage, but our aircraft went through successfully.

"When well over the frontier at a height over 20,000 feet, the squadron leader sighted the enemy. From behind a bank of clouds came nine Messerschmidts. They approached, flying 2,000 feet higher. Away on the right, another six swooped to the attack.

"Reconnaissance was the work to be done. Nothing must stop it. The formation flew on.

"The moment the fight started, the enemy tactics were revealed. Breaking formation, the Germans concentrated mass fire on each British machine in turn. Their method was to wheel dive and come up under the tail of our aircraft.

British Leaders Fine Feat

"Intense fighting lasted for 35 minutes. Three of our machines were shot down and another made a forced landing, but out of the twelve men forming their crews, eight were seen to escape by parachute.

"The squadron leader alone was left, but he flew on just the same to finish his job.

"Dodging, side-slipping and banking to get away from the concentrated enemy fire, he held his course and finished the reconnaissance.

"Meanwhile, in the tail of his aircraft, the gunner kept up a steady fire. A stream of his bullets hit the engine of the leading Messerschmidt. The enemy machine swerved and in a second burst into flames and plunged to the earth.

"Keeping up his fire, the gunner landed further bursts in the second fighter. With black smoke pouring from its nose, the craft went down in a spin. In all, 259 rounds of ammunition had accounted for the enemy losses. The thirteen remaining Germans gave up the fight.

Wounded Navigator Keeps On

"The navigator, third member of the crew, kept his pilot on the homeward course although his instruments were smashed and he himself was wounded in the forehead.

"The aircraft by this time was in sorry case. There were 89 bullet holes in its fabric: the ailerons and rudder were damaged, and both petrol tanks were burst and flooding the inside of the fuselage with petrol and fumes.

"As it crossed the frontier on the way back, the engine failed. From the starboard tank, petrol poured through a bullet hole each time the aircraft banked. But, by stopping it up with a handkerchief, the pilot was able to save enough gas to get home.

"The landing had to be faced with the retractable undercarriage jammed. It was halfway open and the offside tyre shot away.

"As the machine touched the ground, it spun in a circle, cartwheeling over one wing, and caught on fire. The navigator was flung out on his head with his clothes on fire. The gunner was jammed inside. Without a thought for his own safety, the navigator hauled him out and smothered his blazing coat with bare hands," the Information Ministry's account concluded.—Havas.

Polish Girl Tells Of Warsaw's Ruin

Frightful Carnage in Once-Beautiful City; Even Germans Appalled

Copenhagen, Oct. 2.

The terrible effects of German air raids on Warsaw were graphically described in the "Berlingske Tidende" by a Polish girl, Maria Wisti, who arrived here yesterday.

She said the death roll was such that streets and squares had to be dug up in order to bury the dead.

Many babies, she asserted, were born in air-raid shelters, and many people were taken there to die.

Poles of both sexes and all ages showed great courage as soon as anyone was injured, rushing out, at the risk of their lives, to carry the wounded to safety.

Perhaps the most horrible moment of the whole tragedy, the girl added, was when boys between the ages of fifteen and eighteen were called up to defend Garwolein, 38 miles from Warsaw.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Politiken," who has just flown over Warsaw, said it was still burning at many points. He was struck dumb at the sight of the destruction, while four Germans in the plane were so shocked that they could not say a single word, but sat whitefaced and silent.—Reuter.

Switzerland Told of New Polish Cabinet

Berne, Oct. 2.

The Polish Minister to Switzerland, M. Tytus Komarnicki, officially informed the Swiss Government of the resignation from the Presidency of the Polish Republic of Dr. Ignace Moscicki and his replacement by M. Wladislaw Raczkiewicz.—Havas.

British Planes Fly Over Berlin, Potsdam

London, Oct. 2.

The Royal Air Force carried out successful reconnaissance flights over Berlin and Potsdam last night, the Air ministry announced today.—United Press.

Nazi Reich Described as "Realm of Folly and Lies"

Neutral Traveller Describes Appalling State of Affairs; Defeatism and Despair Plainly Shown

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 1.

A communique based on reports received here today was issued by the Ministry of Information, in which it was reported that the Berlin authorities have decreed that people may not wait in queues to buy their provisions. People who live in flats are made to give their ration cards to the warden of their building who does the shopping for them. This arrangement not only does away with the depressing sight of food queues, but decreases possibilities of conversation and criticism for which long periods of standing and waiting provide an opportunity.

A statement issued here today by the Ministry of Information under the heading "A Neutral Traveller's Impression," states that a traveller—a neutral—who recently returned from Austria to France, writes as follows:

"The impressions I got in Germany were appalling. Here was a country going to war like a sleep-walker with a loaded gun in his hand. Two-thirds of the population knew or pretended to know nothing. The remaining third was prey to defeatism and despair. I cannot say that food was actually short, but I was astonished to see the complete breakdown of the Government machine.

"Thus in Vienna, a city of two million inhabitants, no police were to be seen. The Austrian police had been dissolved and nobody appointed in their place. All around me I heard nothing but complaints about Nazi tyranny and fears for the future. It is true that Austria presents a special case, but when travelling through purely German provinces, the tone of conversation was the same.

"What relief it was to get back to France! I do not know what the future holds in store for us, or what the outcome may be of the catastrophe which has overtaken us, but on one thing I am certain. On the other side of the Rhine, I have seen the country ripe for defeat, while here I see people confident and worthy of victory. There can be no mistake. I am very well aware of the material resources of Germany and of the fanaticism which actuates hundreds of thousands of its young men. But folly and lies are self-destructive, and Germany today is a realm of folly and lies.

"In France, I find quite a remarkable comprehension of the situation among all classes and an unshakable resolution to put an end to this business once and for all."—Reuter.

Two Chinese in Clipper

Manila, Oct. 2.

The Honolulu Clipper arrives tomorrow from Guam carrying seventeen passengers, including two Chinese, who are reported to be representatives of the Chungking Government. Their names are Mr. Chi San-hao and Mr. Chi Tai-chang. —United Press.

Britain to Withdraw Five Gunboats

H.M. Government have decided, in view of urgent military requirements elsewhere, to withdraw five of the ten gunboats on the Yangtze. This will release quite a considerable number of trained officers and men, whose services could be more usefully employed on active service.

This decision has been made, as it is considered that present conditions on the Yangtze do not justify the retention of ten gunboats between Shanghai and Hankow, when other military demands are more imperative.

H.M.S. Dragonfly and H.M.S. Grasshopper are sailing today for an undisclosed destination.

China's Purpose to Resist New Moves

Generalissimo Denounces Mr. Wang Ching-wei's Plan; Suicide Suggested

Chungking, Oct. 2.

"The Chinese Government will not recognize any puppet institution established like the so-called 'Reformed Kuomintang' or the 'New Central Government.' Further, the Chinese Government will not be lenient towards Mr. Wang Ching-wei, whose only way out is to commit suicide."

Thus declares Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in a statement published today.

Denouncing Mr. Wang's peace movement the Generalissimo states: "The entire Chinese nation now has one fixed purpose, irrespective of parties or political affiliations, that is to resist, and not to surrender."

Commenting on the suggestion that certain powers might desire an early conclusion of peace between China and Japan, following the outbreak of the European War, General Chiang expressed confidence that the Powers would respect the wishes and aims of the Chinese people.

He added: "Peace can only come after the fulfilment of Chinese aims in the present war of resistance."

The National Government was the only legally recognized authority to decide on war or peace. The Generalissimo also asserted that the Powers would not treat seriously any decision a puppet régime might adopt in this connection.

Referring to the possibility of Powers recognizing a puppet régime, General Chiang declared he was confident no friendly Power would want to antagonize the feelings of the entire Chinese people since "it is too clear such a régime must be pure puppets of the Japanese.

Even if such recognition was afforded, the Generalissimo pointed out, it would not have any effect on China's position. He recalled that despite two years of recognition by Germany and Italy of Manchoukuo the Manchuria problem remained unsettled.—Reuter.

Dutch Defence System Not Yet Flooded

Hague Knows Nothing of German Concentrations

Amsterdam, Oct. 2.

Not a single defensive system has hitherto been even partially flooded in Holland, with the exception of the small Polder province near Utrecht, which was flooded about a fortnight ago partly to test existing arrangements and partly to bring the water to such a level that any further inundation, if eventually necessary, might be easier, according to authoritative sources.

Only 200 families are said to live in this area.

It is learned authoritatively that nothing has yet been decided in regard to any further flooding. In some circles such action is even regarded as improbable.

Nothing is known in competent circles at the Hague in regard to any German concentrations along the Dutch-German frontier.—Reuter.

Japanese Promotions

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

The War office announced today that 40 major-generals had been promoted to lieutenant-generals and six colonels to major-generals in a general reshuffling of Army staff.

Simultaneously, Lieutenant-general Shigeru Sawada was appointed Vice-Chief of the General Staff of the Army, to succeed Lieut.-General Tetsuzo Nakajima.—United Press.

Herr Hitler Non-Plussed by Allies' Firm Attitude

Italy Believed Being Importuned to Support "Peace Offensive"; Soviet Arms Pact Hinted

Rotterdam, Oct. 2.

THAT a Soviet German military alliance is already in existence but will not be announced before the result of the present "peace offensive" is known is the view held by the Berlin correspondent of the "Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant." "We must not have the illusion that Soviet Russia, should the peace offers be rejected, would maintain her passive attitude," the correspondent added and stressed that "Turkey's stand appears to be a cause of great worry in Berlin."—Havas.

Stockholm, Oct. 2.

Herr Hitler may give up his peace offensive altogether if the speech to be delivered in the House of Commons by Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister, crushes his last hope of succeeding, the Berlin correspondent of the "Svenska Dagbladet" reported today. The firm attitude of the Allies in face of the German "peace defensive" is greatly disconcerting official quarters in Berlin who, for a while, truly believed in the possibility of an early peace as a sequel to the German bluff, the correspondent said.

The correspondent further expressed the opinion that the Fuehrer will endeavour to bring pressure to bear upon Italy in the hope of inducing her to side with Germany. However, that Il Duce will remain neutral now seems obvious, the writer added.

On the other hand, the Rome correspondent of the "Stockholm Tidningen" reported that the German invitation to Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister. came as a complete surprise in Rome. Well-informed Italian circles are said to believe that the sole purpose of the Foreign Minister's trip was to take up the question of Italy's participation in the German peace demarches. —Havas.

Reichstag Speech Tomorrow

Copenhagen, Oct. 2.

Herr Hitler is expeced to lead a triumphant entry into Warsaw on Tuesday, says the Berlin correspondent of the newspaper "Berlingske Tigende." He now gives the date of the Reichstag meeting as Thursday or Friday.

Herr Hitler is expected to announce peace terms in his address to the Reichstag. Among other things the German Chancellor, it is believed, will state that he has no claims on France or Britain, apart from the Colonial question.

Thaelmann and thousands of Communists in German prisons and camps will be released as a result of the German-Soviet talks in Moscow, says the Berlin correspondent of the "National Tidende." The Nazis are stated to have promised to eradicate extreme forms of anti-Communist propaganda.

Count Ciano's visit to Berlin, the correspondent adds, is merely to enable Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, to inform him of what happened at Moscow.—Reuter.

Count Ciano Sees Hitler

Berlin, Oct. 2.

Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Halian Foreign Minister, left for Rome this morning, according to the official German news agency. Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, saw him off.

Count Ciano had a final conversation with Herr von Ribbentrop on the international situation just before leaving.

The centre of diplomatic activity in Europe has shifted from Moscow to Berlin, with the arrival in the German capital last evening of Count Ciano, who is visiting Berlin at the invitation of the German Government. He received a warm welcome at the station, where he was greeted by Herr von Ribbentrop, and other Cabinet Ministers as well as by Army officials.

Count Ciano had his first interview with Herr Hitler at 6.30 last evening at the Chancellery. Herr von Ribbentrop was present.

It is believed that the Reichsfuehrer has invited Count Ciano to Germany to inform him of the exact relationship between Berlin and Moscow.—Reuter.

Hard Test for Axis Alliance

Brussels, Oct. 2.

The Berlin correspondent of the Belgian news agency says it appears from explanations by German officials that the Italian Foreign Minister will communicate the German peace plan to Signor Benito Mussolini, and that if the Italian mission ends in a check, the German-Italian military alliance will be subjected to a hard test. Italian circles believe Germany hastened the start of the war at a moment which Italy judged to be premature. They affirm that Italy wishes to remain neutral.

The correspondent adds that the whole of the German propaganda machinery is proclaiming the Soviet-German pact as a diplomatic success, but home Germans would prefer a pact with France and reserve invectives for Britain, who is described as the "eternal enemy."—Reuter.

Wilhelmstrasse Views

Berlin, Oct. 1.

Italy and Germany, as partners in the Axis, were determined to do everything possible in the interests of Europe and Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, arrived here today to receive information on the settlement of eastern European problems with Russia, the semi-official "Diplomatische and Politische Korrespondenz" stated today.

"It is natural that Italy, our friend, should be informed on the importance and scope of the settlement that has just been reached."—Havas.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 4 3/32d. U.S.$ 7 7/16c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, Oct. 2.

Sharply lower prices for silver were fixed in London today, with quotations being as follows:—

	Sept. 29	Oct. 2
London spot	22½d.	21½d.
„ forward	22 7/16d.	21d.
„ gold	168/–	168/–

London/New York:

	Sept. 30 close
One pound	U.S.$4.0200
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.

	Oct. 2, 1 p.m.	
One pound	U.S.$4.0200	$4.0400
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.	59.405d.

—Reuter.

Latvia, Finland to Be Soviet Victims

Lithuania May Obtain Special Treatment As Moscow Binds Baltics

Riga, Oct. 2.

On special instructions following an urgent Council of Ministers, the Latvian Foreign Minister, M. Vilhelm Munters left for Moscow by plane this morning accompanied by the Soviet Minister in Riga, M. L. Sotoff. He refused to make a statement prior to his departure.

M. Munters received his mission shortly after he had reported to the Cabinet on the newly-concluded Soviet-Esthonian non-aggression pact and the latest Soviet-German political and economic accords.—Havas.

Finland's Turn Next?

London, Oct. 2.

A broadcast from the Rome radio station this morning announced that according to official report from Moscow the Soviet Government will shortly conclude mutual assistance pacts with Finland and Latvia. These pacts will be similar to the one concluded with Esthonia.—Havas.

Lithuania Also Included.

Berlin, Oct. 2.

According to the official German news agency, the Lithuanian Minister in Moscow has gone to Kaunas in connection with the Soviet offer of a friendly agreement with Lithuania. The agency says that the agreement contemplated is not a mutual assistance pact like that between Russia and Esthonia.—Reuter.

Finland Closely Watching

Berlin, Oct. 2.

Political circles in Finland are closely watching the speedy developments in the situation in the Baltic area, the German official D.N.B. news agency reported this morning.

It is generally admitted that the agreement to which Latvia will soon be invited to participate by Soviet Russia will be similar to the mutual assistance pact between the Soviet Union and Esthonia. If there had been any doubts in Latvia on this question, the agency added, they were dispelled quickly after the report submitted to the Latvian Foreign Minister, M. Vilhelm Munters, by his Esthonian colleague, M. Karel Selter.

Details are lacking on the scope of the Soviet demands. It is believed in Helsinki that they will bear mostly upon the use as free ports of certain Latvian harbours, such as Libau, although Riga would be left out of the demands. Libau is but an hour and a half by car from the German frontier.—Havas.

Moscow Hides Turkey's Stand in Mysteries

M. Sarajoglu Meets Soviet Chiefs; Cryptic Communique

Moscow, Oct. 2.

A lengththy conference was held here yesterday between the Soviet Foreign Commissar, M. Viacheslav Molotoff, and M. Sukru Sarajoglu, visiting Turkish Foreign Minister. The official communique says "momentous questions pertaining to Soviet-Turkish relations were examined." The Soviet Ambassador to Turkey, M. Alexei Tarentieff, was present.—Havas.

Bucharest, Oct. 2.

M. Sukru Sarajoglu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, who has been conferring with M. Viacheslav Molotoff, Soviet Foreign Commissar, is expected here on Wednesday on his return journey from Moscow.—Reuter.

Moscow, Oct. 2.

Soviet-Turkish negotiations continue to be shrouded in obscurity. The laconic official Tass communique merely said a conference lasting over four hours was held yesterday between the Turkish negotiators and Soviet officials, including M. Josef Stalin; M. Vyachslav Molótov, Foreign Commissar; M. Vladimir Potemkin, Vice-Commissar for Foreign Affairs; M. Victor Dekaosov, another Vice-Commissar, while M. Alexander Terentiev, Soviet Ambassador to Turkey, assisted his chief, M. Sukru Sarajoglu.

Hours after the conference ended, the Turks were inaccessible even to Ambassadors of friendly Powers who could not communicate with M. Sarajoglu.

Some neutral observers believed the Soviets were trying to achieve Turkish neutrality to close the Dardanelles to ships of the Allies if Russia became involved in the war. Turkey is in easy reach of the Soviet Union's vital oil centre at Baku.

It was understood that M. Sarajoglu last Wednesday proposed a Russo-Turkish pact consistent with Turkey's obligations to the British and French Governments. A Soviet radio broadcast yesterday claimed the Turkish Government would denounce Anglo-French agreements if the Allies attack the Soviets.—United Press.

Train Accident in Argentina

Buenos Aires, Oct. 1.

Seven persons were killed and 60 injured in a train collision at Cordoba, it was reported here today.—Havas.

Ghost Ship Rises From Deep

Rusty, Battered Hulk Makes Trip From Davy Jones' Locker to Shanghai

LIKE a ghostly wraith from the grisly depth of Davy Jones' Locker a buttered, rust-worn, flame-warped old river boat painfully limped up the Whangpoo River yesterday in tow of a sturdy little river tug. As if to shake itself of its mortifying burden the squat, tidy tug snorted its way upstream, smoke belching from her stack as she strove to get to her destination and rid herself of the gruesome ghost ship behind her, lest perhaps she become contaminated with the rust and river grime that caked the vessel in tow.

Another relic of the Sino-Japanese war in the lower Yangtzze, the rusty old river boat was formerly part of the boom thrown across the great waterway at Kiangyin by the Chinese in an effort to block the Japanese naval drive. The ship, with numerous other craft, was sunk in the murky depths of the great muddy waterway to form a blockade. In all there were from 75 to 100 vessels of all description, old steamers and junks filled with concrete, sunk to the bottom of the river, with only a narrow channel left for navigation. This channel was blocked also when the Chinese retreated upriver.

Causes Surprise

The rusty old derelict which was towed upriver yesterday caused onlookers on the Bund to blink in surprise as she shuddered along in the wake of the impatient tug. She looked her part from her rusty battered bows, caked with river silt to her woe-begone sagging old stern, the part of a ghost ship resurrected from the cold, murky depths of a watery tomb. Even her leaning stack, long and narrow, looked as if it would give up the struggle to stand erect and crumple up onto the rust-eaten deck.

Speculation as to her immediate past and conjecture as to her future were rife among local sea faring circles. All agreed that she had recently been disturbed from a long slumber in the deep, but what was she doing afloat, up here in the harbour among the living, throbbing tons of modern shipping that traversed the busy port?

Silent as a Sphinx, the phantom craft, moored a short distance downriver from Pootung Point, presented no visible explanation of her presence. Indeed her forlorn appearance seemed to convey the impression that all she desired was to sink again to the bosom of the deep from which she had been so rudely disturbed.

Fated for Scrapiron

One plausible explanation was forthcoming from the welter of discussion concerning the strange craft. She was apparently one of the old San Peh ships and had been sunk as a part of the Kiangyin boom. Her appearance indicated that at one time she had been swept by fire, and who knows what other adventures she had been through in her time. The old craft was truly an "Ancient Mariner" of shipping.

The vessel had recently been dragged up from the bed of the Yangtze by the Japanese Navy, and here lay the answer to her appearance in the Whangpoo. She was on her way to the Kiangnan Dock to be broken up for scrapiron to make ammunition for Japanese guns. Her stay near Pootung Point will be brief indeed. At least while she lays to in the busy stream she retains, no matter how macabre her appearance, some trace of her romantic past, but today she will be towed upriver to the Kiangnan Dock to be ripped into shapeless shreds of steel, these same shapeless shreds to be moulded into shiny steel bullets and shells or armourplate.

Severe Fighting In North Honan

Japanese Reported to Have Dealt Chinese "Crushing Blow"; Nearing Changsha

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

"The Japanese forces which have trapped nineteen divisions of Chinese troops in Northern Hunan since September 23, have succeeded in dealing them a crushing blow," says a Japanese field dispatch received here today.

It claims that the present battle in Northern Hunan is being conducted on a far larger scale than the battles for Hsuchowfu or Hankow.

Chinese forces under Gen. Kwan Lin-cheng, it continues, fell back to the Tungting Lake on the West, and to the Wanyang Mountain range on the East. The first Chinese defence line, it says, was constructed along the Sinsiang River, and a second line along the Mi River.

The Japanese, however, the dispatch states, out-manœuvred the Chinese by effecting a surprise landing on the eastern shore of the Tungting Lake at two places. The Japanese are then said to have advanced Southward, outflanking the Chinese second line. Another Japanese force is reported to have pushed south from Tungcheng, while still another force drove Southward in several columns from further to the West.

Japanese left and right columns, the dispatch says, effected a junction at Pinkiang, an important outpost of Cnangsha, on the Mi River, "thus completing the Japanese steel ring around the Hunan capital."—Reuter.

Changsha Endangered

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

Japanese troops sweeping southward along the Canton-Hankow railway in Hunan were within eighteen kilometres of Changsha, the provincial capital, at 2 p.m. on Saturday, a belated field dispatch reaching here today said.

Aerial observation indicated that Changsha had been evacuated both by the Chinese military as well as civilians, the report stated. Meantime, Japanese troops operating in the upper reaches of the Mi River continued mopping-up operations against isolated remnants of three Szechuen divisions which were "virtually annihilated' in fierce hand-to-hand fighting late last week, according to other field dispatches.—Domei.

Japanese Bombers Raid Chengtu

Chungking, Oct. 2.

For five hours during the night the populace sheltered in dugouts, when Japanese warplanes passed over Chungking and raided Chengtu, capital of Szechuen province. The alarm was sounded at 11.30 p.m. when raiders were sighted heading towards Chengtu.

Two groups of bombers passed north of the city without attempting to raid Chungking. They continued westward and bombed "a certain place in north Szechuen."

Later they bombed Chengtu. Due to heavy fog the Japanese planes circled round for some time before they found their way back to the base.

The "all clear" was sounded in Chungking at 4.30 a.m.—Reuter.

Japanese Aerial Activity

Hongkong, Oct. 2.

A renewal of intensive Japanese activity on northwest China was reported in Chinese dispatches reaching here today. Sian, capital of Shensi, was raided several times between 5.30 and 8.20 a.m. on Sunday when Chinese military establishments there were machine-gunned and bombed, the reports said.

An aerial engagement between Japanese and Chinese aircraft took place at Tsaichiaho, 20 miles from Lanchow, in Kansu on Saturday morning, the Central News Agency said but failed to mention the results of the encounter. Lanchow, the report added, was thrown into a panic as air alarms were sounded, but the Japanese planes, said to be on their way to Lanchow by way of Ninghsia apparently failed to appear.—Domei.

Poles May Raise Army In Canada, U.S.A.

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Toronto, Oct. 2.

News of a plan by General Wladislaw Sikorski, the new Polish Prime Minister, to raise a Polish Army in Canada and the United States, has been enthusiastically received here. The Polish community here is already planning to recruit 2,000 men.—Reuter.

Hua Hsing Circulation Mounts Y. 3,291,126

Increasing by Yuan 448,479.20 in the period from September 16 to September 30, the total note circulation of the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank stood at Yuan 3,291,126.60 on Sunday, bank officials announced yesterday. Included in the amount was Yuan 20,960.60 in subsidiary notes, according to the officials.

Circulation reached a new high on September 22, bank officials said, when it amounted to Yuan 3,359,356.80. The increase was attributed to loans in connection with the autumn silk cocoon crop. The collection of Maritime Customs duties in Hua Hsing notes as well as the collection of municipal rates in Nanking in that currency were also increasing the demand for Hua Hsing Commercial Bank notes, it was stated.

S.M.P. Pistol Snatched North of the Creek

Five Armed Men Relieve Constable of Weapon

After an orgy of pistol snatching in the Western district during which members of the Shanghai Municipal Police were relieved of their weapons by armed gangs, another similar case was reported last night from North Kiangse Road, near Range Road.

This time C.P.C. 1885 was attacked by five men four of whom were armed with pistols and one with a pair of scissors which he brandished in front of the constable as he was held by members of the gang.

After relieving the C.P.C. of his .380 Colt automatic and a magazine containing six sounds of ammunition the men decamped and had disappeared before the disarmed constable was able to raise an alarm.

Sewing Machine Stolen

An unusual piece of booty was chosen by armed robbers, who entered a Chinese house situated at No. 52 Tsau Ah Pang, Ferry Road last night. In this instance it was a sewing machine which two members of an armed gang of five laboriously carried out after finding that the inmates had little to offer in the way of cash.

The three men also decamped with a quantity of clothes and an alarm was sent to Pootoo Police Station. When a police party arrived, however, the men had flown with the sewing machine.

A total of $2,500 was stolen by four robbers, all armed, earlier in the evening at 8/270 Bubbling Well Road. The men, after intimidating the inmates, removed jewellery and cash to the above value and made their escape.

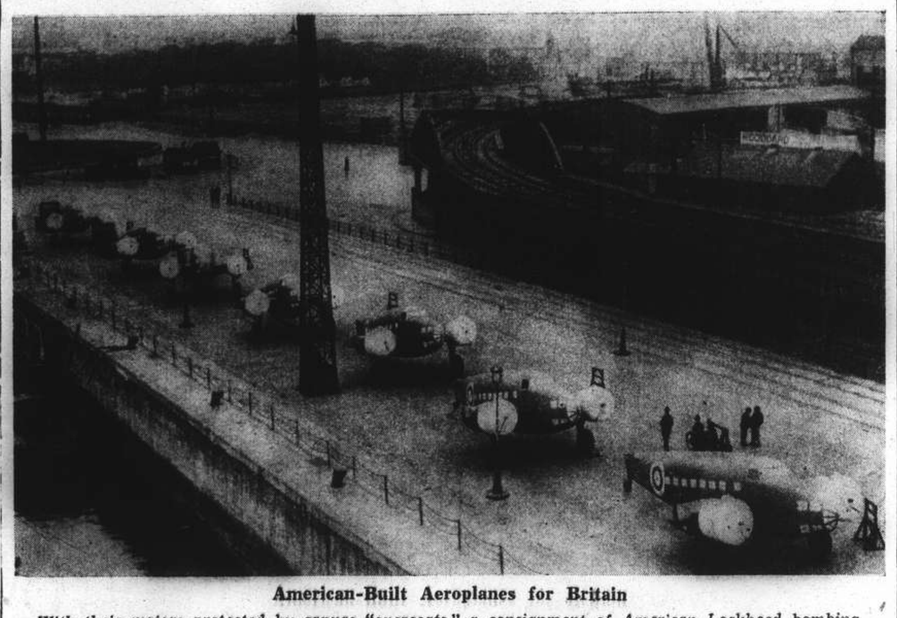
Author Says Foreign Settlements Doomed

Honolulu, Oct. 2.

Mr. Gene Lamb, author and lecturer, believes that foreign settlements in China are doomed as result of Japanese aggression.

Mr. Lamb, who is a passenger aboard the ss. Kamakura Maru enroute to the mainland, said yesterday he believed Japan would soon take over the foreign settlements on Chinese soil.

Basing his opinions on first hand observations during his 25 years' residence in China, Mr. Lamb said that the foreign concessions at Shanghai and Tientsin as well as the British colony at Hongkong are ripe plucking for the Japanese in the light of recent European developments. On the other hand, he said, there was some evidence that Japan is breaking down economically under the strain of the long Chinese campaign.—United Press.



American-Built Aeroplanes for Britain

With their motors protected by canvas "overcoats," a consignment of American Lockheed bombing planes is shown on the docks of Liverpool after having been unloaded from an American steamer.

Mr. Churchill's Speech Hailed

Canadians Cheer at Firm Stand Against Nazis; U.S. Impressed

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Toronto, Oct. 2.

The broadcast speech made last night by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, was cheered by Canada's man-in-the-street. His reaffirmation that war would not end until Naziism was overthrown was especially approved.—Reuter.

New York Press Endorsement

New York, Oct. 2.

The masterial address delivered by broadcast last night by Mr. Winston Churchill, the First Lord of the British Admiralty, met with the full approval of the American press here this morning.

The "New York Herald-Tribune" referred to Mr. Churchill's firmness "which cut short Hitler's peace offensive. Mr. Churchill spoke with a passionate conviction devoid of emphasis and with exemplary courage. His language can be understood by men in all countries. He spoke for Great Britain, but he did not use the accents of a savagely national religion which would have had a meaning only for its adepts. The world could hear and understand."

The "New York Times" stressed the firmness of Britain and France, determined to oppose the forthcoming German peace manœuvre.—Havas.

Yugoslavia Impressed

Belgrade, Oct. 2.

The speech made last night by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the British Admiralty, created a deep impression in Yugoslavia, particularly his reference to the coincidence of interests between Russia, Britain and France.

The "Politika" features the sentence of the speech in which Mr. Churchill said that "it is incompatible with Russia's safety that Germany should crush the Baltic States or the Slavonic peoples of South-Eastern Europe."

"After the first moment of surprise," the paper adds, "Yugoslav opinion sees the Soviet intervention in Poland as a barrier against German expansion to the East and South-East." The paper sees the Russian move as beneficial to the Balkan Slavs "of whom Russia has remained the natural protector."—Havas.

Californians Break Seaplane Records

Lancaster, Cal., Oct. 2.

Mr. Clyde Schlieper and Mr. Wes Carrol broke all known seaplane endurance records yesterday after passing their 57th hour aloft. The two men notified their ground crew that they have decided to challenge the light plane endurance record of 343 hours.—United Press.

Japanese Active Along Hongkong Border

Chinese Troops Reported Arrived in Area

Hongkong, Oct. 2.

The situation this morning on the border of the Leased Territories was somewhat obscure.

Japanese aerial activity is continuing, following raids by six Japanese aeroplanes near Fanling yesterday, which were reported by foreigners.

It has been established that the Japanese are still in possession of villages on the border. At the same time, vernacular reports of a large-scale attack by the Chinese appear to be grossly exaggerated.

Investigations by independent sources reveal that yesterday's engagement at Shataukok was carried out by a very small number of Chinese forces.

It is, however, learned that 4,000 Chinese troops have actually arrived in the vicinity, and further developments are expected.—Reuter.

Admiral Osumi Arrives In London

London, Oct. 2.

Admiral Osumi, former Naval Minister of Japan, arrived here today with his staff, it was officially announced.

He was previously scheduled to attend the Nuremberg Congress as a member of the Japanese delegation headed by General Count Terauchi, former Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in North China.

His visit to Britain is of a private nature, and he will sail for Japan on Friday.—Havas.

Young Stewardess Does Not Return to Ship

All police stations in Shanghai were supplied yesterday with the description of a young English girl, employed by the P. & O. Line as a stewardess on the ss. Viceroy of India, who had not returned to the ship after going ashore early on Sunday morning.

Last night the whereabouts of the girl were still unknown to the police but it was believed that she had come to no harm and that she would return to the ship before sailing time. The Viceroy of India recently arrived from London and way ports.

French Make Gains on Front Near Saarlouis

(Continued from page 7)

French engineering corps are feverishly consolidating the advance positions facing the Siegfried Line as well as scouring the area for unexploded mines. In a section of the Warndt Forest three kilometres by three kilometres, the French engineers were reported to have found 3,000 unexploded mines. They judged that the total must have been twice that before the French purposely set off the mines by various means without suffering casualties.—United Press.

Britain Calls Up More Young Men to Colours

All Youths Between Ages 20-22 Must Now Register

London, Oct. 2.

A proclamation has been made by the King directing that, with certain exceptions, all male British subjects residing in Great Britain on October 1 between the ages of 20 and 22 are liable to be called up for service in the armed forces of the Crown.

All men thus liable to be called up must apply to be registered at local offices of the Ministry of Labour at a date to be announced later.

British subjects between 20 and 22 outside Great Britain are liable to be called up as soon as they return, and they must apply for registration within seven days after their return to Great Britain at local offices of the Ministry of Labour.

It is anticipated that the number of men under the new order in the 21 to 22 age group, plus those who have reached 20 since May 3, are about 250,000.

It is stated that actual calling-up notices of the new age groups may not be given until some time in November.

About 8,000 militiamen will be taken into the Navy and 14,000 into the Air Force.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Dr. Tubelis

Kaunas, Sept. 30.

Dr. Tubelis, former Premier of Lithuania, died here suddenly at 6 p.m. today.—Havas.

Mr. Ichita Kobashi

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

Mr. Ichita Kobashi, former Mayor of Tokyo, died of apoplexy at 10 o'clock this morning at the age of 69. Since his resignation in April Mr. Kobashi had been resting at his villa at Chigasaki, Kanagawa Prefecture.—Domei.

Tangee gives a dignified beauty because it's natural beauty

You will never appear excessively made-up with Tangee. Instead, it gives your lips a natural loveliness that is always in good taste. Because it isn't paint—it can't paint. Orange in the stick, Tangee changes magically on your lips to a blush rose, the color most becoming to you. Never that glary, painted look! Try Tangee for natural beauty! Your friends will approve.

World's Most Famous Lipstick
TANGEE
ENDS THAT PAINTED LOOK

Czechs Use Indian Leader's Methods

Mr. Ghandi's Passive Resistance Weapon in Prague Having Effect

London, Oct. 2.

Heading its report "Czechs Use Ghandi's Tactics," the "Daily Mail" today published further information on the anti-German boycott in Prague.

On Saturday, at a previously appointed time, all tram passengers alighted in order to protest against the names of stations being called in German. In retaliation, the German police removed all the flowers round the statue of St. Wenceslas and clubbed the Czechs who had gathered round the memorial yesterday instead of going to the Prague Fair to hear an address delivered by Baron Konstantin von Neurath, the Reich Protector of Bohemia and Moravia.

Although he himself was unable to give any exact figures, the correspondent of the paper in Prague learned that the Gestapo had arrested about 700 persons in Prague alone during the past few days.

It is confirmed, on the other hand, that Gestapo agents are busy looking for twelve armoured cars which mysteriously disappeared from the military arsenal in Prague yesterday.—Havas.

German Troops Enter Warsaw Suburb

Berlin Says Occupation Without Incident

Berlin, Oct. 2.

German troops entered into Warsaw without incident yesterday, this morning's official General Staff communique reported.

The occupation of the city was completed by evening when the first contingents marched through the Praga suburb.

The last point of Polish resistance, namely the Hela Peninsula, surrendered last night just when a combined assault by German naval and land forces was about to take place. The Polish garrison, it says, consisted of 52 officers, including the Chief of the Polish Fleet Admiral Voranrus, and 4,000 men.—Havas.

MARCEL Duret, a young farmer of Dingy-en Vuache, near Grenoble, after being bitten in the thumb by a viper while drinking from a stream, ran home and chopped his thumb off with a hatchet.

Gen. Abe's Address On China Affairs

Settlement The Supreme Question Before Japan; Policies Concentrated

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

"The supreme question now confronting Japan is the settlement of the China affair, on which, therefore, both foreign and home policies must be concentrated," declared the Prime Minister, Gen. Nobuyuki Abe, in an address to Provincial Governors here this morning.

The basic principle for the settlement of the China affair, he said, had already been fixed, and it was subject to no alteration with a change in the Cabinet. Japan must ensure a complete settlement of the China affair, in co-operation with a new "Central Government" in China, which was being shortly organized and for whose organization Japan would extend every possible assistance.

General Abe, however, reminded the Provincial Governors that the establishment of a new "Central Government" in China, or the decline of the anti-Japan regime in China did not mean the termination of the China affair.

"Japan's mission," he stated, "does not consist of the mere restoration of peace with China, but lies in the construction of a New Order in East Asia by the consummating of a union between Japan and Manchoukuo and the establishing of new relations between Japan and China.

Non-intervention in Europe

"This policy of Japan is not affected by any change in the international situation, hence her non-intervention in the European war and the concentration of all her efforts and energies on the improvement of the East-Asiatic situation."

Deprecating, however, isolation, the Prime Minister said that Japan would co-operate in the advancement not only of East Asia, but of the world, with those foreign Powers who sympathetically understood Japan's position, and who did not grudge collaboration with Japan in the "amelioration" of the Far Eastern situation.

Japan was determined and prepared to deal resolutely with those foreign Powers who refused, with malicious intent, to understand Japan's sincere attitude.

Declaring that the days of individualism and liberalism had already gone, General Abe urged the Japanese nation to be true to their time-honoured tradition by rendering united and devoted services to the throne, and by sinking private interests into public interests.

Stressing the necessity for a further strengthening of national mobilization, General Abe said that the expansion of the productive capacity of industries would be accelerated, while a co-ordinated economic and industrial plan for Japan, Manchoukuo and China would be worked out.—Reuter.

Germans Play French Song for French

Berlin, Oct. 1.

A Sunday concert broadcast to the German nation by German wireless stations for soldiers at the front lines was interrupted for a request number which, so the announcer said, had been requested by French officers and men in the Maginot Line. The number was "Parlez Moi D'amour" (Speak To Me of Love). The announcer said that the French troops had put through a telephone call to the German broadcasting company by way of Switzerland.—United Press.

Hela Polish Garrison Surrenders

Berlin Claims Dauntless Fighters Show Truce Flag

Berlin, Oct. 1.

German troops today overcame the last line of Polish resistance when they compelled the defenders of Hela Peninsula, just off Danzig, to hoist the white flag of truce, the German official D.N.B. news agency reported.

The white flag, it was stated, was run up early this morning and negotiations for the formal surrender of all Polish positions in the fortified peninsula were launched, D.N.B. added.

Since the fall of Warsaw and Modlin, the Hela Peninsula was the only seat of resistance left in Poland Isolated from early in the war, the defenders there stated they would fight as long as they had ammunition.—Havas.

Hawaii Army Field Given to Navy

Final Service Held in Ballentine Memorial Chapel

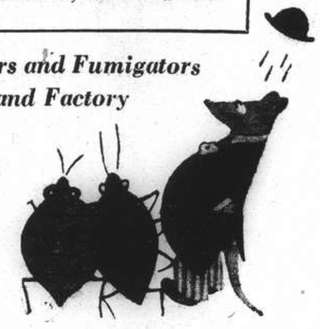
Honolulu, Oct. 1.

Chaplain James C. Bean today officiated at the final service at the Ballentine Memorial Chapel at Luke Field before the Army turns over the field to the Navy to permit expansion of the naval fleet and air base at Pearl Harbour. The chapel will be moved to Hickam Field.

Army planes and personnel also will be transferred to Hickam Field Luke Field was one of the pioneer Army bases in Hawaii. It was the scene of several historic events in aviation, including Amelia Earhart's crash in 1937 as she tried to take off for Rowland Island.—United Press.

INSURANCE! Strength—Safety—Service
BRUCE S JENKINS
FEDERAL INC., U.S.A.
Telephone 17272 113 Kiukiang Road

European Fumigators "BEWISE"
R. G. BEWEIS, 388 Route Frelupt
KILLERS of
Beetles, Bugs, Cockroaches, Rats and Mice
General Disinfectors and Fumigators for House and Factory
TELEPHONE 78296
for expert adviser
BE WISE AND GO TO
"BEWISE"



James Watt-The Second!

He may discover for himself the power of steam, but he is more likely to discover the painful effects of boiling water.

When scalded, prompt application of She-Ko, the Dr. Williams Medicine Company's curative ointment, soothes, cools, and ensures speedy healing.

The curative, antiseptic properties of She-Ko are equally beneficial for cuts, scratches, abrasions, bruises, burns and rapidly effective for head and foot sores, eczema, ringworm, pimples, uclers, insect bites and stings, chapped lips and hands, chilblains and for the relief of external piles. Obtainable at all chemists,

SHE-KO
Soothing - Antiseptic - Healing.

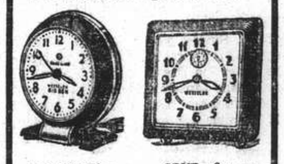
LATE? NOT WITH BIG BEN ON THE JOB

Get a Big Ben and get to work on time—every time. Millions of workers trust only Big Ben. He's earned a reputation for dependability and accuracy that no other alarm clock can match.

Handsome Big Ben keeps time accurately—wakes you promptly—gives long years of faithful service.

Choose the Big Ben you need. There's Big Ben Chime Alarm with quiet tick and two voice alarm for light sleepers. Big Ben Loud Alarm is preferred by heavy sleepers.

Big Ben and other members of the famous Westclox family of alarm clocks, electric clocks and watches are available at all good stores.



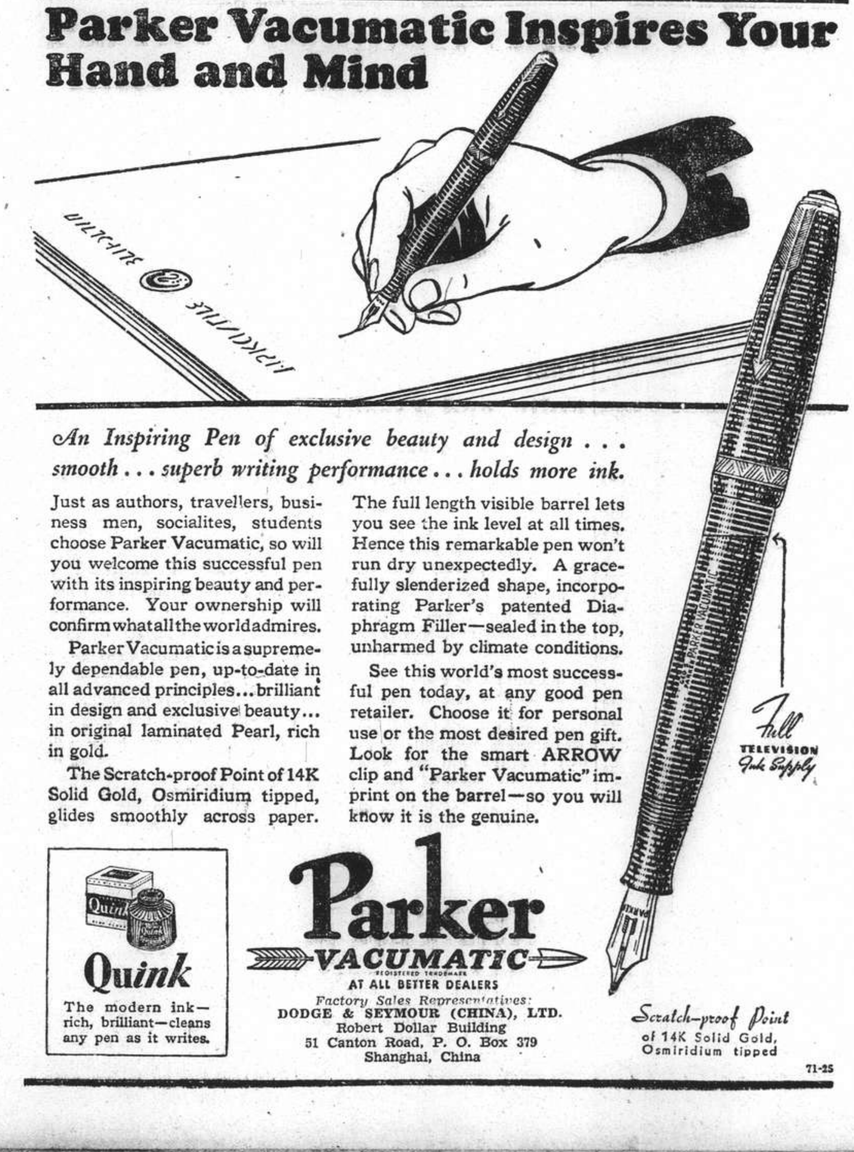
BIG BEN Electric—Black with nickel trim. Chime Alarm.

SPUR—Square clock, modern base. Luminous dial model also.

WESTCLOX
LA SALLE, ILLINOIS, U. S. A.

Distributors:
Dodge & Seymour (China) Ltd.
Robert Dollar Bldg.
51 Canton Road
Shanghai, China
12

Parker Vacumatic Inspires Your Hand and Mind



An Inspiring Pen of exclusive beauty and design . . . smooth . . . superb writing performance . . . holds more ink.

Just as authors, travellers, business men, socialites, students choose Parker Vacumatic, so will you welcome this successful pen with its inspiring beauty and performance. Your ownership will confirm what all the world admires.

Parker Vacumatic is a supremely dependable pen, up-to-date in all advanced principles... brilliant in design and exclusive beauty... in original laminated Pearl, rich in gold.

The Scratch-proof Point of 14K Solid Gold, Osmiridium tipped, glides smoothly across paper.

The full length visible barrel lets you see the ink level at all times. Hence this remarkable pen won't run dry unexpectedly. A gracefully slenderized shape, incorporating Parker's patented Diaphragm Filler—sealed in the top, unharmed by climate conditions.

See this world's most successful pen today, at any good pen retailer. Choose it for personal use or the most desired pen gift. Look for the smart ARROW clip and "Parker Vacumatic" imprint on the barrel—so you will know it is the genuine.

Full TELEVISION Ink Supply

Quink
The modern ink—rich, brilliant—cleans any pen as it writes.

Parker VACUMATIC
REGISTERED TRADEMARK
AT ALL BETTER DEALERS

Factory Sales Representatives:
DODGE & SEYMOUR (CHINA), LTD.
Robert Dollar Building
51 Canton Road, P. O. Box 379
Shanghai, China

Scratch-proof Point of 14K Solid Gold, Osmiridium tipped

71-25

FROM DAY TO DAY

DR. Juan Marin has assumed the direction of the Legation and Consulate-General for Chile in Shanghai.

THE American Women's Club will be At Home to all American women in Shanghai, at 4 o'clock this afternoon and it is hoped that all American women will attend.

A LOVELY black-and-white evening gown by "Old Bond Street" was the first prize in Sunday night's complimentary raffle at the Pelican. Mrs. Harris, room 431 Palace Hotel, was the winner.

FOR the first time since 1848, when St. Augustine's College, Canterbury, was founded as a missionary college, the annual commemoration festival held recently was attended by ladies.

AMONG the passengers arriving here from London on Saturday were: Mr. and Mrs. De Rosset, Miss W. Clements, Mr. L. B. L. Learnmonth, Mrs. E. Colterjon and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Dykes, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Kenyon and Mr. W. G. Smith.

MAJOR-General Sakurai and Major-General Takeshita, were the hosts at a cocktail party held at the Astor House Hotel yesterday afternoon in honour of Col. J. C. Fegan and officers of the Fourth Regiment, United States Marines.

THE following are the lucky numbers in the King's Daughters' Society's raffles at the Fun Fair held on September 23:—Doll's Cradle No. 40; Doll with Trousseau No. 86; Donald Duck No. 112; Sonia Henje Doll No. 5; Quintuplets in Basket No. 291; Doll's House No. 64.1

MR. Andrzej Bohomolec, First Secretary of the Polish Legation in Shanghai and concurrently acting Consul-General for Poland, is leaving Shanghai in the near future in view of his joining the Polish Legion in France. He is a Captain of the Reserve.

MEMBERS of the British Women's Association are advised that at the last meeting of the Executive Committee, Mrs. P.D.G. Gain was elected Chairman of the Association and Mrs. L. Giles Vice-Chairman. The change was made necessary because of the resignation of Mrs. J. S. Whitney on her departure from Shanghai.

THURSDAY, October 5, being the National Day of Portugal, the Rotary Club is observing it in its programme and will have Dr. Lebere e Lima, Portuguese Minister to China as speaker. Dr. Lima will be accompanied by several prominent members of the Portuguese community as well as some members of his staff, and it is hoped that a large attendance will be recorded, at the meeting which will be held at 12.15 p.m. at the Metropole Hotel. Rotarians visiting Shanghai are welcome.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending September 23 shows that the total number of deaths from all causes among the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were —Foreigners 4 and Chinese 494 Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Pneumonia 1; Meningitis 1; Dysentry 1. Chinese, Tuberculosis 2; Dysentery 5; Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 7; Cholera 2; Pneumonia 2; and Beri-beri 4.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight September 30, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 15 and Chinese 483. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Tuberculosis 1; Typhoid Fever 1 and Bacillary Dysentery 3 and Chinese, Typhoid Fever 20; Tuberculosis 21; Dysentery 13; Cholera 10; Choleraic Diarrhoea 4; Diphtheria 3; Beri-beri 3; and Tyhus Fever 1.

ACTING in conjunction with Mr. Norman Westwood, China manager for United Artists, who are releasing the picture, the management of the Nanking Theatre have invited one hundred and fifty members of the East Surrey Regiment to be present tomorrow at the 5.30 p.m. performance of "Four Feathers." These men were in Egypt while the film was being made and took part in the big battle scenes, their excellent work aiding materially in the success of the most exciting battle sequences to reach the screen.

THE Committee for Polish War Relief Work, which was established in the first weeks of the war, greatly appreciates the donations which have been received from members of the local Polish community as well as generous foreign friends. The ladies of the Polish community in Shanghai have organized a knitting and sewing circle to make various articles of clothing for the suffering Polish war victims, and donations of wool, other materials and money for this work are earnestly requested and will be gratefully accepted.

THE Navy Y.M.C.A. wishes to acknowledge with thanks, the receipt of books and magazines from the following friends during the month of September:—Miss J. B. Ross, Bishop Graves, Mr. Geo. Monk, Mr. A. U. Fox, Mrs. P. F. Price, The Secretary—Columbia Country Club, Mrs. J. B. Davies, Mrs. S. J. Andrew, Mr. Manuel A. Ferras, Mr. U.S. Harkson, Mrs. R. W. Brewer, Mrs. L. E. Hudec, Mr. C. M. Wentworth, Mrs. W. A. Main, Mrs. J. C. McCracken, and others. The Navy Y.M.C.A. is always pleased to receive books and magazines for use among Service men.

A PARTICULARLY strong programme has been selected for the first mid-weekly dinner dance to be held at the French Club tomorrow. The artistes include La Pasquala, well known for Spanish numbers; Mlle. Lalia in a gipsy dance, and the very popular negro dancers, Dick and Dixie, who met with considerable success this summer on the roof garden floor. The complete programme is as follows:—

Carmen" .....Le Pasquala
Gipsy Dance .....Mlle. Lalia
"Turkey in the Straw" ..Dick & Dixie
Spanish Gipsy Dance ....La Pasquala
"Stop You're Breaking My Heart" Dick and Dixie

During October, a dinner dance with floor show will be held each Wednesday night. These will be in the nature of an experiment, and their continuance will depend on the success attending the affair.

Moneylender Sues on Lost Note

Indian's Action Against British Subject; Claim Denied in H.M. Court by Defendant

DESCRIBED as an unusual case because of the fact that the promissory note, which bore out the plaintiff's claim, had been lost, "apparently from the Registry of H.M. Supreme Court," according to counsel for plaintiff, a moneylending action brought by an Indian against a British subject was heard before Judge Sir Allen Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday.

According to plaintiff, Hari Singh, represented by Mr. Ranald McDonald, a sum of $2,548 was owing to him by George Serge Lamport, a British subject of French extraction, on a promissory note. The money lent, he stated, was $1,300 while the total claimed represented the capital sum plus interest. Defendant, represented by Mr. K. E. Newman, denied the claim and stated that he had paid the money and that the promissory note had been torn up by plaintiff.

Plaintiff, who described himself as the owner of the New Sikh Store at 24 Miller Road, said that he paid over the money to Lamport, who signed the promissory note with a man named Cammiade. The note, he said, was made out in the house of Patab Singh but the money was paid over at his own shop.

In June, 1937 he brought an action against Patab Singh and the promissory note was put in to show that Lamport owed him money. The note was handed to the Court and later witness went to the Court Registry and asked for it back. After a search in the file he was told that it could not be found.

Writing on Note

Asked what was written on the promissory note, plaintiff stated that it contained the words "Lent $1,300 with interest at 2 per cent. per month," and the words "We, the undersigned." Cammiade's name, he said, appeared first and Lamport's second.

Sometime in July 1938 witness saw Lamport in Broadway and in 1939 he saw him in April or May. On the latter occasion Lamport told witness that he had no money. On September 14 he again saw Lamport who then said "Do you want to put me in jail? I haven't got any money." Witness then asked him where Cammiade was and Lamport replied that he was in Poland.

Cross-examined by Mr. Newman, plaintiff stated that the money was paid to Lamport and not to Cammiade. There had been no payment from Cammiade and no action had been taken against him as he had left the city. It was entirely false to suggest that, before he left, Cammiade had paid $1,300 and interest and that he had given Cammiade a receipt. Lamport, also had not paid him $1,300 in the presence of one of the teachers of the college of which he was principal at the time in Range Road.

Note Handed In

Ernest George Abbey, clerk of H. M. Supreme Court, stated that in the case of Hari Singh v. Patab Singh Lamport had been a witness for Patab Singh. During cross-examination a promissory note signed by Lamport (other names mentioned included that of Cammiade) was handed in. He believed that the note was for $1,300. Judge P. Grant Jones, he said, told the Court that the promissory note had nothing to with the case.

After the case had been concluded he took the documents to the Registry and he had a faint recollection of giving some letters and the promissory note to Patab Singh. Hari Singh also came to the Registry and asked for the note. Later Patab Singh denied that he had received the note.

Lamport, on oath, stated that he was employed by the Middleton Forwarding Agency in Szechuen Road, formerly being principal of the Anglo-French College in Range Road. He stated that Cammiade was his friend and a loan was negotiated in 1935, Cammiade being the borrower. Hari Singh lent the money and he agreed to act as guarantor. He did not receive any of the money.

Paid Back

Later, he said, Cammiade paid back $1,300 and Hari Singh stated that he had mislaid the promissory note. At the beginning of August, 1937, Hari Singh came to his office at the college and he paid him the full amount of $1,300 for the good name of the college and his own good name. Witness added that his son-in-law, Chen Foo-kwei, had lent him $1,500 to establish a laboratory at the college and that the school had been burnt to the ground during the hostilities.

Mr. McDonald then questioned witness as to the reason he had stated at the Hari Singh v. Patab Singh hearing that they had signed for $1,300 in order to get $650 and why he had told the Court that $650 had been returned. The Judge then pointed out that, before, he had stated that $650 had been paid with interest. Witness replied that when he paid over $1,300 he did it under protest.

After Alfonso Xavier had given evidence of having seen Lamport pay over $1,300 and Chen Foo-kwei had told the Court of his having lent his father-in-law $1,500, the case was adjourned until a future date to be decided upon by counsel.

Badlands Growing Slightly Worse

Outside Roads Teeming With Armed Men; Report Of Militia; Night Life

While outwardly the situation remained very much the same as during the last few days, reports of further increases in the armed strength of the Shanghai "Special Municipality" in the western area and of the forming of a Chinese militia there, were current yesterday. The rumour that there was a considerable exodus of Chinese residents was definitely denied.

What happens in the enclaves, off the extra-Settlement roads, is more or less a mystery even to the foreign residents of the district. Reports that plainclothes "patrols" were operating were probably based on the fact that armed men not in uniform are used as guards in or near some of the larger gambling and opium dens. There were no plainclothes patrols on the Municipal roads.

Tax-collecting from Chinese in the area, which began on Sunday, continued sporadically yesterday. It is carried on by employees of the Bureau of Finance of the present Chinese municipal régime at Kiangwan. Some "Special Municipality" policemen also were seen collecting licence fees from vegetable hawkers in a market.

Spokesman Noncommittal

Asked what measures the Japanese authorities were contemplating in the event that residents along the "outside" roads would decline to pay the taxes which the "Special City Government" has imposed, the Japanese Embassy spokesman at yesterday's press conference stated that he was unaware of any measures that may be enforced. He pointed out, however, that Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Secretary and Commissioner-General of the S.M.C. called on Mayor Fu Siao-en recently with a view to opening negotiations regarding the whole problem of the "outside" roads.

The Chinese Municipality policemen who have appeared in the district in increasing numbers are to a large extent recruited from among the prisoners of war formerly held by the Japanese in Pootung. Most of them appear to have had little or no police training, and there have been cases where they have asked S.M.P. constables to show them how to direct traffic at the "double" posts on the outside roads. Another group, again, is composed of men who formerly served in the Bureau of Public Safety (before the 1937 hostilities) in Nantao and Chapei. These recruits are mostly northern Chinese and have had a good deal of police experience.

$16 a Month for Married Man

The monthly pay of the "Special Municipality" constables is only $16, it has been ascertained by the "North-China Daily News" from the men themselves. No large amount is paid constables with families.

The dance halls, in conjunction with which gambling and opium rooms are usually conducted, have their own armed guards. One of these was observed at the door of one of the larger places on Sunday night smartly uniformed and wearing a heavy steel helmet. He was carrying a large-calibre automatic pistol attached to a lanyard, and a large electric torch. Many Chinese were gambling in a series of rooms adjoining the ballroom, and there was another room where young Chinese were smoking opium quite openly. The narcotic was offered at $1 a pipe but actually sold at 50 cents.

Indecent shows and tableaux are presented at regular intervals in some of the dance halls.

THE Japanese military supplies depot at Wuwangchwang, in Tientsin Chinese territory, was destroyed by a big fire which started at 6.20 p.m. on September 27, says a belated Hongkong Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The depot contained large quantities of medical supplies in addition to 16,000 bags of wheat flour, the report states.

THE Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Haiphong has sent a wire to the Overseas Chinese Affairs Commission of the Chinese National Government in Chungking, reiterating its support of the policy of national resistance as laid down by the Chinese Government, says a Chungking Chinese message to the "Shun Pao."

M. STANISLAW de Rosset, newly appointed Chargé d'Affaires of the Republic of Poland, arrived in Shanghai Sunday accompanied by Mme. de Rosset. Before his present appointment, M. de Rosset served in Palestine, Turkey, Egypt, Greece and the Near & Far Eastern Section of the Foreign Ministry in Warsaw. He was a well-known aviator during the World War.

A JAPANESE freight train was derailed at 1 a.m. on Friday in the vicinity of the Henglin Station, on the Shanghai-Nanking Railway by a party of more than 100 Chinese guerillas. Eleven coaches were overturned into the paddy field, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao." In the ensuing fighting between the guerillas and about 80 Japanese guards, approximately half the number of Japanese were claimed to have been killed, the report states. Throughout yesterday, passenger trains bound for Shanghai from Nanking were all delayed as a result, the report states.

Charcoal Prices Alarm Local Japanese

With the rising price of charcoal injecting a new element in the high cost of living confronting the local Japanese community, the Japanese Residents' Corporation has undertaken negotiations with the Sumitomo Yoko for the sale of 10,000 bags of charcoal "at almost cost price" the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported.

Under the proposed arrangement, the Japanese firm would sell 10,000 bags of charcoal to Japanese residents exclusively at Y4.30 a bag. The prevailing market price is Y6 a bag.

With the approach of winter, it is feared that the price of charcoal may go to Y10 a bag, according to the daily.

American Arrested for Carrying Pistol

James Stephan Cassedy was arrested by Mr. Gordon Campbell, Marshal of the United Court for China, at an address in Kiaochow Road yesterday morning, and will face the United States Court for China this morning on a charge of having been in possession of a pistol without a permit, on Friday evening at the New Savoy Bar on Bubbling Well Road.

Indian's Story of Spear Assault

Malicious Wounding Case Continues in H.M. Police Court; Again Adjourned

Describing an alleged assault by an Indian defendant, Sodagar Singh, on his friend, Jetha Singh, an Indian watchman, Feroze Din, told Mr. C. H. Haines, H.M. Registrar in H.M. Police Court yesterday that Sodagar Singh had used the sharp edge of an Indian spear with which he had struck his friend. This evidence was given during the hearing of the case in which Sodagar Singh is charged with assaulting Jetha Singh with a dangerous weapon.

Before this witness gave evidence, the complainant, Jetha Singh, was cross-examined. He stood by the story he had told in the witness box during the last hearing of the case, and repeated that he only suspected the accused of striking him, and that he was "out of his senses" when he made the serious charges of malicious assault and wounding with intent to harm or maim.

Mr. P. Watkin Williams prosecuted for the S.M.P., and Mr. E. T. Maitland appeared for the defence. The hearing was adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Struck With Spear

Feroze Din, a Hindu, employed as an S.M.P. watchman at 650 Szechuen Road stated that he lived at 73 Hwakee Road. On August 24, at 9.30 p.m., he met the complainant, Jetha Singh, on the corner of Hwakee and Seward Roads. Jetha Singh was drunk, the witness stated, but was able to answer questions put to him by the witness, and was able to walk normally. After talking for a few minutes, they walked together for about 15 yards and then saw Sodagar Singh on the pavement in front of his house. Jetha Singh went and sat down on Sodagar Singh's bed and the witness went into his house and up to his bedroom.

"Then, just as I was taking off my jacket," the witness said, "someone shouted 'I am being beaten' in Hindustani. I looked out of the window and saw that Jetha Singh was lying on the ground. I ran outside. Sodagar Singh was striking Jetha Singh with a spear. I saw him strike Jetha on the leg, but I noticed that Jetha was also bleeding from the head. The spear was made of iron and attached to a bamboo stick, and the spear head was about a foot long."

Illegal Weapon

The witness drew a diagram of the spear, showing that it had a flat iron head, something like an oar or paddle, but with sharp edges and ending in a sharp point. It was, he said, "a common weapon in India," where it was used for fighting, but was illegal. Continuing with his story, witness said that he shouted to Sodagar Singh to stop, saying that if he killed Jetha, he would have to be taken to the police station. Sodagar replied, "When I have finished killing Jetha I will report to the police station myself."

Sodagar Singh had been holding the spear with both hands and striking Jetha with the edge, when the witness cried to him to stop. After replying, he put the spear on his shoulder and said that he was going to the police station to report that he had killed a man. Jetha was bleeding profusely and said that he was in great pain. He bandaged his head and placed him on Sodagar's bed. The witness identified the bamboo bed, and the bloodstained blankets and bedding.

"I waited for half an hour, but no car came to pick up Jetha, so I went to Wayside Police Station," he continued. "I saw two Sikh Police Constables, Nos. 655 and 30, and Sodagar beside them. I told them that Sodagar had killed Jetha Singh with a spear, and asked why they had not sent a police car. The two S.P.C.'s took me to the charge room where I reported to the sergeant on duty." The hearing was adjourned before this witness could be cross-examined.

"Out of Senses"

Jetha Singh, the complainant, was cross-examined by Mr. Maitland, for the defence, and he reaffirmed that he was "out of his senses" and terribly drunk when he was assaulted. He had been drinking beer and Chinese wine, he said, on an empty stomach and he and his four or five friends were very drunk. He had been very dizzy and "out of his senses" at the police station and General Hospital, and, although he remembered people talking to him, he could not remember what they had asked him or what he had replied. He had made the charge against Sodagar, because he suspected Sodagar of assaulting him, and because he was the only man he knew among those present at the party. Asked then why he accused Sodagar when he only suspected him of assault, the complainant replied, "Because I was out of my senses at the time."

Japanese Clearing Up Grand Canal Area

Kaoya Taken in Drive in West Kiangsu

Kaoyu, large trade centre in western Kiangsu province, yas occupied by Japanese army forces, co-operating with naval units, at 7.40 o'clock yesterday morning as Japanese troops launched a campaign to reopen the Grand Canal to navigation, the Central China Expeditionary Force headquarters announced in a communiqué at noon yesterday. Kaoyu is 108 kilometres north-east of Nanking on the banks of Lake Kaoyu.

Launching their attack on Sunday night, the Japanese forces moved upon Kaoyu along the Grand Canal and from Shaopochen, 40 kilometres north of Chingkiang, according to the announcement.

The Japanese Expeditionary Force to North China is co-operating in this operation which is designed to clear northern Kiangsu of Chinese troop remnants in order to facilitate the transportation of goods on the Grand Canal.

Three Mines Found in Yangtze Daily

Some encounters between guerillas and Japanese forces near Wuseuh on the northern bank of the Yangtze took place on Sunday, according to the military spokesman at yesterday's press conference but order was quickly restored by the Japanese soldiers. The Naval spokesman said that an average of three mines are destroyed in the Yangtze daily.

Moneylender Sues Wife For Husband's Debt

Indian's Claim Against Former Customs Man

Sued as administratrix of her husband's estate, Mrs. Helen Mathas, widow of the late Mr. F. J. Mathas, formerly employed by the Chinese Maritime Customs, who died at Chefoo in 1937, was ordered by Judge Sir Allan Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday to pay $2,000 plus interest at 2 per cent. a month to an Indian moneylender, Hari Singh, this sum being due on a promissory note signed by her husband in 1934.

Mr. Ranald McDonald appeared on behalf of Hari Singh while Mrs. Mathas was not represented. Giving evidence on oath, Hari Singh told the Court that he was a keeper of an Indian provision store and also a moneylender and that he had known the late Mr. Mathas since 1933.

On several occasions, witness said, Mr. Mathas had borrowed sums from him and on March 19, 1934, he had borrowed the sum of $2,000. Present when the money was handed over were Mr. Mathas, Mrs. Mathas, an old lady whom witness did not know and Mr. Mathas's brother-in-law, a man named Derenevsky, the latter also signing the promissory note. Mathas, he continued, had paid the interest through the Chartered Bank and he had first heard of his death in 1939.

Wife Did Not Know

On oath, Mrs. Mathas told the Court that she had taken out letters of administration of her husband's estate at Chefoo. She added that she knew nothing about the promissory note and that she was not present, as alleged by Hari Singh, when the money was handed over. She agreed that the promissory note was in her husband's handwriting.

Giving judgment for plaintiff, Judge Sir Allan Mossop stated that he was satisfied that Mr. Mathas had borrowed $2,000, had signed the promissory note and had agreed to pay interest at 2 per cent. a month. At the time of his death he still owed the capital sum and certain arrears of interest. He was satisfied, however, that he had not told his wife of the matter and that she was in ignorance of the loan.

Matshed Settlement Razed by Flames

Nearly 200 Straw Huts Burn off Hungjao Road

French and Settlement firemen toiled for hours early yesterday morning to extinguish a fire which swept through a large refugee camp composed of straw dwellings south of Hungjao Road, about a quarter of a mile east of Columbia Road. More than 1,000 Chinese were rendered homeless and lost a large proportion of their personal belongings.

The flames practically razed twenty-three large matsheds each of which contained eight family dwellings. Men, women and children had to flee for their lives and many were unable to save any of their property.

The Settlement Fire Brigade was called at 3.35 a.m., and it was not until three-quarters of an hour later that the flames were reported under control. The Settlement firemen spent altogether two hours at the scene.

No casualties were reported.

Residents of the upper end of Avenue Joffre were awakened early yesterday morning by the fire. Staccato reports like the sound of rifle shots were heard and many people thought some sort of military engagement was in progress, but it was ascertained later that the sounds came from bamboos cracking under the heat of the fire.

Forty Chinese Firemen To Receive Medals

Long Service Tokens Will Be Given by Mr. Franklin

About 40 Chinese members of the Shanghai Fire Brigade will receive the S.M.C. Long Service Medal from the hands of Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the Municipal Council at a ceremony to be held at Bubbling Well Fire Station at 5 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. Capt. H. G. Reed, Chief Officer, will be present.

These men have all served more than 20 years as Settlement firemen. Some of them have been in the Brigade nearly 30 years. They received the 1937 Emergency Medal for their services during the first three months of hostilities.

BAKERITE BISCUITS

Variety No. 11

FINE WATER

FOOD PROBLEM WITH GASTRITIS

For years, doctors wanted to find a food that would not irritate the inflamed stomach walls of patients suffering from gastritis and that at the same time would rebuild the patient's strength. In severe cases of gastritis solid foods are out of the question, even liquid foods are often vomited. Yet the patient needs quick new strength to rebuild his exhausted body. In Horlicks, doctors and nurses have found an ideal food.

Where other foods are rejected, Horlicks is retained by the patient. And almost at once strength starts to come back with the result that convalescence is shortened too. Get Horlicks to-day from your store. It is delicious to taste.—Advt.

(3)

Chungking Controls Note Exports

Transport by Aeroplane To Be Supervised

To tighten further its cordon around legal tender notes smugglers who, it is feared, might be engaged in sending notes to foreign-controlled areas to have them exchanged for foreign exchange, the Ministry of Finance has enforced a new set of regulations governing the transportation of goods by aeroplanes. No such transportation is allowed now unless it is approved by the Military Affairs Council beforehand.

One of the regulations as published by the Chinese press provides that any public or private organization wishing to transport cargo by aeroplanes to outports must obtain beforehand permission from the Military Affairs Council and that the goods thus allowed to be transported must be searched.

Luggage of passengers travelling in aeroplanes must also be searched. Diplomats of friendly foreign powers will be dealt with according to established rules in the International Law in this connection, it is pointed out. Goods carried by representatives by any transportation concern are also subjected to searches. Special smuggling prevention devices will be worked out by the office in charge of searching so that no note smuggling is possible even at gasoline or bus stations. All other regulations limiting the export of legal tender notes still hold good if they do not contradict the new regulations.

According to Chinese reports, the new regulations aim at preventing legal tender notes from being smuggled to Shanghai, Hongkong, Indo-China, etc., where smugglers may buy foreign exchange with them. All provincial authorities have received orders requiring them to be on the lookout for such smugglers.

Afghanistan Reported To Be Mobilized

Many Soviet Violations of Frontier, Tokyo Daily Says

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

Afghanistan has mobilized men between the ages of 25 and 45 to cope with border violations by the Soviet army, aided by Red partisans, the "Kokumin Shimbun" reported today on the basis of private reports reaching here.

Taking advantage of the European crisis, the newspaper said, the Soviet Union has brought increasing pressure to bear upon Afghanistan. Frequent border violations were also alleged to be taking place.

With Afghanistan forming a virtual buffer state between the U.S.S.R. and India, the British authorities at Simla were reported to be perturbed by this Soviet activity on the Afghan border, according to the Kokumin.—Domei.

French Communists Lose Properties

Party Liquidated in All Mandated Territories

Beirut, Oct. 1.

Dissolution of the Communist Party in territories under French Mandate was decreed today by the French Commissioner-General here.—Havas.

Properties Liquidated

Paris, Oct. 2.

Continuing to carry out the complete ban of Communism in France, the Government yesterday published in the official journal a decree calling for the liquidation of all property belonging to the Communist Party and its affiliated organizations.

Last week the Government placed a ban on the Communist Party and proscribed all Communist literature in France. It was recalled that the French Communist Party was one of the strongest in France.—United Press.

WE HOPE YOU WILL BE ONE OF OUR PRIZE WINNERS!

THREE PRIZES

Drawing Every Sunday Night, 11:15 p.m. Tickets given EVERY EVENING during the week to Patrons of "The Pelican"

"The Pelican"

8th Floor - Cathay Hotel

Tel. 11340

ANY BOY CAN MAKE A MOTOR

● For a thing so important to modern life, the electric motor is an amazingly simple device. Any bright boy can follow instructions and make one that will run.

But fitting electric motors to the world's work is a man's job. What makes it complicated is that every task, to be done efficiently, requires a certain kind of motor. Westinghouse, for example, makes over 20,000 different types, sizes and ratings. Add to this, the thousands of other famous electrical products Westinghouse makes...for your home, for industry, commerce and power stations. Add also the more than fifty years' experience of this company. You will then more fully appreciate the wealth of electrical ability that is back of every product bearing the Westinghouse nameplate. You will better understand why any Westinghouse electrical product will give you the utmost in satisfaction, quality and performance.

LISTEN TO *Westinghouse International Short Wave Radio Station W8XK*

Westinghouse

MAKER OF FINE ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS

REFRIGERATORS · RADIOS · RANGES · WASHERS · WATER HEATERS
VACUUM-CLEANERS · FANS · IRONS · IRONERS · AIR CONDITIONING
LAMPS AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT · SWITCHES AND SOCKETS
"MICARTA" · X-RAY · ELEVATORS · METERS · RELAYS · INSULATORS
WELDERS · MOTORS · TRANSFORMERS · GENERATORS · STEAM TURBINES · CIRCUIT-BREAKERS · LIGHTNING ARRESTERS · TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT · RECTIFIERS

BEFORE YOU BUY, CONSULT THE WESTINGHOUSE DISTRIBUTOR

DISTRIBUTOR:

HUNT ENGINEERING CORPORATION

53 Foochow Road Telephone 18695

London Children Leave From Threat of Bombs

The first nought of this English mother was for the safety of her child when a man started a panic in Downing St. by throwing a suitcase filled with rubber balls into the air. The panic was caused when someone shouted "bombs."

Seen at the rear of this party of little folks all ready to leave London for the safety of the country are George and Albert Davis, called the Coronation Twins because they were born on the day King George VI was crowned.

Their respirators swinging from the carriage window, these children were photographed as they left Waterloo Station. All were too young to realize the reasons for their departure. They seem to have no cares at all.

Carrying gas masks and suitcases containing necessaries these children are seen arriving at Ashburnham Road L.C.C. School, Chelsea, prior to being evacuated to safety. Most of them were very pleased to be able to leave the clamour of the city for the peace and quiet of the countryside. Ample food and accommodations were provided them at their destination.

Women kneeled devoutly in Westminster Abbey and offered up prayers as England prepared herself for a mighty struggle. One of the women has her shopping basket with her. Throughout the crisis period Westminster Abbey was crowded with worshippers of both sexes.

U.S. Fleet Concentrates at Hawaii for Manoeuvres

Large Number of Ships Assigned to Pacific; Atlantic Not Worried About

San Pedro, Oct. 2.

THE United States Navy is sending 45 warships, including eight cruisers and the aircraft carrier Enterprise to Honolulu for important manœuvres in the near future, Naval headquarters announced last night.

The exact sailing date was not announced because of the navy's new secrecy orders prohibiting the announcement of exact dates of ship movements.

The announcement disclosed, however, that Cruiser Divisions Four and Six, a destroyer flotilla and the aircraft carrier would be the first fleet unit to engage in the Hawaii manœuvres.

The cruisers which will sail for Hawaii are the Northampton, Salt Lake City, Pensecola, Houston, Minneapolis, Astoria, New Orleans and Indianapolis. The destroyer flotilla comprises 34 ships and two tenders.

Bulk of Fleet at Hawaii

Observers saw in the Navy's announcement indications that approximately 100 American warships, the bulk of the U.S. Fleet, would be concentrated at Pearl Harbour within the next month.

The Navy announced earlier, it was recalled, that the fleet would carry out the Pearl Harbour manœuvres in units, with the first unit not leaving Hawaii at least until the second had arrived. If the second unit is as large as the first, it was pointed out, almost 100 warships from the west coast would be concentrated at Honolulu.

The Navy announcement termed the manœuvres as a "training cruise" and said it had been under consideration for several months.

Concentration of the major part of the fleet continued to cause speculation here, however, particularly in view of recent air and submarine reinforcements sent to the U.S. Asiatic Fleet from Honolulu.

Unofficial naval experts said here that within two months the United States probably will have the greatest naval power in its history concentrated in the Pacific. In addition to the fleet, more than 100 American merchantships are expected to be transferred to the Pacific after Congress passes the Administration's new neutrality programme which will prohibit American merchantships from carrying goods for European belligerents.—United Press.

Concentration in Pacific

Washington, Oct. 2.

The European war finds the U.S. Navy concentrating most of its fighting power in the Pacific. That is where fundamental policy calls for the fleet to be in event of war.

Strategists long have held to the theory that the main strength of the Navy, in event of a European conflict, should be there, because the British fleet presumably would be able to dominate the Atlantic. As long as the British fleet is considered no menace, the major danger of naval developments involving the U.S. would be in the Pacific area.

The main fleet, commanded by Admiral Claude C. Bloch, is at its "normal bases" at San Pedro, California, and San Diego, California. It was unexpectedly ordered to return to the West Coast on April 15 following manœuvres in the Atlantic. The fleet has been based on the West Coast since March, 1932.

Powerful Fleet Ready

Admiral Bloch has 12 battleships, 12 heavy cruisers, 15 light cruisers, four aircraft carriers, 70 destroyers, 12 submarines, and various small craft. In addition, the Pacific forces are strengthened by 14 submarines and considerable aircraft at the Pearl Harbour, Hawaii base, and the Asiatic fleet, operating in the Far East, consisting of two cruisers and 36 destroyers, submarines, gunboats and tenders.

The Navy also has the relatively new Atlantic fleet under command of Rear Admiral Alfred W. Johnson. This fleet, largely concentrated at the Norfolk, Virginia, consists of three battleships, the decommissioned battleship Wyoming, four heavy cruisers, an aircraft carrier, and 19 destroyers. It is supplemented by 14 submarines at the New London, Connecticut, submarine base.

There is also the special service squadron, consisting of two destroyers and two gunboats, in the Caribbean area, and six submarines and a few auxiliary craft at the Coco Solo base in the Panama Canal Zone.

Special European Squadron

A special European squadron, consisting of one cruiser and two destroyers, which was established during the Spanish Civil war, based at Villefranche, France.

The present naval units will soon be strengthened as new ships are commissioned under the multi-billion dollar construction programme to provide a "navy second to none." Awaiting assignment are the new heavy cruiser Wichita and the light cruiser St. Louis, nine destroyers and five submarines. These ships have been commissioned but have not completed their shake-down cruises. In all 102 warships are now under construction.—United Press.

Japan Resolved to End China War

Foreign Policy Hinges on Liquidation of Hostilities In This Country

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

How the Japanese Government came to abandon its policy to strengthen the anti-Comintern Pact with Germany and Italy, owing to recent developments in the European situation, was explained today by the new Minister of Foreign Affairs, Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura.

After dealing with the progress of the war in Europe, he declared: "The causes of the present European conflict lie deep, and no one can foretell what will be its outcome.

"But most likely, it will be a long war. And it is likely to differ in character somewhat from the last Great War in that instead of being a simple clash of armed forces, there will be many battles fought in economic, diplomatic and ideological-fields."

Regarding the terse statement made by the Japanese Government on September 4, in which Japan's neutrality in the European conflict and her determination to liquidate the Chinese hostilities were announced, Admiral Nomura said:

Third Power Rights

"When a war occurs anywhere, a third Power not participating in it is automatically entitled to certain rights, and as a neutral Power, it is committed to certain obligations.

"In this regard, international law operates, regardless whether or not a declaration of neutrality has been made.

"Consequently, the statement made by the Government on September 4 may be considered as defining the specific position of Japan regarding the European war.

"That is to say," Admiral Nomura explained, "the statement was intended to convey that the national policy of Japan being immutably directed towards the solution of the China affair, all her foreign relations, and her attitude towards other Powers, are to be regulated and adjusted on the basis of that policy."—Reuter.

New Chinese Court in Western Area

Site Chosen Outside the Railway Line

Apart from sending Chinese policemen to the western district, Chinese authorities may be also trying to exercise judicial rights in the extra-Settlement road areas as it was reported last night that the "Western District Branch" of the Nantao District Court had been established in Chunshan Road occupying, the former site of the Great China University.

According to the report, there are only two court rooms and detention quarters are located in some back rooms. On Sunday, it was stated, the president, chief procurator and director of the detention guarters put up notices announcing the formal opening of the tribunal on October 11.

The entire western district, Chapei, Kiangwan, Woosung, Yinghong, Nanziang, Chenju and Fah Hwa Cheng have been marked out as being within the jurisdiction of the new court. The areas controlled by this court are much bigger than those placed under the control of the Mantao tribunal itself, it is stated.

The establishment of the new court has been mentioned by the Chinese press. Previous reports indicated that in order to increase its income the Nantao court which was established in January of this year wanted to establish a branch in the western district. There is also a branch court in Pootung.

Life Imprisonment For Murderer

Chao Kung, a carpenter was sentenced to life imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court having been charged with murder. He was found to have injured fatally a friend in a quarrel which took place on September 9 in the Globe Iron Foundry off Penang Road where the sentenced man was employed.

It was revealed that Chao picked up a quarrel over a trivial matter with his mess-mate. A fellow worker Lu Sen-shui walked up siding with the latter and beating Chao. There was a free-for-all in which Chao got the worst of it. Later Chao chopped Lu with a hatchet while the victim was sleeping. Lu died two days later in hospital.

BAKERITE BISCUITS
Variety No. 11
FINE WATER

Trouble Brewing in Hanover Town

Nazi "Young Bloods" Behave Like Hooligans

Amsterdam, Oct. 2.

Reports from Berlin have it that some incidents which occurred in the city of Hildesheim, in Hanover, are a source of considerable worry to the local authorities.

Unsigned letters have been sent to them denouncing the Brown Shirts and Storm Troopers as cut-throats.

This morning, the local headquarters of the Nazi Party issued a communique denouncing "troublesome young people whose pranks are disturbing peace and order." The communique alleges that these young bloods assault women in the streets during blackouts and remove sandbags which have been piled up against buildings as a precaution against air raids.

A special Nazi corps has been formed, it is asserted, to help the police rid the city of these unwelcome elements. Those caught will be photographed and their pictures will be displayed prominently throughout the town and distributed to the press. Furthermore, exemplary punishment will be meted out to them.—Havas.

General Franco Pardons Military Prisoners

Madrid, Oct. 2.

All military and naval prisoners who since the Nationalist victory have been sentenced by military tribunals to terms under six years, and whose records were good prior to the Civil War will be granted a pardon, by decree issued by General Franco today. It is also stated that General Franco will grant a similar pardon to civil servants and other prisoners similarly condemned.—Reuter.

A.F.O.L. to Propose American Mediation

Congress in Cincinnati To Hear Proposal

Cincinnati, Ohio, Oct. 1.

American mediation in the European War would be proposed by the American Federation of Labour at its 59th Congress here tomorrow, it was learned today.

The annual report of the Federation voices this intention in the paragraph: "We are in favour of an offer of good offices by the United States to mediate for peace and we hope that the nations at war will agree to accept it. However, we refuse to go further than this offer. We demand that our country remain out of the conflict and maintain neutrality of mind and action."—Havas.

TO BRAVE *the* STORMS *of the* WINTER

McKESSON'S NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

No need for you to be run down. Try McKesson's Cod Liver Oil which will supply you with plenty of vitamin. Then you'll get back "pep," shake off colds, feel better in every way. For sale here—

Obtainable at all druggists and department stores

INSURANCE
AFIA AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies
51 CANTON ROAD
Main Office for China
JAMES NICHOLS
Manager for China

Reproduction in Colours

Colour in its proper tones and values has extraordinary value. It can make food appetising, automobiles luxurious, furniture inviting and comfortable, and people lifelike. Colour has these powers, but needs skill in the development of them. Let the North-China Daily News Printing Department handle your colour work if you are seeking satisfaction.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai. Telephone 11055

REFRESHING *as the* SPRING FLOWERS

Find out for yourself how delightfully refreshed your mouth feels after using Kolynos. See the new brilliance it gives to your teeth and the charm it adds to your smile.

Begin the daily use of Kolynos as millions of others have done and you will be convinced of the remarkable, cleansing properties of this modern scientific dentifrice.

BRIGHTEN *your* SMILE *with* KOLYNOS

ECONOMIZE— BUY *the* LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the antiseptic
DENTAL CREAM

208

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money & Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4 1/32 ..... $ 55.25
U.S. $100 @ 7 1/4 ..... $1,379.31

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4 1/32 ..... $ 53.70
U.S. $100 @ 7 1/2 ..... $1,333.33
London—demand 4 1/32
4 months' sight credits 4 1/2
4 months' sight docts 4 1/16
6 months' sight credits 4 3/32
6 months' sight docts 4 1/32
New York—demand ..... U.S. $7 1/2
4 months' sight credits 7 5/16
4 months' sight docts 7 1/8

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 4 3/32 U.S. $7 5/16
Hongkong/London 1/3

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders ..... Buying 14 1/4
Java Guilders 14
Netherlands Guilders ..... Selling 13 3/4
Java Guilders ..... „ 13 1/2

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100—$1,333.333 £1=$53.333
Selling U.S.$100=$1,379.310 £1=$55.251

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.45=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.32 1/4=$1
Tourist Lire 1.54 ..... $1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.43=$1 Belgas 23.25=£1

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
„ Buying „ @ 6 1/32 „ H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling „ @ 10° „ H.H.$100
„ Buying „ @ 10 3/4° „ H.H.$100

LOCAL DOLLAR (FAPI)

Selling Rate @ 135 per H.H.$100
Buying „ @ 137 „ H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£ Highest 4 1/32 Lowest 4 7/16
U.S. G.$ 7 9/16 7 13/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING Cash		BUYING Oct.
£ T.T.	4 1/2	4 m/s. l.c.	4 1/32
G.$ T.T.	7 1/2	4 m/s. l.c.	7 5/8
Fcs. T.T.	328	4 m/s.	340
Rs. T.T.	25 1/8	15 d/s.	25 7/8

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	—	—
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	59.03	—
Bombay offtake 100 bars.		

Bombay was 10 annas down at 59.03.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4 5/8 sterling and 7 5/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened quiet and steady with sellers for cash at 4 1/32 sterling and 7 3/8 U.S.$ and it was not until close on noon that there was any decided tendency when some selling orders caused firmness. In the afternoon there was a good deal of selling pressure and rates were forced up to 4 1/32 sterling and 7 7/16 U.S.$. Some buyers at the close caused a slightly easier felling and the market closed with sellers at:—

4 1/2	sterling	7 1/32	U.S.$	Cash
4 1/32	„	7 1/32	„	Oct.
4 1/32	„	7 1/32	„	Nov.

U.S. Utility Law Has Anniversary

Companies Still Await Something Definite on "Death Sentence" Unit

Recently was marked the fourth anniversary of the Federal Government's entrance, on an all-comprehensive basis, into the field of regulation over the $13,000,000,000 public-utility industry, writes a staff correspondent to the New York "Times." Yet, since President Roosevelt placed his signature on the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 on August 26 of that year, there have been surprisingly few changes of a revolutionary nature in the nation's utility picture. By many it is argued that the results achieved thus far have been disproportionate to the recriminations that accompanied passage of the Act by Congress.

Generally speaking, it is now to be observed that the utilities have accepted this legislation, but they are still awaiting some definite indication concerning the interpretation of Section 11, one of the most controversial and confusing features of the Act. Groundwork must be established for guide-posts of the future; the atmosphere of confusion on the issue of geographic integration must be clarified.

Vested by Congress with the authority to administer the Act and its numerous provisions, the Securities and Exchange Commission has plotted a laborious and painstakingly slow course in the application of the most important section of the law, once, but with decreasing emphasis of late, referred to as the "death sentence."

Most Plans Tentative

Although the Act specifically provided that it "shall be the duty of the S.E.C., as soon as practicable after Jan. 1, 1938," to require registered holding companies to submit plans looking toward corporate simplification and geographic integration of properties, it was not until Dec. 1, 1938, that utility holding companies were forwarding tentative plans of compliance to Washington. Today the majority of these plans remains tentative and, with the possible exception of public hearings on the complete and final plan submitted by the Columbia Gas and Electric Corporation, little progress has been made. The only decision already in hand is that approving the set-up of the American Water Works and Electric Company system, where virtually no major issues were involved.

The utility industry is awaiting eagerly the decision on Columbia Gas and Electric, but far more importance will be attached to the decision, when handed down, on the plan of integration submitted by the American Gas and Electric Company. This plan has been in the commission's hands for nearly ten months, but public hearings have yet to be held, although it is generally believed that they will get under way late in September.

More Than One Issue

There is more than one issue at stake in the American Gas and Electric situation. This system operates in nine States, serving an estimated population of 3,174,000. But what is more important is the fact that it comprises one main system and two additional ones. Should American Gas be permitted by the S.E.C.'s interpretation of Section 11 to retain its two additional utility properties, which are not an integral part of, or connected with, the main system from a physical and geographic point of view, many of the industry's fears on integration will have been allayed.

American Gas and Electric's main integrated utility system is known as the central system, comprising an interconnected group of properties in Indiana, Ohio, West Virginia, Virginia and adjacent portions of certain adjoining States. In the last 25 years this central system has been constantly expanded, improved and coordinated, until today, according to the testimony of American Gas executives before the S.E.C., it is "one of the soundest conceivable."

However, its two remaining systems—the South Jersey system and the Northeast Pennsylvania system—pose dual problems, the answer to which should go a long way in providing a clue for the balance of the industry with properties or systems operating in separated parts of the country.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market yesterday was very firm and a brisk business was done in the popular stocks, all of which closed near their highs for the day.

China Realties were done at 40 cents, the equivalent of which for the debentures on conversion is 105, yet these latter inexplicably refuse to follow.

Cabled statistics of Raw Rubber for August show total production at 85,000 tons, a reduction of 11,000 tons on July; and consumption at 94,900 tons an increase of 9,800 tons on July. World stocks at 371,000 tons are 24,000 tons lower than a month earlier. In short, the position is extremely strong and continues to improve. The share market, however, was neglected in favour of Industrials.

Official Averages

1939 High	1939 Low		Today's Averages	Change
186.27	105.32	General	161.29	+0.73
254.85	95.55	Rubbers	237.66	+1.98

Total 104,761 shares, 1,000 bonds.

Morning Session

$56,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 80.25
$24,000	S'hai Telephone 6% Debs.	86.50
3,500	S'hai Loan	7.00
3,000	China Realty	0.34
1,000	China Realty	0.35
1,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.50
500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.55
5,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.60
1,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.65
1,500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.70
500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.65
1,500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.60
150	S. & H. Wharf	220.00
100	Wheelock	38.75
1,300	Wheelock	39.00
200	Wheelock	39.25
700	Wheelock	39.50
300	Wheelock	39.75
1,600	Wheelock	40.00
600	Wheelock	40.25
1,500	Wheelock	40.50
200	Wheelock	40.25
200	Wheelock	40.50
300	Wheelock	40.25
1,000	Wheelock	40.50
2,300	Wheelock	40.25
100	Wheelock	40.00
200	Wheelock	39.75
700	Wheelock	40.00
700	Wheelock	40.25
600	Wheelock	40.50
200	C. G. Omnibus	21.00
100	C. G. Omnibus	21.25
700	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.25
3,500	Metal	9.90
1,000	Metal	10.20
500	Metal	10.30
500	Metal	10.20
500	Metal	10.30
1,000	Metal	10.20
1,000	Exploration	7.00
500	Exploration	7.15
10	S'hai Power (Pref)	126.50
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.20
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
1,300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
400	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.20
700	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.20
50	S'hai Cotton	157.00
300	Anglo Java	31.75
400	Anglo Java	32.00
2,000	Chemor	1.66
1,000	Java Consolidated	3.87½
1,000	Kota	4.37½
700	Langkat	17.00
1,000	Padang	1.95
3,000	Samagaga	1.15
2,000	Samagaga	1.20
3,000	Samagaga	1.25
1,000	Semambu	0.90
1,000	Senawang	1.12
3,000	Tanah Merah	2.95

ODD LOTS

250	Tanah Merah	$ 2.92½
500	Samagaga	1.21
300	Exploration	6.85
50	Metal	10.10
180	Exploration	7.05
20	C. G. Omnibus	20.75
600	Tebong	1.10

Afternoon Session

$15,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 80.25
$2,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	66.00
$3,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	68.00
2,000	I. I. Trust	5.00
1,000	S'hai Loan	6.95
2,500	S'hai Loan	7.00
1,000	China Realty	0.38
1,000	China Realty	0.40
500	S'hai Land	8.80
1,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.65
500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.70
4,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.65
50	S'hai Dock	130.00
700	Wheelock	40.50
1,100	Wheelock	40.75
1,300	Wheelock	41.00
200	Wheelock	40.75
100	Wheelock	41.00
100	Wheelock	40.50
600	Wheelock	40.75
100	C. G. Omnibus	21.00
100	C. G. Omnibus	21.25
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.00
700	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.25
100	Metal	10.20
400	Metal	10.30
200	Metal	10.20
100	Kaiping	40.00
2,000	Exploration	7.05
10	S'hai Power (Pref)	126.25
10	S'hai Power (Pref)	126.50
30	S'hai Power (Pref)	126.25
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
800	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
1,500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.50
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
150	S'hai Cotton	163.00
200	Anglo Java	31.75
500	Anglo Java	32.00
800	Anglo Java	31.75
1,000	Java Consolidated	3.85
500	Langkat	16.80
200	Langkat	17.00
2,000	Semambu	0.90
1,000	Senawang	1.11
1,000	Senawang	1.10
5,000	Kelantan	0.43
1,000	Tanah Merah	2.95
300	Langkat	16.90

ODD LOTS

5	Union Ins	Hk$365.00
55	Wheelock	$ 40.25
200	New Eng. (Ord)	9.60
200	New Eng. (Ord)	9.75
40	S'hai Land	8.55
1	S'hai Power (Pref)	125.25

Manila Gold Shares

(Bid in Pesos)

Oct. 2.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Antamok	—	.145
Atok	.135	.14
Balatoc	—	6.50
Batong Buhay	—	.009
Benguet Consolidated	9.30	9.30
Big Wedge	.165	.165
Coco Grove	.12	.125
Demonstration	.0675	.07
I X L	.34	.34
Masbate	.065	.065
North Camarines	.12	.135
San Mauricio	.67	.67
Surigao Consolidated,	—	.15
Suyoc	.0975	.10
United Paracale	.235	.24

Turnover 140,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (Closing prices) 61.81.—Reuter.

Germany's Finances Analysed

Nazis Demands on Nation's Resources Excessive; Public Indebtedness on Steady Increase

IT is in the fourth stage of the Nazis' financial experiments that the Third Reich has come to the brink of world war, writes a Correspondent in "The Economist" of August 26. The time is apposite to ask whether Nazi finance policy has given to Germany a strength commensurate with her parade of shot and shell and airplanes; and it is hard to escape the view that it is financial weakness and strain, rather than power or economic might, that has been won by the desperate devices of recent years. The first period of Nazi economics, when the method of financing State projects was by work-creation bills, lasted from 1933 to 1934. The second period, when the so-called special bills were put into use, lasted from 1935 to April last year. The third period, when financing by means of delivery certificates was introduced, went on until April this year; and since then, in the fourth phase, the New Finance Plan of issuing tax anticipation certificates has been in operation.

All these successive stages of policy designed to finance the Government's vast armament and construction programmes have been alike in their fundamental principles. They have differed only in the details of financial technique. Broadly, the situation has been as follows: the German economy has come to depend to an ever-increasing extent on State investment; step by step the resources of the Reich have been brought into full employment, until a serious state of strain and shortage has developed; and the task of the Nazi financiers in default of any slackening of the tempo of re-armament, has been to eke out the nation's resources and to evolve means of payment without pushing the German economy into grave inflation. All the devices adopted, from the work-creation bills of 1933 to the delivery certificates of last year and the recent tax certificates (anticipating future tax receipts in the quest for additional means of payments) have been contrived to keep the wheels of re-armament and the Four Year Plan turning. The brutal facts are: first, that Government expenditure has steadily exceeded revenue by millions of marks; and, secondly, that the demands made upon the nation's resources of material, plant and labour have become excessive under the pressure of the Nazis' dynamic foreign policy. The expansion of credit has been the leading theme and the vast multiplication of debt has been a major consequence.

Dr. Schacht's Plan

Dr. Schacht's policyy, on the other hand, which was repudiated early this year, was to control State investment and Government expenditure and prevent an undue increase of indebtedness. Credit expansion seemed to him justifiable and safe only so long as there were additional resources still to be brought into production: only so long as production could still be genuinely expanded was an expansionist financial policy, in his view, sound and free from the dangerous risk of inflation. The Nazi view that the consequences of their policy could be postponed indefinitely by financial jugglery and State control over wages and prices was misconceived. Dr. Schacht's plan was to restrict financial expansion according to the strict limits set by the possibility of further real economic expansion; and he proposed to do it, after a six months' transition, by financing expenditure from regular taxes and loans, meanwhile consolidating as much of the Reich's piecemeal debt as possible.

But principles of sound finance like these have been destroyed by events. Last year Reich debt increased more rapidly than ever before. By the New Year it was clear from the stringency imposed upon the money and capital markets by excessive State demands that the only way out was inflation; and the real task of this year has been to limit and control that inflation. The immediate result has been a considerable increase in the currency circulation.

The facts of the stringency are plain: since April last year about Rm. 3,000 millions of delivery certificates have been issued, and only a small portion of these could be negotiated in industry itself, two-thirds being actually absorbed by the banks. Of Rm. 17,500 millions of Reich loans and bills issued between 1935 and 1938, only Rm. 9,000 millions could be disposed of to the public. The rest had to be taken up, more or less compulsorily, by insurance companies, savings banks, credit institutions and, since last year, even by local authorities as well. The immobilization of liquid funds and the clogging of the capital market are clear. The impact of these enforced demands upon banks and companies was felt the more severely because the tax receipts of the Reich had risen from Rm. 6,600 millions in 1932-33 to Rm. 17,700 millions in 1938-39.

New Plan

The New Finance Plan, like Dr Schacht's plan last year, is just another temporary expedient which attempts to anticipate future tax receipts by the issue of tax certificates. It was hoped that because of the advantages attached to the certificates it might be possible to lay hands upon additional liquid funds. Actually existing liquid funds had been considerably over-estimated; the daily turnover of tax certificates on the Bourse amounts to several million Reichsmarks, and their price shows a declining trend. The Reichsbank has attempted to support the price of tax certificates Class 2 by a policy of buying in the open market. The result has been that the chief point of the New Finance Plan, which was to prevent a dangerous increase in the note circulation, has been nullified.

The whole structure of payments and credit is being altered by the New Finance Plan. Forty per cent. of all Reich works expenditure—by the public corporations, railways, post office, motor roads, supply undertakings and the Goering works—is paid in tax certificates. The yearly issue of tax certificates must amount to Rm. 7-8,000 millions. This represents total works expenditure of some Rm. 20,000 millions, which shows how much public spending exceeds receipts, especially when it is remembered that salaries and many other items of official expenditure cannot be paid in tax certificates.

The situation is not likely to ease. Industry is in dire needs of credit and the burden of its demands will fall on the banks. Often, tax certificates have to be used as security for industrial credits; and the result is that the banks, whose liquidity has already been seroiusly impaired by their absorption of delivery certificates, find their liquidity still further endangered.

This is the general picture. It can readily be picked out in relief from current statistics. Take first of all the currency circulation. In the past, even in years of the greatest increase in production, the circulation increased by only some Rm. 500 millions a year. At the end of last month, at Rm. 11,209 millions, it was actually Rm. 2,504 millions higher than it was twelve months before. Similarly the use of cheques, postal orders, etc., has risen twenty-five per cent. in twelve months. Bills outstanding at the Reichsbank have risen from Rm. 5,832 millions to Rm. 7,545 millions and the Reichsbank's reserve of gold and exchange has fallen from Rm. 2,064 millions to Rm. 77 millions. The following table of bills held by all the banks shows how they have been drawn into the net of State financing:—

(Rm. millions)

	1928	1933	1937	1938	1938
Total bills	6,390	5,636	12,271	13,756	15,659
Treasury Bills bearing no interest	145	1,205	1.806	1,656	4,749

In 1928 outstanding bills were almost all commercial bills. Today some Rm. 10-12,000 millions of armament bills are in circulation—and these do not appear in the return of Reich indebtedness.

Strained Not Eased

In the past year the capital market, too, has been almost wholly claimed by the State. Of the total new issues of the last twelve monhs amounting to about Rm. 17,400 millions some Rm 15,000 millions were allotted to public loans. Out of Rm. 822 millions of shares issued, Rm. 395 millions were for the Goering works. The object of the New Finance Plan, to open the capital market more to private needs, has only slightly been achieved. In the current year provision was made to introduce about Rm. 1,000 millions of private issues. In the first half-year, however, only Rm. 300 millions was taken up for private purposes, and the market was so limited that the banks had to take up an appreciable part even of this.

The strain has not been eased despite the New Finance Plan. No devices have been found to get more out of the German economy than German resources will allow. Reich tax and customs revenue rose in the last fiscal year from Rm. 13,964 millions to Rm. 17,712 millions in the current one, with a national income of Rm. 77,000 millions. In 1929 when the national income was Rm. 75,500 millions tax revenue was only Rm. 9,023 millions. The revenue for the current fiscal year is put higher still, at Rm. 22,000 millions.

Public indebtedness leaps up too. In the last accounting year it rose by about Rm. 11,600 millions to Rm. 30,-700 millions—about four times the 1929 figure, even though the special armament bills are not included. There is, in fact, a large additional burden of undisclosed debt, which makes the rise in indebtedness even more spectacular—and dangerous.

It is in no very promising position, therefore, that the Reich contemplates entering upon a war. Financially and economically the Germans have paid the price of war strain long before hostilities have begun. In that sense the German economy is much less strong than it was 25 years ago when the profits of peace were enjoyed right up to zero hour. The Third Reich is more ready in many ways than William II's Empire. Preparedness has been made a way of life, but it has been a desperately hard regime, and Germany is bottom no stronger now, to say the least, for having placed herself in a state of economic siege for years before the first shots were fired.

Japan's Foreign Trade Shows Improvement

Effects Of European War Felt

Tokyo, Oct. 2.

Japan entered the last quarter of 1939 with a favourable trade balance in excess of Yen 400,000,000, financial experts declared today tabulating foreign commerce figures up to September 30. Exports during the period of January to September amounted to Yen 2,719,000,000 while imports during that time were valued at Yen 2,318,-000,000. Last year Japan registered an adverse balance of Yen 97,000,000 during the first three quarters of the year.

Financial experts declared that it was premature to conclude from these figures that Japan was benefiting from the European conflict, but admitted that a remarkable increase in Japanese exports of raw silk to nations outside the yen bloc had taken place since the outbreak of war in Europe. Most of the orders, however, were received from Europe in anticipation of the conflict, the experts said, pointing out that it was open to question whether or not purchases in such volume would continue.

The increases were: Cotton textiles, Yen 5,000,000; raw silk, Yen 10,000,000; machinery, Yen 4,000,000; canned provisions, Yen 4,000,000; woollen textiles, Yen 1,000,000; lumber Yen 5,000,000; cotton yarn, Yen 1,000,000; and miscellaneous goods Yen 35,000,000.

Raw silk, it was pointed out, led the list of increased exports.—Domei.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, Oct. 2.

Kogo 5% Y.105.40
—Reuter.

German Trade Mission Going to Moscow

Moscow, Oct. 1.

Dr. Schnurre, prominent German economist, and a large economic delegation shortly would arrive here from Berlin, it was reported today. No definite date was mentioned.—Havas.

A Gallant American Ship Discovered

Admiral Peary's Polar Ship Roosevelt Held In Canal Mud

Abandoned on the mudflats of Cristobal Harbor, one of the most famous ships of the whole chapter of Arctic exploration is slowly rotting away under the tropic sun, writes C. H. Calhoun in the "New York Times." It is the Roosevelt, in which Admiral Robert E. Peary fought his way north through the ice on his discovery trip to the North Pole in 1909.

The vessel, which has lain in the mouth of the old French Canal for nearly two years, was regarded as only another abandoned tug until recently. Then Mrs. Marie A. Peary Stafford, Peary's daughter, who once was known to the world as "Snow Baby," inquired about it, saying that it was her father's old ship and that she had hopes of salvaging it.

An investigation by J. G. Moyer, captain of the port of Cristobal, ended any doubt that this was the original Roosevelt of Peary's expedition. He found the vessel in poor condition, however, resting in thirty feet of mud and water. It would require about $10,000 to raise it, dock it and make it seaworthy. The engines and equipment probably would have to be replaced. And the Panama Canal has claims amounting to about $2,000 against it. Towage to New York would cost another $10,000. All in all, Captain Moyer indicated that it might cost as much to recondition the old vessel as she cost in the first place.

A Brilliant Past

Whatever the outlook for the Roosevelt, her past was brilliant, at least for a time. She was built, under Admiral Peary's supervision, at Buckport, Me. A hundred and sixty-six feet long at the waterline, she had a registered gross tonnage of 614 and was soundly reinforced to cope with heavy ice. She was named for President Theodore Roosevelt.

Peary used the ship for his successful trip northward in 1909 and she did all he had expected of her in the ice. On the return voyage her rudder was smashed and her propeller damaged in the ice and her captain, Bob Bartlett, daringly beached her stern first on an isolated shore, made emergency repairs and brought her and the triumphant Peary home safely. After her Arctic career she was acquired by the United States Bureau of Fisheries.

Eventually, however, she went on the block and became the property of a Puget Sound tug and barge company. Her ice work was done. Now her heavy engines throbbed to the load of lumber barges and she worked south, tugging cargoes through the Panama Canal and up the East Coast. And to ignominy was added disaster.

The first serious trouble came early in 1926 when the Roosevelt, towing two big bargeloads of lumber from Seattle, lost her rudder. She drifted for days, helpless, before help came and she was towed into Balboa, where repairs were made.

Nearly eleven years later the Roosevelt sailed from Cristobal for New York with the barge Jason in tow. It was the day before Christmas in 1936. Less than half a day out she had to return because of serious leakage. Repairs were made and on Jan. 8, 1937, she again put out. And again trouble developed. Nine days later she was back in Cristobal, in the tow of a Panama Canal tug. Thereafter she lay abandoned in the mud.

Sufferings of German Mothers Regretted

Enormous Successes of Troops in Poland Told

London, Oct. 1.

Sympathy with the sufferings of German mothers was expressed by Herr Rudolph Hess, Deputy of the Fuehrer, in a broadcast from Hamburg today.

"Every woman who is today mourning her dead," he said, "should remember German mothers in Polish territories whose children had to suffer so much. The number of those killed, wounded or missing is small compared with our success, for it was a million-strong army of Polish soldiers which England had sent to invade Germany, and it was annihilated with fewer sacrifices than there were in some days of fighting in the Great War. Never in the whole history of the world has such enormous success been achieved with so little loss.'

Herr Hess said that an emblem of honour had been given in the past to German mothers of many children.

"Many a mother whose son has died," he continued, "has given also her husband in the last war. To these mothers Germany is giving, with special respect, the emblem of honour."

"Perhaps Great Britain," he added, "is not yet aware of the possibilities of utilizing Soviet Russia's mineral resources for Germany."—Reuter.

Esthonian Naval Chief Dismissed

Tallinn, Oct. 1.

For the escape of the Polish submarine Orzel from Tallinn, the Esthonian naval Commander-in-Chief, M. Merri, has been dismissed. Several leading officers are to be court-martialled.—Reuter.

German-Rumanian Parleys End

Bucharest, Oct. 1.

German-Rumanian economic parleys were brought to a close yesterday, but results achieved were stated to be small. New figures established for commercial exchanges were learned to be very little superior to the old figures.—Havas.

Policemen Crawl Into Sewer Outlet

Tokyo Boy Thief Escapes But is Arrested Later

A 15-year-old Tokyo boy, who was given up for lost on September 18 after he jumped into the moat from Yuraku Bridge and crawled into the sewer pipe leading from the left bank of the bridge a few feet above the muddy waters in order to escape from a former fellow worker who accused the youth of stealing his clothes, was found sleeping on a bench in Tsukiji Park, coated with a slimy layer of mud.

Mr. Sumio Nakano, an employee of the Iakai newspaper agency at Yurakucho, Kojimachi Ward, was cycling near the Yurakucho station on September 18, when he noticed a boy wearing a shirt and trousers closely resembling those which were stolen from him last month. He approached the youth and recognized him as a former fellow worker. The boy, whose name was withheld, a native of the city of Nakamatsu, Fukuoka Prefecture, broke into a sprint.

Abandoning his bicycle, Mr. Nakano gave chase. He nearly overtook the culprit at Yuraku Bridge, when the latter drew himself up on the railing and plunged into the moat below. Bewildered and frightened, the youth spied a sewer pipe which opens from the east bank of the bridge a few inches above the water line and crawled into it.

Remove Uniforms

Frustrated, the pursuer reported the incident to the police. Three officers rushed to the scene to hunt down the boy. Removing their uniforms, the men of the law crawled into the pipe in search of the youth, lighting their way with electric torches. Soon more than 30 officers from the Tsukiji police station appeared in a launch to join the hunt. The three officers spent about two hours in the sewer, which is about 3 and a half feet in diameter, but found no trace of their quarry, finally giving him up for lost.

According to the story the boy told police after having been taken into custody when he was found in the park, he first crouched in the sewer a short distance from its opening to await developments. When he saw the flash of the police light, he crawled deeper into the tunnel, continuing for a great distance until the torch no longer was visible.

Believing that he had finally shaken off the police, the fugitive prepared to spend the night in his foul mud crusted prison. Finally driven by hunger and morbid fear, he stole out of the sewer at 1 o'clock in the morning under cover of darkness and sneaked over to the more comfortable quarters of a Tsukiji Park bench.

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal
New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
Manila Stock Exchange
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG AND MANILA

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

S. E. Levy & Co.

SHANGHAI...HONGKONG...MANILA

Members:

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC., N.Y.
NEW YORK COFFEE AND SUGAR EXCHANGE
CANADIAN COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC.
MANILA STOCK EXCHANGE
HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION
MALAYAN SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in the Colony of Hongkong. The liability of members is limited to the extent and in manner prescribed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1929 of the Colony.)

Authorised Capital ..... HK$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up ..... HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling £6,500,000
Reserve Funds { Hongkong Currency ..... HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... HK$20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Board of Directors:

HON. MR. A. L. SHIELDS, Chairman W. H. LOCK, Deputy Chairman
J. K. BOUSFIELD, A. H. COMPTON, Hon. Mr. S. H. DODWELL, D. F. LANDALE, G. MISKIN, K. S. MORRISON, Hon. Mr. T. E. PEARCE, H. V. WILKINSON,

Chief Manager: SIR VANDELEUR M. GRAYBURN.

Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen (Dalny), Foochow, Haiphong, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkew (Shanghai), Ipoh, Johore, Kobe, Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Moukden, Muar, New York, Peiping (Peking), Penang, Rangoon, Saigon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sungei Patani, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tsingtao, Yloilo, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking & Exchange Business transacted.
Savings Bank Department. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.
Office Hours 10 to 3, Saturdays 10 to noon. A. S. HENCHMAN, *Manager.*

COAL

Telephones 10952, 18418 or 17403
OLIVIER-CHINE (S.A.)
For coal apply
Coal Office: 95 Museum Road
Branch Office:
1127 Rue Lafayette, Tel. 73414

THE SUN

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE LTD. FOUNDED 1710

Oldest Insurance Office in the World

Head Office:
63 Threadneedle Street, London
Far Eastern Branch: 1 The Bund
Telephone 15075

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Amsterdam)

BANKERS
ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER
1824

Head-Office: AMSTERDAM
Head-Office for the East: BATAVIA
SHANGHAI OFFICE:
Sassoon House, 20 The Bund

98 Branches in The Netherlands, the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan, Arabia and Netherlands Guyana, Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED

C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager*

THE
MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund
Subscribed Capital £1,800,000
Paid-up Capital 1,050,000
Reserve Fund 1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

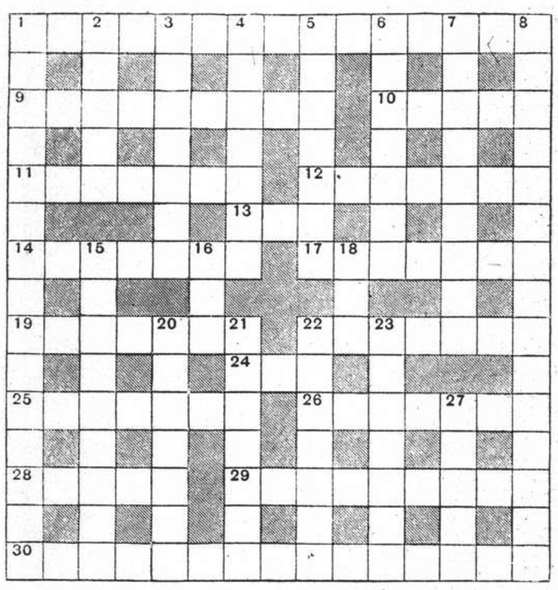
Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling and other foreign currencies as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

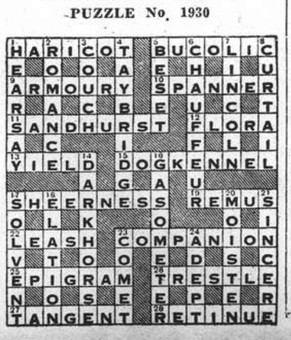
J. R. HUXTER, *Manager.*

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1931

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1930



ACROSS

1 If the R.A.F. were given rout-practice presumably this would be the officer in charge (two words—6, 9)
9 It is stone but not likely to be iron-ore
10 A palindrome
11 An impetuous but not necessarily ginger-haired person
12 There's always a lot being knocked down here
13 This came twice in the reigns of the earlier English Kings
14 This sort of person does the fitting thing
17 A piece of land sticking out in a river just for malice
19 Shakespearean play
22 Far from garrulous
24 May be found in Syria, Libya or Arabia
25 Place where you may find any ordinary inhabitant of these isles about ten
26 Cambridge College
28 Feminine name
29 Surely this composer did not in the end go in for "hot" music?
30 Not a decorated punishment for trustees of olden days; they have to buy them (two words—9, 6)

DOWN

1 Temporary (four words—3, 3, 4, 5)
2 Scarcely apropos
3 "I'm flesh" (anag.)
4 This to a town of old was like the keep to the castle
5 The girl with a tendency to socialism?
6 Charges
7 Some hooligans' pastime of pushing people out of their way
8 Fresh starts to make
15 The joint has fallen into the fuel; cook uses it for colouring
16 Found in letters of the uncultured
18 Part of the glacier age
20 Either end
21 This gives advice to the sidesman but his wife carries it out
22 This cake is cattle-food
23 The accident at the shooting party due to some guest being so used to aiming at the bull's eye? (two words—3, 4)
27 Destruction

In the Russian Colony

By "Stroy"

The events in Europe continue to monopolize the thoughts of the Russian colony. Soviet Russia's participation in the remapping of Eastern Europe, the ultimatum to Esthonia, the fate of Latvia and Lithuania, the future of Finland, the question of the Bessarabia and the Dardanelles—everything that is at present headlined in the press and contained in the cables is close to every Russian. In Russia, everyone went to Finland from St. Petersburg, sometimes even for the week-end—although the English conception of the week-end was and is unknown. In Finland, Russians used to wonder at the adaption of European culture to daily life.

In the Baltic states many Russians have either camped or fought, and in Poland the topography is known by heart by every military man participating in the last war. Many have been stationed there for two or three years in succession, and much Russian blood has flowed on this ground. Numerous relatives of Russian Shanghailanders have lived and still live in Riga, Tallin, Kovno, Wilna; Russian emigré newspapers were published in those cities, and the Riga newspaper "Segodnia" ("Today") was long considered the best Russian newspaper outside the limits of Russia. Like Shanghai, Riga had a Russian theatre, a Russian opera and operetta, and Russian choirs. The most famous Russian actors, musicians, and singers included Riga in their tours.

Russia in the News

But it is not only because of these ties with the countries concerned that politics are being reviewed with such excitement by the colony. Soviet citizens, and especially those who until recently were emigrés, walk with a triumphant air. Emigration's moods are contradictory. Many continue to believe and write, that between the terms Comintern and Moscow there is an "equal" sign, and that therefore the entrance of Soviet troops into Poland, Esthonia or Bessarabia is first and foremost the entrance of Communism. Others think that these territorial acquisitions come under the heading of Russian good fortune the Comintern and Stalin will disappear but these territories, taken bloodlessly or after a fight will remain. Others still, think that Hitler will set up a Tsar in Russia, while one persistent school of thought is that "the only clever man in Europe is Stalin—he twisted them all around his little finger." War news at the same time revives the memories of the last Great War, and very naturally sympathies are rising towards the English and French, with whom they fought for a common cause. In the press, next to pro-German arguments, there are also attacks on the Germans, who have always liked to direct the destinies of Russia and who even before the Russo-Japanese War made Russia sign a trade treaty which gave Germany bread and sugar almost free of charge. (Germans used these imports to fatten pigs). From the foregoing it is clear that events in Europe and the participation in the war of Russians—even Soviet Russians—holds the colony in unusual tension. Looking at the outer guise one would suppose that these events have direct and immediate bearing on Shanghai. Russians are surprised to see their English and French friends working calmly, as if nothing has happened They themselves are in a high state of excitement.

About the Theatre

The Russian theatrical season in Shanghai will open on October 7. The Theatre is now approaching the 9th year of its existence, and M-me. Z.A. Pribitkova, its producer, is still filled with the same confidence that it fills a definite need in the colony. And in truth, a good half of the audiences attending the theatre's presentations belong to the younger generation who were born and educated in Shanghai, are not acquainted with Russia and yet are intensely interested in Russian plays, both classical and modern. "The Sisters Kedrovi," the first play on the programme, will be presented in memory of M-me L.N. Kniajevitch, the well-known actress who died last summer and who had for eight years shared the laurels with M-me Pribitkova. The proceeds will be used in building a tombstone over her grave. The second play to be presented will be Count A. K. Tolstoy's "Tsar Fedor Ivanovitch," the profits going to the fund for French soldiers wounded in the present War. The third play—a literary court-room scene, with "Vera Mirtzeva" arraigned before the bar—will be arranged with the help of the Russian Barristers' Association. Two barristers-at-law, Mr. A. J. Slobodchikoff and Mr. M. E. Morozoff, will actually participate. M-me Pribitkova plans to open a dramatic studio in Shanghai, having in past directed one in Harbin. The cream of theatrical talent in the colony is still appearing in the plays presented by the Russian Theatre, which will be staged in the hall of the College Municipal Francaise.

Last Saturday Russian women and girls christened with the very popular names of Vera (Faith), Nadiejda (Hope) Liubov (Love) and Sofia (Wisdom) were celebrating their Angel's Day. It was the custom in Russia, and is still the custom here, to receive numerous guests and presents of flowers, cakes, or other articles. For a whole week before this day arrives, newspapers are filled with advertisements from bakeries, jewellers and other stores offering their goods as ideal gifts. This year the youths' club "Sokol" opened its winter season with a ball on that day, September 30. The clubhouse has been renovated, the dining room especially is very cozy, and special attention has been given to the buffet. In addition to dancing, which lasted until curfew hour, several impromptu numbers were given.

Russian Registration

The Russian Emigrants' Committee has instructed the Russian Chamber of Commerce to register all emigre commercial, industrial and handicraft concerns. An advertisement inserted in the Russian press stated that all concerns affected must register themselves before October 31, 1939. This registration is being brought into effect, it is stated, to arrive at the number of Russian concerns in the colony and to use this data for general statistical purposes. The registration is not connected with income tax, and no payment will be asked except for a nominal one to cover office expenses of the registration. Impecunious Russians who will have to register their handicrafts will be able to do so free of charge.

On September 27 Mr. and Mrs. Charles Metzler gave a farewell dinner in honour of Vice-Consul Seisiro Takahashi, who has served here for seven years, taking charge of Russian affairs, and who has been transferred to one of the Baltic States. Among those present at the dinner were Mr. E. Tsurumi, Mrs. O. V. Lembich, Mr. Umekawa, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Sapojnikoff, Mr. Seuchi Shirakura and Mr. L. V. Arnoldov.

Russian musicians working in bars and cabarets tell that at one time foreigners were openly antagonistic towards them due to Moscow's political position. Impolite remarks were sometimes thrown at them, in which case both sides gave as much as they took. Many foreigners, not stopping to delve into the intricacies of present-day politics, throw Russian musicians the half-jesting greeting "Heil Stalin!" On the whole, however, political antagonisms are not in the style of cosmopolitan Shanghai, especially in the atmosphere of its bars and cabarets.

Ex-Officer's Club

The Ex-Officers' Club has celebrated the 13th anniversary of its founding, the date being moved forward from July to September. To do honour to the occasion a gala dinner was held, attended by 150 people—women being present. Members and their guests were met by Captain and Mrs. K. L. Egikov. Congratulations were read out from Lieut.-Gen. C. F. Walter, Honourary President, and Major-General V. V. Zimin, Chairman of the Board, both of whom were unable to attend because of illness. Dinner was followed by dancing, a ball being held.

The French Concession authorities are at present registering all jurists, barristers-at-law, attorneys, solicitors and their assistants practising in the French Concession. People with no citizenship, like the Russian emigrés, must present some document or documents showing their standard of education, and their former legal practice. Three photographs must be enclosed. The question of practice for people of the jurisdictional profession was dealt with by the decree of the French Consul-General on August 9, 1939, and this proclamation clearly elucidates all the laws of practise. If the jurists have other activities, they should be such that would not conflict with the dignity of his profession.

Fines are instituted for those who break any of these rules. Registration papers are printed in the Chinese, French, English and Russian languages.

The Head Office of the Far-Eastern Jewish Information Bureau has been transferred from Harbin to Shanghai. In this connection, Mr. B. Birman has arrived here from that city. During the Civil War in Russia this Bureau did sterling work in Irkutsk and Vladivostok. It is interesting to note that not only Jews have applied for information at the Bureau. During the 20 years of the revolution, it has often been able to help non-Jewish Russians to receive word from their relatives in Russia.

Russian holiday-makers, always the first to come and the last to leave, have finally left Tsingtao. All are pleased with the summer season in this "Russian" summer-resort, although the Weather was hot, the fruit expensive and the typhoons extremely destructive. Russians who made the most profit out of their stay there were those connected with night-life, especially with night-life in bars and cabarets patronized by American sailors. As the cost of drinks was linked to the exchange rate of 1:15, the profits were not inconsiderable. Some proprietors made between $40-50.000 net.

Helping the Workers

The Union of Employees in Trading and Industrial Concerns has resumed its activities. Their work to date has consisted mainly of arranging for free medical help for members, forming a Savings Account, Department, helping unemployed members find work, arranging for members to be given credit in stores, etc. All these privileges were given members who contributed only 1 per cent. of their salary to the Union's finances. The report of the Honorary Treasurer stated that in spite of the modest membership dues received, the Union was not only able to balance the annual budget but had a slight reserve left over. Mr. N. J. Kolesnichenko, legal adviser of the Union, gave a talk on the future in front of the Union should membership increase and activity develop. The President of the Board is Mr. V. F. Paderewski.

Among those returned from summer vacations are Dr. N. D. Solarev, and the popular operetta-premier, Mr. V. E. Valin. Both have spent their holidays in Tsingtao. In connection with the general rise in prices, Russian libraries have increased subscription rates by 50 per cent. Russian newspapers were also forced to increase the monthly subscription rate. In spite of the high cost of materials, however, it is stated that another daily newspaper will soon be published in Russian in Shanghai with offices to be located in Wayside.

The Russian press has often given space to the question—vital for many Russians and very interesting for all—of the Municipal order to Chinese firms prohibiting the sale of unpasteurized milk. This has sorely hit the Russian purchaser. As it is known, Russians are fond of milk in ordinary form, but of sour cream, buttermilk, cheese-curds and other extremely palatable forms of milk Russians also made cheap butter from milk, which, made in the home, was for that reason cheaper than butter bought in shops. Letters to the Editor point out that Russians engaging in the milk industry must now either close down or buy pasteurized milk from foreign firms. The saddest part, for many, is that neither sour cream, butter-milk nor cheese-curds can be made from pasteurized milk. In their appeal to the authorities, Russians point out that all Russian firms thoroughly boiled all milk bought from the Chinese dealers, and made all these by-products of boiled milk.

A gallery entirely dedicated to the memory of Anders Zorn (1860-1920), the Swedish painter, has been built at his native town of Mora, in Dalrcarlia, where he is buried. The gallery, which contains an impressive collection of Zorn's works, arranged under the supervision of Professor Gerda Boethius, was opened recently.

London "Bobbies" Prepared for Action

Even the London "bobbies" are prepared for air raid eventualities as they pace their beat with gas masks.

Chinese Start War Work Drive

3,000,000 Cotton-Lined Jackets Needed: Call on Each Province

A nation-wide campaign for 3,000,000 cotton-lined jackets to be worn by Chinese soldiers and refugees has just been started by the Winter Clothes Movement Committee and the Chinese in Shanghai are asked to contribute $200,000 towards the fund. It is understood that Chinese public bodies here will participate in the movement by launching a contribution campaign.

In view of inconvenience of communication, money instead of clothing may be sent to the Chinese authorities. All cash contributions are to be sent to the headquarters of the movement in Chungking while collecting stations of winter clothes have been established in Sian, Ichang, Chungking, Kweiling, and Kian (Kiangsi.), which places will also be distributing centres. Cash contributions may also be sent to the local branch of the Central Relief Committee, states an announcement in the Chinese press.

The campaign will formally be started on October 10, the Chinese Independence Day on which no celebration meetings will be held. Chinese authorities hope to collect all contributions in kind and cash from civilians before the end of this month. All cotton-lined jackets must be made of durable coarse cloth of dark colours preferably grey. It is stated that there should be at least seven ounces of cotton or wool in each jacket.

Since the environment and economic conditions in various provinces are different, the headquarters have arranged to have less privileged provinces contribute fewer clothes. The following provinces are to contribute 200,000 jackets each: Hunan, Kweichow, Yunnan, Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Szechuen, Shensi, Singkiang, Ningsha and Chungking. Fukien is to contribute 150,000 jackets while Hupeh Kiangsi, Sikong, Honan and Kansu are to give 100,000 jackets each. Chekiang and Anhwei are to contribute only 50,000 jackets each.

The same campaign will be held in South Sea Islands, Hongkong and Shanghai. From these places the headquarters will collect cash contributions. The overseas Chinese are to contribute $1,000,000, the Chinese in Shanghai, $200,000 and those in Hongkong, $100,000. Branch offices of the campaign headquarters and relief bodies in the case of refugees will distribute jackets direct to refugees newly recruited soldiers, militiamen and wounded soldiers.

Pan-American Neutrality To Be Declared

Delegations Concentrating On Projects Tabled

Panama City, Oct. 1.

All of this morning was devoted by delegations here for the Pan-American Conference to consultations with each other on the various projects still pending for debates.

A neutrality declaration under discussion was learned to be a statement of the rights of neutral nations together with a number of provisions to protect the neutrality of the Americas. If the Conference adhered to the U.S. proposals, no belligerent submarines would be permitted in American waters or harbours.

Discussion today also centred about the problem of creating a permanent Contraband Committee, with its seat in Washington, to judge American States' complaints and formulate advice to be forwarded to the belligerent nations in regard to matters of contraband control.—Havas.

Nigeria Declares Firm Support of Britain

Resolution to Prosecute War to Victorious End

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 1.

At the first meeting of the Legislative Council of Nigeria held since the outbreak of war, the following resolution was adopted unanimously, according to a communique released today by the Ministry of Information.

"This Council, having followed with keen sympathy the patient and persistent efforts of the Imperial Government for the maintenance of world peace—and these efforts having failed to secure a helpful response from Germany—resolve to support the Imperial Government to prosecute to a successful end the War which has been forced upon the British nation."—Reuter.

Germany Calls Up Still More Soldiers

Brussels, Oct. 2.

Berlin is full of soldiers, and convoys continue to pass from Poland, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Belgian news agency. There are various indications, he adds, tending to show that a new mobilization order has been issued, calling still more men to the colours.—Reuter.

No Peace Possible On Hitler Terms

British Press Reject Nazi Gesture Out of Hand; Man Denounced

London, Oct. 2.

Herr Hitler's "peace offensive," is the theme of several editorials in the British press today. "The Times" declares that unless the specific terms of the peace which the Nazi and Soviet Governments have announced their intention to propound depart very widely from the lines laid down in the statement issued in Moscow on Friday, the reply has already been determined in advance by public revulsion against that insolent manifesto.

No terms that Herr Hitler could offer, the journal continues, can modify the principal aim of the Western Powers, namely, to protect themselves for the future by depriving Herr Hitler of power to repeat his crime, for it is known that his good faith can no longer be trusted, and therefore, the overthrow of Hitlerism is the precedent of all negotiations.

The "peace proposals," says the "Daily Telegraph," must be so conditioned as to make them unacceptable to any nation which is free to choose.

"Their terms and undertakings," it asserts, "have as guarantee to the world and good faith a man who has shown himself without scruple, to be both perfidious and perjured, a man with whom fair dealing is impossible, a man who went back on his solemn undertakings at Munich almost before the ink was dry on the instrument which recorded them."

Poles, Czechs Must Be Free

"There is nothing which should tempt any nation, not beaten to its knees, to consider 'peace proposals' at such a moment, and from such a source," the "Daily Telegraph" adds.

"Herr Hitler asks for peace," says the "Daily Herald," "because he is too weak to fight Britain and France together.

"There will be no dishonourable bargain which leaves the plunderer in peaceful possession of his prey; no peace while the Poles and Czechs remain under Nazi tyranny."

"It is inconceivable," the "Daily Express" says, "that Her Hitler should put forward peace terms acceptable to us, for the Democracies now know the value of his word. They recognize Hitlerism for what it is; false of heart, bloody of hand, a fox in stealth and a wolf in prey.

"They will make no terms with Germany while Czechoslovakia is in chains and Poland lies bleeding."—Reuter.

The Commandant of one of the new training wings of the Royal Air Force, designed to give a continuous supply of pilots and other personnel, commenting on the recruits at present undergoing training, said that nothing could equal them, and many thousand more already were on the waiting list. The resources of Canada, Australia and New Zealand had not yet been touched. When one remembered the resources of the British Dominions, it was evident that the supply of men could be kept up to the end of any war Germany could fight.

Mr. Churchill Reaffirms Britain's Resolve

(Continued from page 7)

throw themselves into the fight but for whom full scope had not yet been found.

"All this would clear up," he said, "as we get into stride. The British Government is unitedly resolved to make the maximum effort of which the nation is capable, and to persevere, whatever may happen, until a decisive victory is gained.

"Patriotic men and women must not only rise above fear but above inconvenience and boredom. Parliament will be kept in session, and all grievances, muddles and scandals can freely be ventilated there. In the past the House of Commons has proved an instrument of national will capable of waging stern wars. Parliament is the shield and expression of Democracy, and Ministers base themselves upon the Parliamentary system. The power of Parliament was manifested last week when a gigantic Budget, which would have infuriated everybody a year ago, was accepted with prompt, stolid reserve.

Large Army Already in France

"A large army has already gone to France, and British armies upon the scale of the Great War are being prepared. The British people are determined to stand on a line with the splendid army of the French Republic, and to share, as fast and early as we can, whatever may be coming to both.

"It may be that great ordeals are coming from the air. We shall do our best to give a good account of ourselves, and always remember that the command of the seas will enable us to bring the immense resources of Canada and the new world into play as a decisive air factor beyond the reach of what we have to give and take over here.

"The Government has given directions to prepare for a war of three years. That does not mean that victory may not be gained in a short time. How soon it is gained depends upon how long Hitler and his group of wicked men, whose hands are stained with blood and sticky with corruption, can keep their grip upon the docile and unhappy German people.

"Hitler Began War, We Say Stop"

"It was for Hitler to say when the war would begin, but not for him or his successors to say when it will end. It began when he wanted, and will only end when we are convinced that he has had enough.

"The Prime Minister has stated his own war aims, the terms of which cannot be bettered or too often repeated: 'To redeem Europe from the perpetual recurring fear of German aggression and to enable the peoples of Europe to preserve their independence and liberties. We have been told that we are effete Democracies. Our reluctance to fight was mocked as cowardice, but now we have begun and, with the help of God and with the conviction that we are defenders of civilization and freedom, we are going on to the end.

"Britain and France have together 85,000,000 people in their homelands alone. Nazidom controls no more, including 16.000,000 newly-conquered Czechs, Slovakians and Austrians held down by force.

Dominions Support Undoubted

"We have the ardent support of 20,000,000 British citizens in self-governing Dominions; we have the heart and moral convictions of India on our side; and we believe we are entitled to the respect and goodwill of the world, particularly the United States.

"How different is the scene from October, 1914. Then the French front, with British assistance, seemed about to break; Russia had been laid low at Tannenberg; the whole of Austria-Hungary was in battle against us; the brave Turks were about to join our enemies, and we had to be ready night and day to fight a decisive sea battle with the formidable German Fleet.

"In those days also Italy was neutral, but we did not know the reason. It was only later we learned that by a secret clause in the triple alliance, Italy had expressly reserved to herself the right to stand aside from any war which brought her in conflict with Britain.

Great and Friendly Italy

"Much has happened since then: misunderstandings and disputes have arisen, but all the more do we appreciate in England the reasons why this great friendly nation of Italy, with whom we have never been at war, has not seen fit to enter the struggle.

"I do not underrate what lies before us, but I cannot doubt that we have the strength to carry the good cause forward and break down the barrier which stand between the wage-earning masses of every land and free and more abundant daily life."

Mr. Churchill concluded by quoting the Victorian orator, John Bright: "At last, after the smoke of the battlefield had cleared away, the horrid shape which had cast a shadow over the whole Continent had vanished, and was gone for ever."—Reuter.

Lesson from American Civil War

The Havas agency reports Mr. Churchill's reference to the American civil war, made just before his quotation from John Bright, as follows:

"Of all wars that men have fought, none was more noble than the Civil War in America nearly eighty years ago (1861-1866). Both sides fought with high conviction and the war was long and hard.

"All the heroism of the South could not redeem their cause of the stain of slavery. Just as all the courage and skill which the Germans always show in war will not free them from the reproach of Nazism, with its intolerance and brutality.

"We may take good heart from what happened in America in those famous days. We may be sure that the world will roll forward into broader destinies.—Havas.

Information Ministry Being Reformed

Posts of Chief Regional Officers To Be Abolished

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 1.

Lord MacMillan, the Minister of Information, is conducting a survey of the organization and staffing of the Ministry, says a statement by the Ministry of Information released to-day.

The Minister has informed the Chief Regional Information Officers and their staff that their services will not be required after the end of the month, or, where salaried staff is concerned, after a shorter period, as provided for in their agreements.—Reuter.

Britain Offers Prayers For King and Troops

Archbishop Of Canterbury Urges Against Cruel Methods

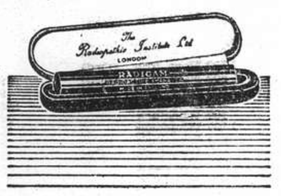
London, Oct. 1.

Special prayers for the King, the Government and the fighting forces were offered by the Dean, Dr. Matthews, at St. Paul's today. Special prayers were also offered at all cathedrals, city churches, village chapels and parish churches throughout the country.

Pleading that this country should not be "dragged down in competition with an enemy in the use of base, cruel methods in waging war," the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Cosmo Gordon Lang, preaching at Westminster Abbey, urged that righteous indignation should not degenerate into bitter hatred towards people "compelled by iron force and skilful misrepresentation to be our enemies."

"Even in stress of war," he said, "let us keep before our minds, and at the right time put before the world, the ideals we hold for peace—ideals not of destruction but restoration, of building up a better international order in which the German nation will have a rightful place."—Reuter.

Domestic
COKE
Smokeless
"The fuel without a fault"
Coke burns steadily and evenly giving the highest percentage of heat value.
Suitable for Water Boilers, Open Grates and Central Heating in Schools, Hospitals, Hotels, and Greenhouses and wherever solid fuel should be used.
Specially recommended for use by Bakers, Confectioners, and Glass Manufacturers.
Graded to suit all purposes
SHANGHAI COKE COMPANY
715 Yu Ya Ching Road
Telephone 92598 or 91294



A GLASS OF RADIUM WATER REACHES THE SPOT
FREE BOOKLET ON APPLICATION
HEALTH-RAYS, LIMITED
45 Denis Apartments, 770 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 33837

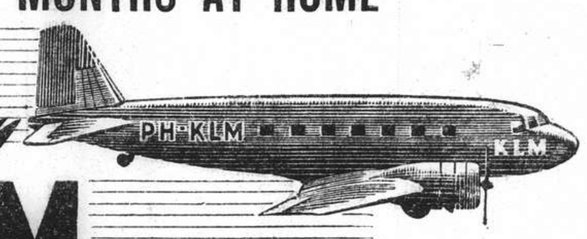
Only 2 more days
to buy a ticket in the Refugee Relief Lottery and stand to win 1st Prize of
$37,500 — to — $75,000
or any one of 253 substantial prizes!
besides thousands of $5 prizes!
AN EXTRA $1 SHARE IS GIVEN FREE——IF YOU BUY $10 WORTH OF TICKETS AT ONE TIME.
ON SALE EVERYWHERE
Drawing on OCTOBER 5th!
$5 Tickets divided into five $1 shares
REFUGEE RELIEF LOTTERY
LOTERIE DE BIENFAISANCE POUR LES REFUGIES
(Authorised by the French Consulate-General)
Sale of Tickets authorized by F.M.C. & S.M.C.
17 Canton Road Telephone 19775

HARRISONS, KING & IRWIN, LIMITED
549 Szechuen Road
MALTHOID
and
MINERAL SURFACED ROOFINGS
Waterproofing contracts undertaken with expert labour and foreign supervision.
Building Supplies Department
Telephone 15510

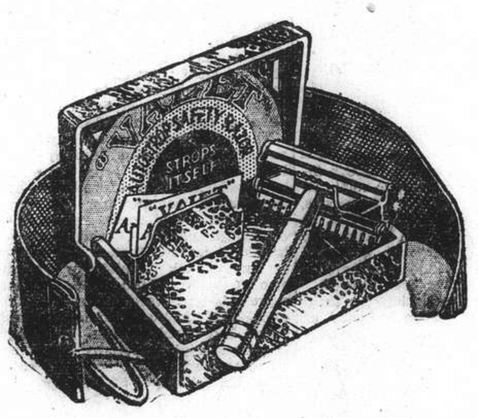
When you buy
KOTEX
you can be sure that Kotex stays Wondersoft—it is cushioned to prevent chafing.
★ Kotex does not show—thanks to its flattened and tapered ends.
★ Kotex has a patented center section that guards against spotting.

ONLY KOTEX OFFERS THREE TYPES—REGULAR • JUNIOR • SUPER—FOR DIFFERENT WOMEN ON DIFFERENT DAYS.

GRIGORIEFF & CO. LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)
860-864 Avenue Joffre Telephone 72923
Latest European Novelties:
All kinds of SILK and WOOL
for LADIES' DRESSES and COATS
FRENCH LAME, HANDBAGS, GLOVES.
GRIGORIEFF & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

TWO EXTRA MONTHS AT HOME
if you fly


KLM ROYAL DUTCH AIR LINES
Three times a week the K.L.M. Far Eastern Service calls at Bangkok, both outward and homeward bound, where connections from and to Hongkong (Imperial Airways or Air France) are being made. This splendid flying service is thus brought within your reach, linking you with London, Amsterdam, Calcutta and Batavia. Fast, smooth and silent air liners. Steward service on board.
FARES: Hongkong/London and return £252.—
• *Full information from* Messrs. Java-China-Japan Line, 133 Szechuen Road and all leading Travel Bureaux.



The New '99'
WITH MOULDED CASE
In bringing out the New '99' Set, Valet have modernised an old favourite. The New '99' consists of an improved Valet self-stropping razor, strop and three blades in a hygienic moulded case. Save time and money. Buy the Valet, the simplest, quickest, most economical method of shaving known.
BETTER VALUE THAN EVER BEFORE
'VALET'

Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, October 3.		Reg.	Ord.
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki		*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton		*20.00	7.30
Ninghsien Yungkia Wenchow etc. via Chinhai		8.30	9.00
Nantung		14.30	15.00
Indo-China (Z) via Haiphong	AX	—	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		16.30	17.00
WEDNESDAY, October 4.			
Hongkong and Haiphong		10.00	10.30
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin		10.30	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Haiphong		10.30	11.00
Fukien Province via Amoy		10.30	11.00
Ninghsien Yungkia Wenchow etc. via Chinhai		12.30	13.00
Tsingtao		13.30	14.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	X	14.30	16.00
Chinwangtao		15.30	16.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China and Manila	X	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	X	15.30	16.00
THURSDAY, October 5.			
Japan Korea Formosa via Nagasaki		*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung		*20.00	7.30
Tsingtao and Dairen		8.30	9.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila Java Ports	B	10.00	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton		10.30	11.00
Fukien Province via Amoy		10.30	11.00
Tsingtao Chefoo and Tientsin		10.30	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		16.30	17.00

* The night before.

A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 3rd.

B Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 4th. (Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on Oct. 14).

X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on October 5, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due London October 18.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Oct. 5, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on October 18.

Air France per steamer on October 5, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m. Mails for America may be sent to-day to Japan for connection with a steamer leaving Yokohama on October 6.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and noon at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao and Tungshan by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices west and north of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—

Per steamer via Pacific, Oct. 6, due London Nov. 8.

Per steamer via Suez, Oct. 18, due London Nov. 16.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From **NEW YORK**: Laura Maersk, due 5 p.m. Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From ROTTERDAM			From SUEZ		
Zuiderkerk	28/9	11/11	Yasukuni M.	27/9	20/10
From ANTWERP			**From SINGAPORE**		
Serooskerk	21/8	14/10	Katori M.	2/10	10/10
Zuiderkerk	18/9	11/11	Serooskerk	30/9	14/10
From LONDON			Victoria	2/10	16/10
Katori M.	1/9	10/10	**From SOERABAYA**		
Yasukuni M.	15/9	20/10	Tjisadane	29/9	17/10
Kasima M.	29//9	7/11	**From HONGKONG**		
From GENOA			See "China Ports" below.		
Hilda	20/7	5/10			
Victoria	14/9	16/10			

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK			From HONOLULU		
P. Maersk	9/9	25/10	P. Cleveland	28/9	11/10
G. Maersk	23/9	10/11	Tatuta M.	30/9	27/10
From SAVANNAH			**From HONGKONG**		
G. Maersk	28/9	10/11	See "China Ports" below.		
From LOS ANGELES			**From NAGASAKI**		
P. Cleveland	18/9	11/10	Nagasaki M.	3/10	4/10
Pres. Pierce	2/10	25/10	**From KEELUNG(Formosa)**		
Pres. Maersk	30/9	25/10	Hukuken M.	7/10	9/10
Tatuta M.	22/9	27/10			

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN			From MOMBASA		
Tegelberg	13/9	22/10	Tegelberg	1/10	22/10

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN			From HONGKONG
Tsingtao M.	2/10	4/10	

Vessels Discharging

VICEROY OF INDIA- The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Viceroy of India, from London and Ports.—This steamer is berthing at Nos. 11-12 Buoys and her cargo will be discharged at the Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hongkew Wharf on Friday, October 6, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks, of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 3-10

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJITJALENGKA Oct. 5- AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MENADO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjitjalengka sails from Customs Lower Buoys No. 13-14 on Thursday, October 5, at 2 p.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European. Australian and African Ports. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 12 a.m. (noon). For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 5-10

STRAITS AND EUROPE

TALLEYRAND. Oct. 19- ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, OSLO and GOTHENBURG DIRECT via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.—Motor vessel Talleyrand of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai for the above-mentioned ports on October 19. For freight or passage apply to Dodwell and Company, Limited, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 19-10

VICTORIA Oct. 19- TO NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 18-10

AMERICA

SOPHOCLES Oct. 17. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Maersk Line Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 17-10

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Esang, from **Hongkong and Ports:** Mrs. A. Pellen, Miss M. B. Johnston, Mr. A. M. Da Motta, Miss S.S. Wong, Miss S. C. Capt. & Mrs. A. Robertson, Yau, Mr. & Mrs. S. K. Ng, Mrs. Tsao Wei Ling & Inft., Mr. A. P. Chijoff, Mr. P. W. Ingmer, Mr. P. Peresford, Mrs. M. Margot, Mrs. M. Pettex, Mr. A. Berthier, Mrs. W. Carson, Miss Y. F. Wong, Mr. S. L. Wong, Mr. P. Lipan.

Per Kwaisang, from **Tientsin and Ports:** Mrs. & Miss Berthet, Mrs. M. Dowall, Dr. C. P. Li, Mrs. S. C. Quinn, Mrs. E. A. Corn, Mr. & Mrs. Helm.

Per J. Justesen, from **Chinwangtao:** Mrs. C. S. Franklin, Miss R. Waldron, Mrs. Chaffee, Miss F. Nickles.

Weather, Time and Tide

Tuesday, October 3, 1939 (21st day of 8th moon)	SICCAWEI Oct. 1 16.00	21.00	Oct. 2 4.00	9.00
Barometer inches	30.04	30.00	30.02	30.06
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.07	—0.09	—0.10	—0.06
" " " 12 hrs.)	—0.08	—0.06	—0.02	0.00
Wind (direction)	SE	ESE	E	S
" (miles per hour)	7.4	9.3	7.4	5.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	71.4°	63.9°	63.3°	72.0°
Humidity %	73	91	97	77
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	4	3	1
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 1	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.08	—0.02	30.01
Temp. Min. 56.°1 Max. 77.°5	66.°8	—1.°7	68.°2
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	37.25	—	38.57

Time and Tide	3/10	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.48	5.49	5.50	5.50	5.51
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.38	17.37	17.36	17.35	17.33
Moon rises at Shanghai	20.43	21.34	22.30	23.30	—
Moon sets at Shanghai	9.48	10.44	11.39	12.31	13.21
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	11.49	12.28	13.00	14.20	16.30
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	17.47	5.30	6.30	7.25	8.40
H.W. Wsung Bar 6 to 18	14.18	14.42	15.35	16.39	18.33
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.13	8.84	8.15	6.90	5.50

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line via Honolulu

ASAMA MARU ..... Oct. 7
TATUTA MARU .... Oct. 28

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver

From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... Oct. 7

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama

NOSIRO MARU .... Oct. 8
NAKO MARU ..... Nov. 4

Japan-Australia Line via Manila

From Hongkong
KITANO MARU .... Oct. 28

European Mail Line

Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon, Aden, Port Said.
*TERUKUNI MARU ... Oct. 3
HAKUSAN MARU .... Oct. 17
HARUNA MARU ..... Oct. 31
*Special call at Port Sudan, Beyrouth, Casablanca (leave at 5 p.m.)

Bombay and Calcutta Line

Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta.
HAKODATE MARU .. Oct. 3
DURBAN MARU .... Oct. 13
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi.
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 11
TOYAMA MARU .... Oct. 28

Kobe Express Service

KATORI MARU .... Oct. 13
For Kobe, Mozi & Yokohama
KASIMA MARU .... Nov. 8
HAKONE MARU .... Nov. 21

61 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA** Telephone 12842

General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

LLOYD TRIESTINO

Next Sailings from Shanghai:

mv. VICTORIA . . October 19
ss. CONTE VERDE . November 16

to Trieste, Venice, Naples, Genoa,
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Port Said

For Passages and Freight Accommodation please apply to:

LLOYD TRIESTINO

Telephone 16885 26 The Bund, Shanghai Telegr. LLOYDIANO

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailings

For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU .... Oct. 11
HUKUKEN MARU .... Oct. 27
For Keelung
TYOSA MARU ..... Oct. 5
TYOSA MARU ..... Oct. 15

Hongkong Sailings

For South America via S. Africa
LA PLATA MARU .... Oct. 5
BUENOS AIRES MARU Oct. 31
For South America via E. & S. Africa
ARABIA MARU ..... Oct. 6
MANILA MARU ..... Nov. 5
For Bombay
BORNEO MARU ..... Oct. 19
SUMATRA MARU .... Nov. 3

Nagasaki Sailings

For Manila, Cebu and Davao
TAKAO MARU ..... Sept. 30

Keelung Sailings

For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU .... Oct. 3
SAIGON MARU .... Oct. 15

Kobe Sailings

For New York via Panama Canal
TOZAN MARU ..... Oct. 11
KANTO MARU ..... Nov. 11
For European Ports via New York
HOKKUKAI MARU .... Oct. 17
TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 22
For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... Oct. 1
CANBERRA MARU .... Oct. 31
For West Africa
SE-A MARU ..... Oct. 24

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road (OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA) Telephone 15324

T.A.K. LINE

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
Shanghai Maru	Oct. 2	Oct. 3 at 9 a.m.
	T.A.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf (Former O.S.K. Wharf)	T.A.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf (Former O.S.K. Wharf)
Nagasaki Maru	Oct. 4	Oct. 5 at 9 a.m.
Shanghai Maru	Oct. 7.	Oct. 8 at 9 a.m.
Nagasaki Maru	Oct. 9	Oct. 10 at 9.a.m.

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephone 42255

TŌA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

East Asiatic Co. Ld.
of Copenhagen

Next arrival from European Continental Ports
ms. JAVA
Next Vessel loading at Shanghai for
ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM AND COPENHAGEN
ms. SIAM
Further particulars of arrivals and departures on application.
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers. Passage fare £.97.10.0; to Rotterdam.

Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Lv. S'hai	Lv. Kobe		Lv. S'hai	Lv. Kobe
Pres. Taft	—	Oct. 13	Pres. Taft	—	Dec. 6
Pres. Cleveland	Oct. 24	Oct. 26	Pres. Cleveland	—	Dec. 20
Pres. Pierce	—	Nov. 3	Pres. Pierce	—	Jan. 3
Pres. Coolidge	Nov. 21	Nov. 23	Pres. Coolidge	Jan. 16	Jan. 18

Hongkong and Manila:

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
Pres. Cleveland	Oct. 12	Pres. Coolidge	Nov. 8
Pres. Pierce	Oct. 26	Pres. Taft	Nov. 23

ROUND-THE-WORLD: Fortnightly service from Japan and Hongkong, via Manila, Straits, Ceylon, India, Egypt, Italy, France to New York.

ALSO AGENTS FOR "TWA",
THE POPULAR TRANS-CONTINENTAL AIR LINE

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"

51 CANTON ROAD TELEPHONE 15309

K.P.M.-LINE

ORIENT-JAVA-AFRICA LINE

Modern, fast vessels with up-to-date passenger accommodation, spacious promenade and sports decks, swimming pool, etc. To Manila, Saigon, Bangkok (Koh-Si-Chang), Singapore, Batavia, Mauritius, Réunion, Tamatave, Lourenço Marques, **DURBAN, CAPETOWN,** Mossel Bay, Port Elizabeth, East London, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Mahé (Seychelles.)

ms. TEGELBERG	From Shanghai	Oct.	23, 1939
	From Hongkong	Nov.	4, 1939
ms. RUYS	From Shanghai	Nov.	26, 1939
	From Hongkong	Dec.	7, 1939

SPACE FOR REFRIGERATOR CARGO AND VEGETABLE OIL IN BULK AVAILABLE

Cargo accepted on through B/L to Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro and other South American East Coast Ports.

Through Tickets issued to United Kingdom and Continent. For passage fares and further particulars apply to the Agents:

Java-China-Japan Lijn, Agentschap Shanghai, N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

Outwards

ms. TAMARA arr. Nov. 2 ms. NAGARA arr. Nov. 19

Homewards

ms. SHANTUNG, leaving October 30, Taking cargo for Casablanca, Oslo, Gothenburg and Copenhagen, via Cape.

Agents: **The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.**
HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 4	Oct. 5 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 6	Oct. 7 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 9	Oct. 10 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 12	Oct. 13 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 15	Oct. 16 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 17	Oct. 18 at 11 a.m.

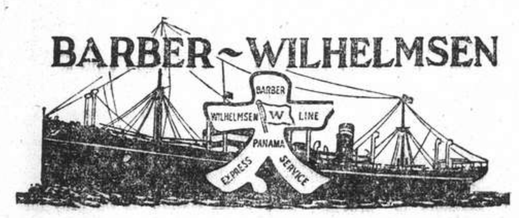
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)

ss. KOGA MARU ..... Oct. 5
ss. YEKISHIN MARU ..... Oct. 11

For Passage and Freight apply to

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19648

BARBER-WILHELMSEN



Express Service

Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

mv. TAI YANG sailing Oct. 23

Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk

For Freight and Passage Rates apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

THE FAR EASTERN REVIEW
Yokohama Specie Bank Building, 24 The Bund
(FOUNDED IN 1904)

Read About the History-Making Changes in the Orient To-day in the Current Issue of *The Far Eastern Review.*

Why China's War Goes On

How Duties May Affect Philippine Exports

China's Financial Plight

Subscription Rate $10 per year; single copies $1

May be obtained from the following bookstores:

Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., 66 Nanking Road.
Chinese-American Publishing Co., 160 Nanking Road.
Cathay Hotel Book Stall Cathay Hotel.
F. Ziang Kee Book Co., Ltd., 635 Szechuen Road.
Metropole Hotel, News Stand.
Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round-the-World Express Service

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ON APPLICATION TO AGENTS

Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.

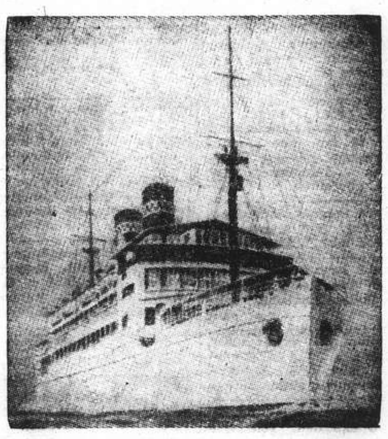
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space

For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE *Apply to* Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

SILVER LINE *Apply to* Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

BURNS PHILP LINE
mv. NEPTUNA



PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE TO

AUSTRALIA

Next Sailing from Hongkong
FIRST WEEK IN NOVEMBER 1939

for Saigon, Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, Sydney and Melbourne.

First Class Fare to Sydney: Single £47.10; Return £76

Passenger and Freight Agents:—

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Telephone 16940

The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Terukuni M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Anna Maersk	Hongkong	Maersk L.
Tjitjalengka	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Tyosa M.	Keelung	O.S.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Sungshan M.	Amoy	T.K.K.
Asama M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Hwaping	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	T'lungkong	Chu Foong
Karati M.	Miike	Y.K.K.
Nantung M.	Nantung	T.K.K.
Liesel	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
H. Kiangnan	Hupukow	S. Guenter
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Luise	Ger.	Keh Lee
H. Kiangnan	Ger.	S. Guenter
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Kwaping	Jap.	Hwa Chung
Heini	Ger.	G.F.E.
Romolo	Ital.	V. Chieri
Tejo	Port.	I.C.R.N.
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	U.S.N.B.
Pillsbury 227	Am.	Dest.	U.S.N.B
Pope 225	Am.	Dest.	U.S.N.B.
Peary 226	Am.	Dest.	U.S.N.B
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Tr.	15 P'toon
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTION

The average reader will readily admit that he is far more interested in pictures than in print. Let the North-China Daily News make your blocks if you desire good reproductions.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055, Extension 5

God's Is the Only Safe Way

Sermon Preached in the Bubbling Well Chapel By Dean Trivett at Evensong on September 17

"Teach me thy way, O Lord; I will walk in thy truth: unite my heart to fear thy name." Psalm 86, 11.

AT the forefront of this Psalm in our Bibles we read that it is "A Prayer of David," and since these words, or words very like them or of similar import, recur in Psalm after Psalm, we gather that it was a prayer which he frequently offered. It was a prayer for guidance, and a prayer for a united heart, that he might follow wholeheartedly in the way. David had no illusions about his own weakness and his need of divine guidance and strength. He had come to distrust his own heart. Its evil longings and desires had betrayed him too often into blunders and crimes. He was a man of discernment and judgment, and knew full well how readily the human heart mistakes ambition for inspiration, how quickly it chooses the path of self-indulgence in preference to the stern way of duty, how often and easily we confuse conviction and inclination. He wished to be saved from these mistakes, and so it was that he made, as we may well imagine, this his daily prayer: "Teach me thy way, O Lord: unite my heart to fear thy name."

At first sight it may seem that this prayer was more appropriate on David's lips than it would be on ours, at least the first part of it. We know what we ought to do. Not only have we this Book, with its precepts and warnings, not only Christ as our example and our guide, but we have a Christian civilization and a host of saintly examples all about us. On the other hand, David's world was a dark world, lacking the encouragements and restraints of ours. True, they had the Law of Moses—the Commandments given upon Sinai—but in many ways the Godly man was a pioneer and most men held very confused ideas of God and of morality. Saintly examples were few, and morals and manners were often crude and unformed. It was often difficult to know what was right. The wonder is not that he sometimes failed and went badly astray, but rather that on the whole he walked so straight and true.

The secret of David's life was that he sought and found divine guidance, that he spent so much time in prayer, that he made this his habitual cry: "Teach me thy way, O Lord; cause me to know the way wherein I should go." And we do well to follow his example. We need still to offer constantly this prayer. It is true that we live in a more enlightened age. Our path has been illumined by Him Who is the "Light of the world." His teaching and example are a well marked chart on life's uncertain sea. Our problems are more often born of stubbornness and self-will than of ignorance. Yet having said that, it is no good pretending that life is all plain sailing. The "Pilgrim's progress" even in this 20th century is a narrow way, and often-times a difficult way. There are "hills difficult" along the journey, and dangers lurk beside the path we must take. Sometimes mists of uncertainty hide all the landmarks to which we look for guidance, and sometimes we blunder in the dark. This prayer is one we need often upon our lips: "Teach me thy way, O Lord; unite my heart to fear thy name."

Life's Many Problems

Life has many problems, and we shall only solve them correctly when, like the old King of Israel, we spread them out before the Lord. The Christian course of action is not always clearly defined by a "Thou shalt!" or "Thou shalt not!". We cannot open the Bible at random and find a "Thus saith the Lord!" pat and opportune for every problem. With the best intentions we are often perplexed and baffled. Business has its peculiar problems, nor are they less prevalent in professional and domestic life. For instance, we must decide such questions as these: when is it right to speak, and when wisest to keep silence? when should help be given and when is it wisest to withhold our assistance? when is generosity unwise, and when is punishment a kindness? when duties conflict, how are we to decide which is the more important? There is no man or woman among us, who is anxious to live honourably, righteously and purely, who does not hesitate, baffled and puzzled, many a time over such or kindred problems. We feel that we are helpless and lost unless we can seek and find guidance from above. With the best intentions we may go astray, unless we have guidance from God, unless we can kneel, as David knelt, and say, "Teach me thy way, O Lord!"

Indeed, I would premise that unless we make this our daily prayer, there is little hope of our solving life's problems and steering our course aright through the dangers and difficulties which beset us. We shall make tragic failure of our lives unless we realize how weak we are, and how prone we are to go astray in the way of self-will, and, like David, get into the habit of kneeling humbly before God each day and asking Him to show us the way in which He would have us go.

Matter of Faith

Now, there are two things we must understand and agree upon before prayer can be of much value to us. First of all, we must realise that prayer is a real and vital thing, offered to a real Being, offered to one who hears and takes the trouble to answer and who can answer in ways unknown to us. We must believe that we have over us and all things a Father and not an impersonal force, a sympathetic heart and not a creator caught in the machine of his own making, set and ordered by his own inexorable laws. We must believe, not only that He is able, but that He is willing, to guide us; that there is a light which lighteth every man that cometh into the world; that He can cast a light on my path and yours. It is no use praying at all unless we have faith enough for that. For I would warn you at the outset that it will often—perhaps chiefly—be a matter of faith. We must be prepared to walk by faith. We shall rarely see or understand in what particular way He grants us his illumination and guidance; we shall be conscious of it, let no-one misunderstand me there, but, we shall not perhaps understand the manner of it. For often we hear no voice, we discern no signs. He does not always send us a sermon or a friend at the nick of time to point out the very thing we should do. As I have said, we cannot always open a Bible and light upon a text which casts clear light upon the course of action we should pursue. That sometimes happens, but we cannot depend upon it. And because of this there are some who foolishly say that His guiding light is but the creature of our own imagination, and that however much a man prays, he has still to make his own unaided choice. And yet what folly it is to think God's intervention to the things that we can understand, and to suppose that he has no ways of communicating thoughts, impulses, and decisions to his children, except by those ways which the senses can discern and ordinary intelligence define. May he not touch the heart and shape the thoughts and influence the will through a thousand secret channels? He can awaken a slumbering conscience into activity and quicken its dead sensitiveness into new life. He can speak a language we can feel, but cannot hear or interpret. We are led by strange ways and it is only afterwards that we, looking back, see that he was leading us. It is the testimony of countless men and women who have made life's problems a matter of prayer that many a time the clouds on life's path have been lifted,—moral difficulties have been settled,—the way has been made as clear and definite before them; as if, like the Children of Israel of old, that way had been marked out by the pillar of cloud, or flame of fire.

And then in the second place I would say that if this prayer is to be of any value we must be prepared to go in God's way when he reveals it. We must trust and obey. David's prayer must be our model. Remember he said not only "Teach me thy way," but, "I will walk in thy truth. Unite my heart to fear thy name."

Will To Obey

There must be the will to obey, otherwise the prayer is a mockery. There must be a united heart, the whole heart given to God, that alone he can accept. If we pray for light on our path and guidance for our feet, but in our hearts have made reservation, if there are some things we will not be willing to do, or to give up,—then let us not be surprised if God does not answer our prayers. If we pray "Teach me thy way!" we must be prepared to walk in his way, and not want to continue in our own, but get God's blessing upon it; that is to follow the example of Balaam, and it is never a success. And yet how often that is just what we want to do. We want to walk in our own way and call it God's. God's way is seldom the easiest way, but it is the only safe way. It is the only way that leads to peace and joy, and rest at the end. And so whatever it entails, let us resolve to take it.

"Teach me thy way O Lord....I will walk in thy truth. Unite my heart to fear thy name."

"Thy way not mine O Lord
However dark it be
Lead me by thine own hand
Choose out the path for me
Smooth let it be or rough
It will be still the best
Winding or straight it leads
Right onward to thy rest."

Senator Byrnes Supports Pittman Bill

Other Cotton State Senators' Votes Secured by Lead

Washington, Oct. 1.

A two-thirds majority vote in the Senate was assured for the Pittman Neutrality Revision Bill, Senator James F. Byrnes, prominent conservative Democrat of South Carolina, affirmed today.

Senator Byrnes will be one of the Democrats who will defend the revisionary project aiming at the abrogation of the arms embargo clause of the Neutrality Act, which is to be debated tomorrow.

His stand on home politics gave him, in the eyes of more liberal party colleagues, a position in the opposition Democrat camp. Now, however, he was seen to be coming out in open support of the Administration and his high reputation was expected to bring the votes of other Senators from the cotton-producing States neighbouring on South Carolina.—Havas.

Senate Begins Debate

Washington, Oct. 2.

The Senate began debate upon the proposed amendments to the present Neutrality Act at noon today with the Administration claiming they had 67 votes in favour of their programme which would bar United States ships from the war zones. They claimed they could count on 65 votes when needed.

Those in opposition to the proposed changes in the Act believed they would be able to change enough Senators to prevent the repeal of the Arms Embargo provisions of the Act, but admitted they would need overwhelming public sentiment behind them.

Both sides agreed that the basic objective of all their activity was to keep the United States from war. Their only disagreement was on the method to be used.—United Press.

THE Archbishop of Canterbury has appointed Sunday, October 1, as a day of special intercession throughout the Empire. In conformity with the Archbishop's call, Mattins in the Cathedral has been specially arranged with appropriate hymns, lessons and an anthem. A small booklet, containing selected prayers for use in time of war, has been printed and will be distributed throughout the Cathedral. Members of the congregation are invited to take these books away with them and use them in their private devotions. The Dean will preach, his subject being, 'Intercessory Prayer.'

U.S. Precautions in Panama Doubled

Anti-Espionage Measures Taken; Extra Guards at All Vital Points

Washington, Oct. 2.

The United States has taken extraordinary steps to guard against espionage and possible sabotage at the Panama Canal, the nation's lifeline of defence.

Officials stressed that the assignment of additional guards at strategic locks and control houses is purely a precautionary measure and that there have been no indications of foreign plots against the canal.

The safeguards coincide with the start of a huge defence programme in the Canal Zone, including construction of another air base, extra anti-aircraft and coast batteries, enlarged garrisons and supplementary locks which will cost $277,000,000.

The posting of extra guards at vital spots along the canal is part of the general "preparedness" developed by the Army and Navy to meet the European war emergency. Details of the new vigilance measures are being treated as military secrets.

Factories Guarded Against Spies

Similar steps to guard against foreign spies and sabotage have been taken during recent months in American aircraft factories, arsenals and other Government or private plants engaged in manufacture of war materials.

The canal precautions follow a recent trip to the area by the Secretary of War, Mr. Harry Woodring, in connection with efforts to make the Atlantic-Pacific waterway link impregnable to air, sea and land attacks.

The canal long has been regarded by military experts as the focal point of any surprise blow at the United States by a hostile Power, since effective crippling of the waterway would impair seriously the value of the rapidly expanding navy.

Discussing general anti-espionage and anti-sabotage precautions, ranking officials said that developments in Europe have served to accentuate the programme only slightly. This was taken to indicate that the plans have reached near peak efficiency.—United Press.

Polish Consul in Kiev Believed Kidnapped

Call from "Soviet Authorities" Precedes Disappearance

Moscow, Oct. 1.

The mysterious disappearance of M. Matuszinski, Polish Consul at Kiev, and lack of word from him since 2 o'clock this morning lead the Polish Embassy here to express fears tonight for his safety. He was believed to have been kidnapped.

The Vice-Consul at Kiev telephoned the Embassy here today and reported that at 2 a.m. today M. Matuszinski received a telephone call from a man who stated he represented the Foreign Commissariat at Kiev. He asked the Polish Consul to come to the Commissariat immediately. M. Matuszinski apparently feared all was not well and took with him two strong Polish chauffeurs. Since his departure, the Embassy was informed, the Kiev Consulate neither saw nor heard of M. Matuszinski and his two companions. The Commissariat in Kiev informed the Vice-Consul that it had not telephoned early this morning.

The Kiev consular staff was to leave Soviet Russia on Tuesday with the personnel of the Embassy. Now, however, the Embassy has announced that none of its personnel will leave until the three men appear again.—Havas.

New Rumanian Minister Arrives in Moscow

Moscow, Oct. 1.

The new Rumanian Minister to the U.S.S.R., M. Davidesku, arrived here on September 30. The former Minister, M. Dianu, has left Moscow.—Tass.

WITH a view to elevating the status of the minority races, a conference representing 14 races was summoned under the auspices of General Shen Shih-tsai, Governor of Sinkiang, at Tihua, the provincial capital, on September 28, says a Chinese message to the "Shun Pao." The conference, which is being continued today, is representative of all minority races in the province, and is being attended by 226 representatives from the Kasaks, Jassaks, and Lama priests and Mongolian princes, the report states. The Sinkiang populace is essentially nomadic, and the conference is being called to discuss measures for the elevation of their economic and cultural levels. Discussions were also formed yesterday by the various groups representing different minority races of the province, at which a number of resolutions were passed and adopted. These will be referred to the Sinkiang Provincial Government for acceptance, and will elevate the economic and cultural status of the various racial groups, the report concludes.

NOT GOOD ENOUGH

Modern business cannot be served by printing that is "good enough." Progressive commercial concerns realize that good printing is an asset of great value. The North-China Daily News Printing Department has a reputation for quality.

Articles of Association
Share Warrants
Dividend Warrants
Share Certificates
Cheques
Account Books
Reports and Accounts
Minutes of Annual Meetings
Three Colour Reproductions
Catalogues
Stationery
Loose Leaf Ledgers
Freight Tariffs
Trade Circulars
Private Codes, etc.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055, Extension 5

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED salesman having connections with cabarets, dance-halls, etc., full or part time job. Address Box 2830, NCDN. -5002

STENOTYPIST for afternoons in doctor's office. Local-born girl with German knowledge preferred. Address Box 2810, NCDN. -4963

WANTED European expert for manufacturing woodwork style "Muenchener Holzarbeit." Write in any language to Box 2788, NCDN. -4926

WANTED salesman with good private connections, for selling men's suit material. Favourable condition. Apply to 209 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 812. -4761

EXPERT tuition in shorthand, typewriting, etc. at Farmer's Commercial College. Moderate fees, spacious class rooms. 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. -2892

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

EMIGRANT of middle age, seeks position in a small household or to children. Address Box 2785, NCDN. -4921

EXPERIENCED representative to visit doctors, hospitals, recently with large foreign medical firm, desires position. Good connection with doctors, hospitals. Box 2786, NCDN. -4922

EXPERIENCED radio service engineer, can take charge of service department, excellent references, seeks immediate employment. Box 2783, NCDN. -4920

EUROPEAN engineer (superintendent last position), expert in concrete construction, underground and road work, seeks new position. Address Box 2782, NCDN. -4919

CHINESE girl, experienced, seeks immediate employment as a stenographer-typist. Address Box 2796, NCDN. -4905

EUROPEAN lady, experienced governess with certificate, speaking English and some French, seeks position to children. Afternoons only. Address Box 2696, NCDN. -4744

NURSE, urgently desires position, any nursing capacity, private or public. Holds diploma as laboratory assistant. Reply Box 2727, NCDN. -4795

YOUNG lady, Hungarian, 24, well-educated, good English, seeks position as nurse or governess. Box 2724, NCDN. -4829

EXPERIENCED steno-typist, Englishman, seeks position after office hours. Office or personal. Also gives English conversation lessons. Box 2769, NCDN. -4892

Business Opportunities

FOREIGNER (French) has all possibilities to import large stock of lumber-timber. Samples viewed on appointment. Only serious capitalists (foreign, Chinese) need apply. Address Box 2801, NCDN. 11651

OFFICE-partner wanted by ladies-tailor. Costumes and mantles. Settlement or Concession. Office, Post Office Box 994. -4899

PARTNERSHIP wanted by foreigner, aged 32, with technical experience, in old-established Shanghai firm. Address Box 2806, NCDN. -4952

Agencies

YOUR apartment flat will be sold at the highest price without any remuneration. Apply Apartments Agency 217 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 11. 11638

Lost

19 SUB-PASSES Nos. AM27742-63, marked AT/802/AK, 740 rolls galvanised steel plain sheets, per ss. Myoho Maru from Japan, have been lost and are hereby declared null and void. Kusunoki. -4575

LOST, Wilham S. N. Co. Godown Warrant No. 22025 covering ten pieces drug, B/L. No. 41, marked 遂 in rectangle, per ss. Sin Ziang Tai. The said Company has been duly advised of the loss and the above-mentioned godown Warrant is hereby declared null and void. Tien Zung Drug Co. -4874

LOST. Application for Customs Brokers Licence Reg. No.C.50 issued to undersigned. Besides registering at the Customs, through the Customs Brokers Guild, the above mentioned Licence is hereby declared null and void. Yue Foong Zung & Co. -4592

Motor Cars and Cycles

MORRIS Cowley, 4-cylinder, A1 condition, 4-door sedan. For quick sale, US$50. 339 Broadway East, Telephone 51663. -4990

1933 model, 8 h.p. Ford car, two doors, completely overhauled, repainted, A1 condition. Telephone 31030, office hours. -4984

1934 Austin 10, 4-door saloon. Perfect mechanical condition, US$270. British Repair Garage, Terrace 25 Tifeng Road, Telephone 20803. -4978

OPEL four-cylinder, two-door sedan. In excellent condition. Engine, paint, chromium, upholstery, tyres, etc. perfect. US$200 only. Box 2829, NCDN. -5001

TRUCK, 3 tons, in good running order, $1,100 for sale. Apply 627 Avenue Foch, Telephone 71948. -4994

WILLYS 77, 1934, always owner-driven. Runs and looks like new. Owner leaving; selling US$200. Apply Telephone 32840. Seen 12-2 and 5-7 p.m. -4979

1930 Ford cabriolet, excellent condition, $1,300. Box 2759, NCDN. -4868

NASH 1929, 6-cylinder sedan. New duco, overhauled. Economical, $1,250. Telephone 13888, 1677/1681 Avenue Road corner Kiaochow. -4695

WANTED a used car for cash. Please state particulars of make, year, condition, price, to Box 2746, NCDN. 11600

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11593

FOR immediate sale: Chevrolet 1931 sedan, 6 wheels, new battery, good condition. No dealers. Telephone 12274. 11637

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -4325

Educational

RUSSIAN lady gives Russian lessons to lady or gentleman in exchange of English or French. Box 2814, NCDN. -4968

FOREIGN "Y" French beginners, intermediate, advanced classes starting October 2. Also private lessons. Apply Educational Department, Telephone 92250. -4619

PIANO lessons by Miss Wincia Tomaszewska. Apply 3-5 p.m. 818B Avenue Joffre, Telephone 71695. -4864

DIPLOMAED lady-teacher gives French lessons. Shanghai references. Address Box 2739, NCDN. -4758

BRIDGE lessons, single or group, by lady-teacher. $5 per lesson. Telephone 31562 (12-3 p.m.) -4685

SINGING and dramatic lessons given by Edgar Lissner, formerly stage manager of the German National Theatres. Telephone 78897. 1768 Avenue Joffre, Flat 1. -4675

GERMAN conversation, grammar and shorthand lessons by experienced German lady-teacher. Private and classes for beginners and advanced. Classes commence October 15. 868/117 Bubbling Well, Telephone 33833. -4694

COMPLETE Commercial Course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, bookkeeping, correspondence, etc. Evening shorthand speed dictation. Special English class for beginners. Individual attention. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. -4677

FORMER academy of music (Vienna) teacher of singing and piano, gives lessons at pupil's home. Terms very moderate. Well recommended. Box 2762, NCDN. -4984

LEARN jazz piano by ear. Reading not required. Easy modern method with quick results. For interview with free demonstration, address Box 2778, NCDN. 11619

WANTED: three well-educated, attractive Chinese lady teachers, speaking English. Address Box 2779, NCDN. -4907

FRENCH and German lessons given by experienced gentleman teacher. Twice weekly, $15 per month. 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. Apply from 8—9 a.m. or by letter. -4425

Personal

ENGLISHMAN, just taken up riding, would like companion for week-ends. Kindly communicate Box 2832, NCDN. -5008

FOREIGNER requires acquaintance with Chinese gentleman for English-Chinese translation. Box 2815, NCDN. -4973

YOUNG Chinese gentleman wishes to make friends with young English people for friendship and language exchange. Address Box 2781, NCDN. -4917

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED rickshaw, good condition; will give lady's bicycle in part payment. Telephone Gray 20043. -4923

WANTED to purchase, one second-hand piano. Willing to pay best price. Address Box 2833, NCDN. -5009

COSMETIC apparatus and couch wanted. Please telephone Mrs. Szekeres, Telephone 72178. -4957

WANTED to buy, complete outfit for full-circle tyre retreading. Address Box 2803, NCDN. -4951

WANTED to purchase famous German pianos. Will pay good price. Address Box 2812, NCDN. -4965

REFRIGERATOR wanted. Must be modern and perfect. State brand, price, style. Address Box 2813, NCDN. -4966

ELECTRIC-motors, second-hand, 0, 5-25 h.p., 50 h.p., 75 h.p., 100-125 h.p. 200 h.p., a.c., 220/380 voltage, wanted. Box 2804, NCDN. -4952

SILVER fox fur. Must be good condition. Reasonable price. Address Box 2772, NCDN. -4694

SINGER sewing machine. Must be in excellent condition. Apply stating price. Box 2770, NCDN. 11609

WANTED to purchase a second-hand piano. Will pay best price. Apply Telephone 73606. -4725

WANT to buy piano and gramophone. Apply to Mr. M. Hahashi, 387 Woosung Road, Telephone 45654. 11366

GRAMOPHONE records; classical, general. Also sell or exchange reliable 16 mm. Cine camera. Address Box 2776, NCDN. -4898

WANTED to purchase: ammunition for .22 rifle. Address Box 2777, NCDN. 11617

Radios

CROSLEY Corporation, radio service and repair department (formerly Philco and Lincoln Service and Repairs). All makes of radios repaired and serviced under supervision of foreign engineer. Telephone 11414, Gallop & Co., Fed. Inc. USA. 11653

RADIO O.K.? $2 for minor repairs including thorough cleaning balancing, inspecting. Telephone 43383 Chang's Radio Corporation. -4997

ZENITH all-wave Console model, used nine months only, will sacrifice for US$50. Reply Box 2799, NCDN. -4944

FOR expert radio service and efficient antennas, call The Radio Electrical Industries, 145 Route Sayzoong, Telephone 78644. -4454

RELIABLE repairs all make radios, foreign engineers. Latest models Zenith, R.C.A. Victor, stocked. Sam Lazaro Bros. Telephone 19225. 11452

RADIO repairs—every kind—promptly and pleasantly executed. Telephone 13750. American Radio Equipment Co. Oldest, best equipped in Shanghai. 11592

FOR latest world news, hire new 1939 RCA all-wave radio from Radio Corporation of Asia, 361-3 Avenue Foch, Telephone 87777. -4340

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives massage and pedicure from 2-8. 4 Chinhai Road corner Bubbling Well Road, 1st floor, Flat 4. -4980

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 33. Second Floor. 11594

MASSEUR, graduated from University Berlin, specialist in Swedish, sport and medical massage. Visits patient's home by appointment. E. Gruenbaum, 1402 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73134, from 12.30-2.30. -4695

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TRUNK specially for aeroplane voyage; genuine leather, almost new, 50 x 30, for sale. Cheap. Box 2797, NCDN. -4939

BRAND-new Zeiss binoculars 7 x 50, with centre-focusing model Binoctem leather case. Address Box 2798, NCDN. -4940

REMINGTON portable typewriter, little used, new. Selling at one third cost, $280. Address Box 2819, NCDN. -4962

AMERICAN shoes for men, 6,000 pairs liquidation cargo, usually US$8.50 per pair, now $28. Do not miss this opportunity. Hunt & Co., 131 Museum Road, Room 228. -4971

FOR SALE, American dresses from $25. Please telephone 21043 for appointment. 1412/2 Yu Yuen Road, Flat D. -4960

EUROPEAN brand typewriter, portable, new, cheap, for sale. Apply Typewriter, Post Office Box 994. -4994

CORONA Zephyr portable typewriters, weight 9-11 lb. Latest models. Repairing by factory-trained mechanic. Business Machine Co., 9A Central Road, Telephone 14292. -4999

BOSCH refrigerator, 120 liter volume; and saxophone; both not used, moderate price. Box 2825, NCDN. -4992

STUDIO couch, writing-desk, chairs; electric toaster, plate, iron, lamp. Telephone 39158, 1-2 p.m. -4956

KNITTING machine "Person 60/10" and overlock machine "Union", for sale. Apply 818 Tongshan Road, House 17. -4949

LADIES' worn hats, renovating, remodelling, perfectly done. Ladies' new model hats. Imported and by order. Prices very reasonable. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -4954

CANTON blackwood carved curio cabinet with cupboard, 32 x 42. Cost $400. Sell $175. Telephone 35829, 1298 Avenue Road. -4924

FURNITURE for sale, 20 pieces (including one Simmons), 90 per cent new. $450. Telephone 23418, House 34, 37 Brenan Road. -4936

FOR SALE, refrigerator 1937, Westinghouse, 7.2 cubic feet, like new, under guarantee. US$175. Address Box 2802, NCDN. -4950

BEAUTIFUL crystals, cut-glass, attractive porcelain, bronzes, occasionally, for presents. 150/15/2 Tifeng Road. -4683

STOCKINGS: selected new stock in beautiful shades, exceptionally strong. Buy direct at wholesale prices from Room 41, 3rd Floor, Central Arcade. -4911

GREATEST opportunity! Beautiful gifts at bargain prices. Objects of Art, paintings, household articles, etc. 12 Rue Consulat. Apt. 501, Telephone 84207. -4701

FOR sale, complete set of new Linguaphone records for learning of Russian language. Address Box 2048, NCDN. -3606

FOR SALE: brand new upright Robinson piano used four months, US$60. Apply Box 1812, NCDN. 11090

SECONDHAND furniture store. Buying and selling, new and secondhand furniture and household effects, etc. Feiner, 305 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -4740

LACES and linen embroideries, table sets, handkerchiefs, etc. retailing below wholesale price. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11611

Miscellaneous

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 10 cents per square foot. Rugs dyed, repaired, stored. Esso Co., Telephone 12170. -4981

THE costs of magazines are very high! You need not buy them. We circulate British and American magazines at moderate fees. Ask for list The First Shanghai Reading Circle, Magazine-Library. Telephone 14640, 131 Museum Road, Room 423. -4985

Office Cars

OFFICE lift wanted thrice daily, Tifeng/Haig to Peking/Bund. Box 2627, NCDN. -4995

Chinese Servants

FOR reliable and experienced cooks, boys, amahs, etc. consult the International Employment Bureau. 232A Hamilton House. Telephone 10817. -5005

COOK-boy seeks position. English educated. Polite and obedient servant with recent references. Address Box 2795, NCDN. -4934

WANTED house coolie-boy. Write Box 2800, NCDN. -4945

EXCELLENT cook-boy and washamah, honest and hardworking, recommended by English/American families. Address Box 2811, NCDN. -4964

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -4664

EXCELLENT cook-boy, clean, honest, knows English/American cooking, good references. Address Box 2670, NCDN. -4915

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -4640

Dancing

WANTED, lessons in simple ballroom dancing, in exchange for motor-driving lessons, by Englishman. Please reply Box 2831, NCDN. -5008

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -4661

BORIS Goertzo Studio, established 1924, correct ballroom dancing. Terms moderate, 1041 Bubbling Well, through store. -4764

Animals

DOG wanted, Mongolian chow or Dane or big dog. Please address Box 2821, NCDN. or Telephone 22286. -4926

SIAMESE kittens, for sale, fine specimens, $30 each. Address Box 2820, NCDN. -4983

LOST, male spitz dog (white fur), vicinity Avenue Roi Albert/Rue Lafayette. Please telephone 70344. Reward. -4996

LOSS by death, through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 11589

Rooms Without Board

TO LET, furnished room. Brenan Road, Lane 35G, House 4. -5010

NICE two-roomed flat in quiet comfortable house. Private bathroom, veramdah, garage, western district. Telephone 21764. 11649

BIG, furnished room, hot and cold water. Telephone 73341. -4619

ONE room, nice furniture, near Jessfield Park. Bath and steam-heating. Apply Telephone 22143. -4976

VERY attractive furnished room with all modern conveniences to single person. Two rooms available later. In best part of French Concession. Breakfast can be arranged. Telephone 79103 between 9-12 or 3-6. -4928

WELL-furnished room facing south, steamheated, all modern conveniences, for single person. Apply Gresham Apartment 14. 1228 Avenue Joffre. -4760

TO LET in detached house, best part of French Concession, one unfurnished room to single person only. Please apply Box 2539, NCDN. -4834

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 11591

TO LET, big/small rooms, flats, apartments, houses. Available now. 1272 Avenue Joffre. General Commission Agency. -4662

LARGE, furnished/unfurnished room, suitable for one or two bachelors. Bubbling Well. Address Box 2749, NCDN. -4840

Rooms with Board

BRITISH family have double and single rooms, private baths, for quiet couple or bachelors. Full board, western district. Telephone 20025. -4935

YORK House, 31 Rue Massenet. One double room with private bathroom, garden. Moderate rates. Telephone 73015. Mrs. Anderson. -4998

NICE room to let, moderate price. 303/14 Avenue Petain. Bus 22. Telephone 78700. -5004

BEAUTIFUL, south, big room, balcony, all conveniences, full board, French Concession, Telephone 78469. -4811

SMALL room with board for single person only. 7 Route Paul Henry, Apartment 2. -4838

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, beautiful three-roomed flat, partly furnished, near Route Ferguson, US$30 per month. Telephone 26121 between 11.30 a.m. to 12 noon only. -4987

TO LET, rooms, flats, houses, furnished, unfurnished, shops. General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road, 2nd floor. -4603

TO LET, for 6 months, two-roomed furnished flat, bathroom, telephone; pottery and kitchen utensils, refrigerator, etc. Telephone 74109. -4824

Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET, three/four-roomed apartments, each two baths, one kitchen. Rent $250. Best location French Concession. Apply General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road. -4959

TO LET, two rooms, unfurnished, all conveniences. Concession. $300 monthly. Telephone 83245. -4941

VERY attractive three-roomed steam-heated flat, with kitchen, bathroom, garage. Western district. No refugees. Address Box 2809, NCDN. -4962

Unfurnished Houses

WARM, economically heated 6-roomed modern house, garden, garage. Inside Settlement. No refugees. 750/3 Hart Road. -4947

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, Miramer House. British family guesthouse. Open all the year round. Close to sea and beach. 24 Lai Yang Road. Cable: Slater, Tsingtao. 11337

Garages

SINGLE garage with water, light. Immediately. 7 Columbia Road, corner Great Western Road. -4773

Spring-Cleaning Contractors

G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, $85,000, property on Bubbling Well Road. Yearly income, $7,320. No brokers. Telephone 26121 between 11.30 to 12 noon or Box 2822, NCDN. -4988

WANTED, one/two mow land in French Concession or Settlement. Price must be cheap. For cash. From owners. Telephone 46608 at any time. Ask for House Master. -4972

PROPERTY for sale. Western district. Large three-storied residence with all modern conveniences, very large garden, garage, servants' quarters, on four mow of land. Address Box 2818, NCDN. 11647

Offices, Shops, Godowns

DOCTOR'S office to let for few consulting hours. 1167 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 11, Telephone 36790. -4993

SHOP to let for any business. Best locality. Fixtures to be taken over at moderate price. Apply 854 Avenue Foch. -4960

TO LET, two or four large, bright, airy rooms, Kiangse/Hongkong Roads. Apply Post Office Box 325. -4958

SHOW-room for motor-car and/or other firms, to rent in a new building under construction at Rue Cardinal Mercier, between Rue Bourgeat and Avenue Foch. Those interested apply to B. Zelikovsky & Co., 140 Canton Road. 11568

OFFICE space, approximately 2,000 sq. ft., in Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Available about October 15. Apply by letter to Property Department, I. C. I. (China) Ltd., Post Office Box 252. -4645

Wanted to Rent

REQUIRED furnished apartment for bachelor, British. Two rooms, south aspect, kitchen, bathroom. French Concession, Lafayette, Roi Albert district preferred. Address Box 2826, NCDN. 11650

MARRIED couple wants nicely furnished room in French Concession or Settlement. Address Box 2828, NCDN. -5000

WANTED immediately, first-class, fully-furnished flat or small house, by foreign family. Please write Box 2824, NCDN. -4991

LADY, teacher in school, desires north room with bath in good family. 30 Seymour Road, House 10, Room 27. -4942

WANTED by English married couple before October 10 or latest 15, one or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with bathroom. Central or vicinity Race Course. Reply Telephone 46755, 12-2 or 5-7 p.m. -4943

URGENTLY required nice apartment or flat, furnished/unfurnished, Concession/Settlement Address Box 2784, NCDN. 11639

ROOM suitable for dancing-studio, willing to share with someone else, vicinity Bubbling Well wanted. Box 2805, NCDN. -4952

WANTED, one-roomed apartment with bathroom, furnished or unfurnished. Willing to pay key-money. Must be independent. Please reply Box 2692, NCDN. -4736

WANTED, three/four-roomed apartment with kitchen, two bathrooms, steamheated, furnished or unfurnished, central district, willing to pay key-money. Please reply Post Office Box 1123. -4797

BRITISH/American quiet couple require accommodation with board. Private home with garden. French Concession preferred. Address Box 2771, NCDN. -4694

GENTLEMAN requires one-roomed, furnished apartment, private bath and entrance. Address Box 2748, NCDN. -4939

WANTED, urgently, two or three-roomed flat, bath, kitchen. Concession or Settlement. Willing to pay good price for furniture. Post Office Box 696. -4677

WANTED apartment or house by responsible party. Willing take furniture over and pay key-money. Telephone 74850. -4871

"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully by an English newspaper in Kobe **The Japan Chronicle** . . on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers, **The Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—*Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office: 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Classified Advertisement Order Form

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Signature and Address .....
(not for publication)
.....

One insertion per word . . 9 cts.
Three insertions, each, per word 7 cts.
Seven or more " " 6 cts.
Front page " " 15 cts.
Minimum of 16 words each

POSITIONS WANTED *5 cents a word for any number of insertions on back page; front page 10 cents a word. Payable strictly in advance.*

No. of insertions .....
Heading .....
Cash enclosed .....